Hearing Date: July 22, 2016

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### ITEM 3

## INCORRECT REDUCTION CLAIM

## PROPOSED DECISION

Education Code Sections 48209.1, 48209.7, 48209.9, 48209.10, 48209.13, 48209.14 Statutes 1993, Chapter 160 (AB 19); Statutes 1994, Chapter 1262 (AB 2768)

School District of Choice: Transfers and Appeals

Fiscal Year 1997-1998

11-4451-I-05

Chula Vista Elementary School District, Claimant

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Incorrect Reduction Claim (IRC) 11-4451-I-05, filed July 29, 20111
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State Controller's Office (Controller's) Comments on the IRC, filed November 1, 2011
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Draft Proposed Decision, issued March 18, 201676
Exhibit D
Controller's Late Comments on the Draft Proposed Decision, filed May 2, 2016

## SixTen and Associates

### Exhibit A

## **Mandate Reimbursement Services**

**KEITH B. PETERSEN, President** 

P.O. Box 340430

Sacramento, CA 95834-0430 Telephone: (916) 419-7093

Fax: (916) 263-9701

E-Mail: Kbpsixten@aol.com 5252 Balboa Avenue, Suite 900

San Diego, CA 92117

Telephone: (858) 514-8605

Fax: (858) 514-8645

July 25, 2011

Drew Bohan, Executive Director **Commission on State Mandates** 980 Ninth Street, Suite 300 Sacramento, CA 95814

RECEIVED

JUL 2 9 2011

**COMMISSION ON** STATE MANDATES

RE:

Chula Vista Elementary School District

160/93 School District of Choice: Transfers and Appeals

Fiscal Year: 1997-98 **Incorrect Reduction Claim** 

Dear Mr. Bohan:

Enclosed is the original and two copies of the above referenced incorrect reduction claim for Chula Vista Elementary School District.

SixTen and Associates has been appointed by the District as its representative for this matter and all interested parties should direct their inquiries to me, with a copy as follows:

Oscar Esquivel, Assistant Superintendent **Business Services and Support** Chula Vista Elementary School District 84 East J Street Chula Vista, CA 91910-6199

Sincerely,

Keith B. Petersen

C: Oscar Esquivel: Assistant Superintendent

**Business Services and Support** 

#### **COMMISSION ON STATE MANDATES**

#### 1. INCORRECT REDUCTION **CLAIM TITLE**

160/93 and 1262/94 School District of Choice: **Transfers and Appeals** 

#### 2. **CLAIMANT INFORMATION**

Chula Vista Elementary School District

Oscar Esquivel, Assistant Superintendent **Business Services and Support** Chula Vista Elementary School District 84 East J Street

Voice:

Chula Vista, CA 91910-6199 619-425-9600

Fax:

619-427-0463

E-Mail:

oscar.esquivel@cvesd.org

#### **CLAIMANT REPRESENTATIVE** 3. **INFORMATION**

Claimant designates the following person to act as its sole representative in this incorrect reduction claim. All correspondence and communications regarding this claim shall be forwarded to this representative. Any change in representation must be authorized by the claimant in writing, and sent to the Commission on State Mandates.

Keith B. Petersen, President SixTen and Associates P.O. Box 340430 Sacramento, CA 95834-0430

Voice: (916) 419-7093 Fax: (916) 263-9701

E-mail: Kbpsixten@aol.com

#### 4. **IDENTIFICATION OF STATUTES OR EXECUTIVE ORDERS**

Statutes of 1993, Chapter 160 Statutes of 1994, Chapter 1262 **Education Code Section 48209.13** 

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	For CSM Use Only
Filing Date:	RECEIVED
	JUL 2 9 2011
	COMMISSION ON
IRC #:	STATE MANDATES
11-4451-T-	05

#### 5. AMOUNT OF INCORRECT REDUCTION

Amount

Fiscal Year

of Reduction

1997-98

\$25,081

#### 6. NOTICE OF NO INTENT TO CONSOLIDATE

This claim is not being filed with the intent to consolidate on behalf of other claimants.

Sections 7-13 are attached as follows:

7. Written Detailed Narrative	Pages 1	to 14
8. Controller Desk Review Letter	Exhibit	A
9. District Correspondence	Exhibit	В
10. Annual Claim	Exhibit	C
11. Statements of Decision	Exhibit	D
12. Parameters and Guidelines	Exhibit	E
13. Claiming Instructions	Exhibit	F

#### 14. **CLAIM CERTIFICATION**

This claim alleges an incorrect reduction of a reimbursement claim filed with the State Controller's Office pursuant to Government Code section 17561. This incorrect reduction claim is filed pursuant to Government Code section 17551, subdivision (d). I hereby declare, under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California, that the information in this incorrect reduction claim submission is true and complete to the best of my own knowledge or information or belief.

Oscar Esquivel, Assistant Superintendent **Business Services and Support** 

1	Claim Prepared by:	
2	Keith B. Petersen, President	
3	SixTen and Associates	
4	P.O. Box 340430 Sacramento, CA 95834-0430	
5 6	Voice: (916) 419-7093	
7	Fax: (916) 263-9701	
8	E-mail: Kbpsixten@aol.com	
9	BEF	FORE THE
10	COMMISSION	ON STATE MANDATES
11	STATE C	OF CALIFORNIA
12	INCORRECT REDUCTION CLAIM OF:	)
13		) No. CSM
14		)
15	•	Statutes of 1993, Chapter 160
16 17	CULU A VICTA EL EMENTADY	) Education Code Section 48209.13
17 18	CHULA VISTA ELEMENTARY	) Education Code Section 46209.13
19		) School District of Choice: Transfers
20	SCHOOL DISTRICT	) and Appeals
21		)
21 22		Annual Reimbursement Claim:
23	Claimant	)
24		) Fiscal Year 1997-98
25 26		INCORRECT REDUCTION CLAIM FILING
27	PART I. AUTHO	RITY FOR THE CLAIM
28	The Commission on State Manda	tes has the authority pursuant to Government
29	Code Section 17551(d) " to hear and	decide upon a claim by a local agency or
30 /	school district, filed on or after January 1	, 1985, that the Controller has incorrectly
31	reduced payments to the local agency or	school district pursuant to paragraph (2) of
32	subdivision (d) of Section 17561." Chula	Vista Elementary School District (hereafter
33		Government Code Section 17519. Title 2,
	,	
2 /	CCD Section 1195 (a) requires the clair	nant to file an incorrect reduction claim with the

£

# Incorrect Reduction Claim of Chula Vista Elementary School District 160/93 School District of Choice: Transfers and Appeals

#### 1 Commission.

This incorrect reduction claim is timely filed. Title 2, CCR, Section 1185(b), requires incorrect reduction claims to be filed no later than three years following the date of the Controller's "written notice of adjustment notifying the claimant of a reduction." The Controller conducted a desk review of the District's FY 1997-98 annual claim. The District received a "results of review" letter dated April 29, 2009, reducing its claim as a result of the desk review. This letter constitutes a demand for repayment and adjudication of the claim. The letter is attached as Exhibit "A."

#### PART II. SUMMARY OF THE CLAIM

The Controller conducted a "desk review" of the District's annual reimbursement claim for FY 1997-98 for the cost of complying with the legislatively mandated program Chapter 160, Statutes of 1993 and Chapter 1262, Statutes of 1994, School District of Choice: Transfers and Appeals. As a result of the review, the Controller determined that the entire \$25,081 of the claimed costs were unallowable:

15	Fiscal	Amount	Review	SCO	Amount Due <state> District</state>
16	<u>Year</u>	<u>Claimed</u>	Adjustment	Payments	
17	1997-98	\$25,081	\$25,081	\$ 0	\$ 0

The Controller's April 29, 2009, results of review letter does not indicate that any previous payment was made on this annual claim.

### Chronology of the Desk Review Action

The documentation available to the claimant indicates that the State Controller adjudicated the claim for FY 1997-98 as follows:

- 1 1. On or about December 16, 1999, the District submitted its annual reimbursement claim for FY 1997-98 actual costs in the amount of \$25,081. It appears from a date-stamp on the annual claim form FAM-27 that the claim may have been received by the Controller on January 6, 2000. See Exhibit "C."
  - 2. In a letter dated April 29, 2009, the Controller notified the District of its "results of review" of the FY 1997-98 annual claim which eliminated the entire claimed amount of \$25,081 as an "Intradistrict Cost Adjustment" and related "Indirect Costs Overstated." It cannot be ascertained from this letter why the adjustment was made. See Exhibit "A."
    - 3. The District has no record of any remittance advices or payment action notice letters received from the Controller prior to April 29, 2009. The Controller is the custodian of those records and can provide them in their response to this incorrect reduction claim.
    - 4. On behalf of the District, SixTen and Associates sent an e-mail dated May 4, 2009, to Kim Nguyen, State Controller's Office, Division of Accounting and Reporting, requesting an explanation of the reasons for the April 29, 2009, action. On the same date, Ms. Nguyen responded by e-mail stating that the request would need to be made to Dennis Speciale, State Controller's Office, Division of Accounting and Reporting. SixTen and Associates forwarded the May 4, 2009, Nguyen e-mail to Mr. Speciale on the same day. Mr. Speciale responded by e-mail on June 2, 2009, stating that the activity of responding to

1		information requests for interdistrict transfers are "valid costs," but that
2		information requests for intradistrict requests are "not reimbursable." See Exhibit
3		"B."
4	5.	SixTen and Associates sent an e-mail dated December 15, 2009, to Mr. Speciale
5		requesting a copy of the FY 1997-98 annual claim and supporting documents.
6		Mr. Ryan Jeske, State Controller's Office, Division of Accounting and Reporting,
7		responded by e-mail on the same date and indicated the information would be
8		located in archives and sent later by e-mail. See Exhibit "B."
9	6.	A copy of the filed annual claim with the Controller's desk review notations was
10		received from the Controller on December 16, 2009. See Exhibit "C."
11	The [	District has no record of any audit findings or any other explanation of the reasons
12	for th	e adjustment. No information about the adjudication of the FY 1997-98 annual
13	claim	has been received by the District other than that stated in the e-mails referenced
14	above	э.
15		PART III. PREVIOUS INCORRECT REDUCTION CLAIMS
16		The District has not filed any previous incorrect reduction claim for this mandate

The District has not filed any previous incorrect reduction claim for this mandate program. Four other school districts filed incorrect reduction claims in 2004 and 2005 for this program on different subject matter, that of the "contemporaneous source document rule" that later was the subject of the *Clovis* litigation. The incorrect reduction claim of Newport-Mesa Unified School District was withdrawn April 6, 2011, as a result of a revised audit report issued in March 2011, to implement the *Clovis* appellate court

# Incorrect Reduction Claim of Chula Vista Elementary School District 160/93 School District of Choice: Transfers and Appeals

case decision regarding "contemporaneous source documentation" standards. The incorrect reduction claim of Norwalk-La Mirada Unified School District was withdrawn July 7, 2011, for the same reason. The District is not aware of the status of the incorrect reduction claim of Clovis Unified School District. The District is informed and believes that the Controller plans to issue a revised audit report for the Grossmont Union High School District to implement the *Clovis* appellate court case decision regarding "contemporaneous source documentation" standards, which when confirmed by a payment notice, may result in the withdrawal of that incorrect reduction claim.

#### PART IV. BASIS FOR REIMBURSEMENT

#### 1. Mandate Legislation

Chapter 160, Statutes of 1993 added Article 1.5, "Pupil Attendance Alternatives," to Chapter 2, Part 27 of the Education Code (section 48209, et seq.) which established a new program of optional interdistrict attendance based on student choice among participating districts. Chapter 1262, Statutes of 1994, amended Education Code Section 48209.9, adding new subdivision (d), to establish the statutory right of the parent or guardian of a pupil who is prohibited from transferring pursuant to either Education Code section 48209.1, subdivision (b), or section 48209.7 to appeal this decision to the county board of education.

#### 2. <u>Test Claims</u>

On February 23, 1995, the Commission on State Mandates, in test claim CSM 4451, determined that Education Code sections 48209.1, 48209.10, 48209.13 and

- 1 48209.14, as added by Chapter 160, Statutes of 1993, imposed a new program of
- 2 optional interdistrict attendance based on a choice of participating districts. Regarding
- 3 Section 48209.13, the statement of decision states (on pages 7 and 11):

Regarding Education Code section 48209.13, the Commission observed that this section is worded broadly, covering many types of information already required under other statutory provisions. For example, a request for a copy of the annual notification to parents falls within the broad categories set forth in section 48209.13, but such a request includes the same information described under Education Code section 48980. The Commission found the only difference is that section 48290.13 stipulates the information be provided upon request, which implies maintaining a supply of the annual parental notification on hand.

The Commission also found that the requirement to make information available upon request applies to all school districts, not just school districts offering alternative pupil attendance choices.

The Commission found that there is a higher level of service imposed upon school districts to the extent that such requests are specifically related to alternative pupil attendance choices. Further, the Commission recognized that Education Code section 48209.13 does not specify how the information is to be conveyed and, therefore, found that it is a reasonable presumption that this information could be conveyed by phone, in person, or via a mailed request, Lastly, the Commission found that some of the reimbursable costs for this limited mandated activity would be offset or reduced by the amount of fees that may be charged by school districts as authorized under the California Public Records Act (Government Code section 6250 and following).

Further, the Commission concludes that Education Code section 48209.13, as added by Chapter 160/93, imposes a new program or higher level of service in an existing program within the meaning of section 6 of article XIIIB of the California Constitution and Government Code section 17514 by requiring all school districts to make information specifically related to alternative pupil attendance choices available to any interested person upon request. However, this limited mandated activity would not apply to such requests already provided for elsewhere in the law. Further, some of the reimbursable costs for this mandated activity would be offset or reduced by the amount of fees that may be charged by school districts as authorized under the California Public Records Act (Government Code section 6250 and following)."

On March 28, 1996, the Commission on State Mandates, in test claim CSM

1	4476, determined that Education Code section 48209.9 as amended by Chapter 1262					
2	Statutes of 1994 to add new subdivision (d), imposed an increased level of service on					
3	school districts and county offices of education by establishing the statutory right of the					
4	parent or guardian of a pupil who is prohibited from transferring pursuant to either					
5	Education Code section 48209.1, subdivision (b), or section 48209.7 to appeal this					
6	decision to the county board of education. Section 48209.13 was not the subject of this					
7	second test claim and was not modified by the findings of the second test claim.					
8	Copies of the statements of decisions are attached as Exhibit "D."					
9	3. Parameters and Guidelines					
10	The original parameters and guidelines for this test claim were adopted on					
11	August 24, 1995. The original parameters and guidelines (for CSM 4451) were then					
12	amended on July 25, 1996, to include the increased reimbursable activities mandated					
13	by Chapter 1262, Statutes of 1994 (CSM 4476). The parameters and guidelines, as					
14	amended on July 25, 1996, state:					
15	"II. COMMISSION ON STATE MANDATE DECISION					
16 17 18 19	5) Pursuant to section 48209.13, make information specifically related to alternative pupil attendance choices available to any interested person upon request. This limited mandated activity would not apply to such request already provided for elsewhere in the law.					
20	V. REIMBURSABLE COSTS					
21	A) Scope of the Mandate					
22 23 24	<ol> <li>All school districts shall be reimbursed for the costs incurred to make information specifically related to alternative pupil attendance choices available to any interested person upon</li> </ol>					

# Incorrect Reduction Claim of Chula Vista Elementary School District 160/93 School District of Choice: Transfers and Appeals

request. This reimbursement does not apply to such requests already provided for elsewhere in the law. These costs shall be offset to the extent that fees may be charged pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Government Code section 6250 et seq.)."

The parameters and guidelines were amended on May 27, 2004, to terminate reimbursement for this program pursuant to Statutes 2002, Chapter 1032, effective September 27, 2002. A copy of the parameters and guidelines, as amended on July 25, 1996, is attached as Exhibit "E."

#### 4. Claiming Instructions

The Controller has periodically issued or revised claiming instructions for the School District of Choice program. A copy of the March 1997 original claiming instructions, as revised September 1997, is attached as Exhibit "F." The March/September 1997 claiming instructions are believed to be the version extant at the time the claims which are the subject of this incorrect reduction claim were filed. However, since the Controller's claim forms and instructions have not been adopted as regulations, they have no force of law, and, therefore, have no effect on the outcome of this incorrect reduction claim.

#### V. CLAIMANT'S RESPONSE TO THE STATE CONTROLLER

As indicated in the e-mails, the District contacted the Controller to obtain a description of the reason for the adjustment. After receipt of that information, no further action was taken by the District with the Controller since the Controller's position on the subject matter of this incorrect reduction claim has already been stated in the

## Incorrect Reduction Claim of Chula Vista Elementary School District 160/93 School District of Choice: Transfers and Appeals

December 23, 2005, audit report for Grossmont Union High School District for this mandate program, and the Controller's May 1, 2009, response to the still pending incorrect reduction claim (CSM 05-4451-I-03) filed March 20, 2006, by Grossmont Union High School District. These extensive documents are a matter of public record and available to interested parties at the Commission's website. The issue presented by this incorrect reduction claim is also the subject of the Palmdale School District audit of this mandate dated October 6, 2006. Audit reports are a matter of public record and available to interested parties at the Controller's website.

#### PART VI. STATEMENT OF THE ISSUES

#### Information Requests

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The Controller's results of review letter and e-mails assert that the District claimed unallowable costs of \$25,081 (direct employee salaries and benefit costs in the amount of \$23,884 and related indirect costs of \$1,197) for the activity of responding to information requests, which is the entire amount claimed. In the Grossmont Union High School District audit report, the Controller similarly asserted that the Grossmont District improperly claimed staff time spent on information requests for other transfers, that is, interdistrict transfers for parent employment and other reasons (pages 5 and 8):

"Furthermore, when we inquired about how employees spent the estimated time, the district revealed that the estimate included time spent responding to all information requests. Per the district, information requests could relate to both intradistrict and interdistrict transfer requests. Activities associated with responding to intradistrict transfer requests and interdistrict transfer requests based on parent's place of employment (Interdistrict Transfer Requests; Parent's Employment mandate) and other interdistrict transfers (Interdistrict Attendance Permit mandate) are unrelated to this mandated

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program.

Parameters and Guidelines specifically states that costs incurred for requests provided elsewhere in the law are not reimbursable. The Education Code Section 48209.13 contains no express reference to any type of pupil transfer, between either schools or districts. This section, when reviewed in the context of the mandate (Chapter 160, Statutes of 1993, Article 1.5, Pupil Attendance Alternative) implies that pupils be provided with the alternative to transfer to a school district of choice-an interdistrict transfer. Thus, the mandate only provides reimbursement for costs incurred for information request for alternative pupil choices as it relates to the school district of choice."

The Controller states in the Grossmont audit report that since Education Code Section 48209.13 contains no "express" reference to any type of pupil transfer, that the section "reviewed in the context of the mandate" somehow "implies" that the mandate provides only for reimbursement for costs incurred for information requests for alternative pupil choices as it relates to the school district of choice program. The Controller is straining to extract a specific meaning from the statute when no such effort is required. The statement of decision is quite clear: all school districts are required "to make information specifically related to alternative pupil attendance choices available to any interested person upon request."

Education Code 48209.13, as added by Chapter 160/93, states: "Each school district shall make information regarding its schools, programs, policies, and procedures available to any interested person upon request." By contrast, Education Code section 48209.15 as added by Chapter 160/93, states at subdivision (a) that: " It is the intent of the Legislature that every parent in this state be informed of their opportunity for currently existing choice options under this article regardless of ethnicity, primary

## Incorrect Reduction Claim of Chula Vista Elementary School District 160/93 School District of Choice: Transfers and Appeals

language, or literacy." Note that the clear language of Section 48209.15 limits its scope to the program created by Chapter 160/93, but the clear language of Section 48209.13 includes all types of information without regard to the scope of Chapter 160/93. Thus, there is no need for the Controller to extract an artificial implication. The statute is clear: the scope of the activity applies to "information regarding its schools, programs, policies, and procedures available to any interested person upon request."

The parameters and guidelines have included, as a reimbursable activity, the cost of responding to information requests for all alternative attendance choices available. The scope of this mandate is to respond to all alternative attendance choices, not just school district of choice, unless responding to the request was otherwise provided for by law. In order for the Controller to exclude the cost of responding to any particular type of alternative attendance transfer because it is provided for reimbursement elsewhere, the Controller would have to demonstrate the type and amount of those costs. The Controller has not done so.

#### **Statute of Limitations for Audit**

This issue is not a finding of the Controller. The District asserts that the FY 1997-98 annual claim was beyond the statute of limitations for an audit when the Controller issued its results of the review letter on April 29, 2009.

#### **Chronology of Claim Action Dates**

January 6, 2000 FY 1997-98 annual claim received by the Controller

December 31, 2002 FY 1997-98 statute of limitations for audit expires

1	April 29, 2009 Results of Review Letter issued
2	Prior to January 1, 1994, no statute specifically governed the statute of
3	limitations for audits of mandate reimbursement claims. Statutes of 1993, Chapter 906
4	Section 2, operative January 1, 1994, added Government Code Section 17558.5 to
5	establish for the first time a specific statute of limitations for audit of mandate
6	reimbursement claims:
7 8 9 10 11	"(a) A reimbursement claim for actual costs filed by a local agency or school district pursuant to this chapter is subject to audit by the Controller no later than four years after the end of the calendar year in which the reimbursement claim is filed or last amended. However, if no funds are appropriated for the program for the fiscal year for which the claim is made, the time for the Controller to initiate an audit shall commence to run from the date of initial payment of the claim."
13	Thus, there are two standards. A funded claim is "subject to audit" for four years after
14	the end of the calendar year in which the claim was filed. An "unfunded" claim must
15	have its audit "initiated" within four years of first payment. Statutes of 1995, Chapter
16	945, Section 13, operative July 1, 1996, repealed and replaced Section 17558.5,
17	changing only the period of limitations:
18 19 20 21 22 23 24	"(a) A reimbursement claim for actual costs filed by a local agency or school district pursuant to this chapter is subject to audit by the Controller no later than two years after the end of the calendar year in which the reimbursement claim is filed or last amended. However, if no funds are appropriated for the program for the fiscal year for which the claim is made, the time for the Controller to initiate an audit shall commence to run from the date of initial payment of the claim."
25	The FY 1997-98 annual claim is subject to the two-year statute of limitations
26	established by Chapter 945, Statutes of 1995. Since funds were appropriated for the

program for the fiscal year which are the subject of the audit, the alternative

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measurement date is not applicable, and the potential factual issue of when the audit is initiated is not relevant. Therefore, the audit adjustments are barred by the statute of limitations and the FY 1997-98 claim was no longer subject to audit adjustment when the desk review letter was issued.

#### PART VII. RELIEF REQUESTED

The District filed its annual reimbursement claims within the time limits prescribed by the Government Code. The amounts claimed by the District for reimbursement of the costs of implementing the program imposed by Chapter 160, Statutes of 1993, Chapter 1262, Statutes of 1994, School District of Choice: Transfer and Appeals, represent the actual costs incurred by the District to carry out this program. These costs were properly claimed pursuant to the Commission's parameters and guidelines. Reimbursement of these costs is required under Article XIIIB, Section 6 of the California Constitution. The Controller denied reimbursement without any basis in law or fact. The District has met its burden of going forward on this claim by complying with the requirements of Section 1185, Title 2, California Code of Regulations. Because the Controller has enforced and is seeking to enforce these adjustments without benefit of statute or regulation, the burden of proof is now upon the Controller to establish a legal basis for its actions. The District requests that the Commission make findings of fact and law on each and every adjustment made by the Controller and each and every procedural and jurisdictional issue raised in this claim, and order the Controller to correct its audit report findings therefrom.

PART VIII. CERTIFICATION 1 By my signature below, I hereby declare, under penalty of perjury under the laws 2 of the State of California, that the information in this incorrect reduction claim 3 submission is true and complete to the best of my own knowledge or information or 4 belief, and that the attached documents are true and correct copies of documents 5 received from or sent by the state agency which originated the document. 6 Executed on July 19, 2011, at Chula Vista, California, by 7 8 Oscar Esquivel. Assistant Superintendent 9 **Business Services and Support** 10 Chula Vista Elementary School District 11 84 East J Street 12 Chula Vista, CA 91910-6199 13 619-425-9600 14 Voice: 15 Fax: 619-427-0463 16 E-Mail: oscar.esquivel@cvesd.org 17 APPOINTMENT OF REPRESENTATIVE Chula Vista Elementary School District appoints Keith B. Petersen, SixTen and 18 Associates, as its representative for this incorrect reduction claim. 19 20 Oscar Esquivel Assistant Superintendent 21 22 **Business Services and Support** Chula Vista Elementary School District 23 24 Attachments: 25 Exhibit "A" Controller's "results of review letter" dated April 29, 2011 Desk Review e-mail correspondence Exhibit "B" 26 FY 1997098 Annual Reimbursement Claim (Controllers' copy) 27 Exhibit "C" CSM-4451 Commission Statement of Decision 28 Exhibit "D" CSM-4476 Commission Proposed Statement of Decision £29 F Parameters and Guidelines, July 25, 1996 30 Exhibit "E" 31 Exhibit "F" Controller's claiming instructions, March/September 1997



JOHN CHIANG 837035

California State Cuntroller

Dikision of Accounting and Reporting

APRIL 29, 2009

BD OF TRUSTEES CHULA VISTA ELEMENTARY SD SAN DIEGO COUNTY 84 EAST J STREET CHULA VISTA CA 91910-6199

## RECEIVED

MAY 0 4 2009

CHULA VISTA ELEM SOH DIST ACCOUNTING DEFT

DEAR CLAIMANT:

RE: SCH DIST CHOICE CH1262/94

WE HAVE REVIEWED YOUR 1997/1998 FISCAL YEAR REIMBURSEMENT CLAIM FOR THE MANDATED COST PROGRAM REFERENCED ABOVE. THE RESULTS OF OUR REVIEW ARE AS FOLLOWS:

AMOUNT CLAIMED

25,081.00

ADJUSTMENT TO CLAIM:

INDIRECT COSTS OVERSTATED

1,197.00

INTRADISTRICT COST ADJUSTMENT

23,884.00

TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS

25,081.00

AMOUNT DUE CLAIMANT

0.00

IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS, PLEASE CONTACT KIM NOUYEN AT (916) 324-7876 OR IN WRITING AT THE STATE CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, DIVISION OF ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING, P.O. BOX 942850, SACRAMENTO, CA 94250-5875.

SINCERELY,

CINNY BRUMMELS, MANAGER

£

Subj:

Fwd: Chula Vista Elementary SD S37035

Date:

6/2/2009 1:50:40 P.M. Pacific Daylight Time

From: To: Bpbsixten Dibsixten

Diane.

Info received regarding CVE.

Bob

----Original Message---From: DSpeciale@sco.ca.gov
To: Bpbsixten@aol.com

Cc: knguyen@sco.ca.gov; gibrummels@sco.ca.gov

Sent: Tue, 2 Jun 2009 11:48 am

Subject: RE: Chuia Vista Elementary SD S37035

Hey Bob,

Hope things are going good. I will do the best I can to explain the adjustment below.

Referencing:

Chula Vista Elementary (S37035)

Program 156, School District of Choice Chapter 1262/94

Fiscal Year: 1997/1998

An adjustment was made, "Intradistrict Cost Adjustment" for \$23,884.00. This adjustment was made specifically for cost items dealing with Information Request. The adjustments criteria are has follows:

- 1) If a group of cost fall under the description of providing "...information request..." relating to "..interdistrict district transfer.." then no adjustments are made to these costs. These are valid costs as they relate to providing interdistrict information requests.
- 2) If a group of cost falls under the description of providing "...information requests..." relating to "...intradistrict.." or "...within the school district..", then we will need to remove these cost. Intradistrict-related cost are not reimbursable.

I hope this clears things up for you and the Chula Vista Elementary SD.

And yes, I am still working on the E-Claiming system, thanks for asking. I don't think I will ever be completely done. Programs are added, suspended or modified annually. You take it easy Bob.

Regards,

Dennis Speciale Accounting Administrator I (Specialist) State Controller Office Local Reimbursements Section (916) 324-0254

From: Bpbsixten@aol.com [mailto:Bpbsixten@aol.com]

**Sent:** Monday, May 04, 2009 01:14 PM

To: Speciale, Dennis

Cc: Djbsixten@aol.com; Nguyen, Kim D.

Subject: Fwd: Chula Vista Elementary SD 537035

Dennis,

I am forwarding this to you per Kim Nguyen, can you assist me with an explanation?

Thanks, are you still working on the on-line claim filing system or is that complete?

Bob Berg EA SixTen and Associates 858-514-8605 Voice 858-514-8645 Fax

From: knguyen@sco.ca.gov To: bpbsixten@aol.com

Sent: 5/4/2009 1:09:57 P.M. Pacific Daylight Time Subj: RE: Chula Vista Elementary SD S37035

Hi Bob,

This claim adjustment of the SD made by Dennis Speciale, one of our co-workers, his work phone number is (916) 324-0254. He is off today, call him for assistance tomorrow. Thanks.

**From:** bpbsixten@aol.com [mailto:bpbsixten@aol.com]

Sent: Monday, May 04, 2009 12:45 PM

**To:** Nguyen, Kim D. **Cc:** Djbsixten@aol.com

Subject: Chula Vista Elementary SD S37035

Kim,

Chula Vista Elementary (S37035) received an advisory dated April 29, 2009 regarding their Mandate Claim for Program 156, School District of Choice Chapter 1262/94 for fiscal year 1997/1998.

The advisory states "Intradistrict Cost Adjustment" of 23,884.00.

The district has requested that we query the state regarding this adjustment and ask for an explanation.

As you are listed as the "contact person" on this advisory, would you please provide us with an explanation of the adjustment?

Thank you,

Robert "Bob" Berg EA SixTen and Associates 858-514-8605 858-514-8645 (Fax)

A Great Credit Score is 750 or Higher. See Your 3 CREDIT SCORES FREE - Online!

2009 3 Free CREDIT SCORES: See Your 3 Credit Scores from All 3 Bureaus FREE!

A Good Credit Score is 700 or Above. See yours in just 2 easy steps!

Subj:

RE: Chula Vista Elem SD S37035

Date:

12/15/2009 1:46:07 P.M. Pacific Standard Time

From:

RJeske@sco.ca.gov Bpbsixten@aol.com

To: CC:

DSpeciale@sco.ca.gov

Sir,

The records you requested are not currently on hand at our current location. Those older documents are at an offsite location and I placed the order from archives, and I will get that document scanned and forwarded to you as soon as I am able to. If the document is to large, I will contact you to figure out other arrangements.

Thank you,

#### Ryan F. Jeske

State Controller's Office Division of Accounting & Reporting P.O. Box 942850 Sacramento, CA 94250 (916) 323-2363, Fax (916)323-6527

From: Speciale, Dennis

Sent: Tuesday, December 15, 2009 01:33 PM

To: Jeske, Ryan

Subject: FW: Chula Vista Elem SD S37035

Rvan Jeske.

Mr. Berg, from SixTen and Associates, has requested getting copies of a claim and supporting documents for Program 156 "School District of Choice" for F/Y 1997-98. You will probably have to order these from archive. Please let me know how long will take to retrieve these. Thanks.

From: Bpbsixten@aol.com [mailto:Bpbsixten@aol.com]

Sent: Tuesday, December 15, 2009 09:33 AM

**To:** Speciale, Dennis **Cc:** Djbsixten@aol.com

Subject: Chula Vista Elem SD S37035

Dennis,

Chula Vista Elem SD is a current client of ours and has asked for our assistance in obtaining a copy of their mandated cost claim for School District of Choice for F/Y 1997/1998 (Program 156). Would it be possible for you to provide us a copy of this claim plus all supporting documentation that has been submitted to date? Our phone and fax number are listed below.

Thank you for your time.

Robert P. Berg SixTen and Associates www.sixtenandassociates.com 858-514-8605 Voice 858-514-8645 Fax

Pursu		$\mathbf{T}$		
	ant to Government Code	Section 17561	(19) Program Number 00156	JAN B 6 2000
sc	HOOL DISTRICT OF	CHOICE:	(20) Date File	<del>0 g <u>1 1</u>998</del> —
<u></u>	TRANSFERS AND APP	PEALS	(21) LRS Input	/
(01) Claimant Identi \$37035	fication Number:		Reimbursement Claim Data	94
(02) Mailing Addres	s .		(22) <sub>SDC-1</sub> , (03)(a)	0.
Claimant Nan			(23)SDC-1, (03)(b)	0
	CHULA VISTA ELEMENTARY SD  County Of Location			0
SAN DIEGO	•	·	(24)SDC-1, (03)(c)	
Street Address 84 EAST J S			(25)SDC-1, (03)(d)	0
City CHULA VISTA	Stot CA	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(26)SDC-1, (04)(1)(d)	23,884
Type of Claim	Estimated Claim	Reimbursement Claim	(27)SDC-1, (04)(2)(d)	. 0
	(03) Estimated	(09) Rembursement X	(28)SDC-1, (04)(3)(d)	0
	(04) Combined	(10) Combined	(29)SDC-1, (04)(4)(d)	0
	(05) Amended	(11) Amended	(30)SDC-1, (04)(5)(d)	0
Fiscal Year of Cost	(06)/	(12) 1997 , 1998	, <sup>(31)</sup> SDC-1, (06)	(// 6
Total Claimed Amount	(07)	(13) \$ 25,081	(32)	10
Less: 10% Late : exceed \$1000	Penalty, not to	(14) \$ 01,000	(33)	JIN 11
Less: Estimated	Claim Payment Received	(15) (25081)	(34) adjustnent	
Net Claimed Amo	ount	(16) \$ 0 24 091	(35)	
Due From State	(08)	(17) \$ 0 24 081	(36)	
Due to State	9 (中国 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	(18)	(37)	

Signature of Authorized Representative ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT BUSINESS SERVICES LOWELL BILLINGS, Ed.D. Type or Print Name (39) Name of Contact Person For Claim Telephone Number Steve Smith, Mandated Cost Systems 916-487-4435 Ext.

Form FAM-27(New 3/97)

Chapters 160/93 and 1262/94

	CLAIM I PAYM	ENT				
	Pursuant to Government Co	de Section 17561	(19) Program Number 00156	<b>275 € 78</b> A 2000		
	SCHOOL DISTRICT O	F CHOICE:	(20) Date File			
	TRANSFERS AND A	APPEALS	(21) LRS Input	_'		
7.	(01) Claimant Identification Number; \$37035		Reimbursement Claim Data			
L A B	(02) Mailing Address		(22)SDC-1, (03)(a)	. 0		
. E L	Chula Vista Elementary SD		(23)SDC-1, (03)(b)	0		
н	SAN DIEGO		(24)SDC-1, (03)(c)	o		
E R	Street Address of P.O. Box 84 EAST J STREET	<i>p</i>	(25)SDC-1, (03)(d)	0		
E	•	State Zip Code CA 91910	(26)SDC-1, (04)(1)(d)	23,884		
	Type of Claim Estimated Claim	Reimbursement Claim	(27)SDC-1, (04)(2)(d)	0		
	(03) Estimated	(09) Reimbursement X	(28)SDC-1, (04)(3)(d)	0		
	(04) Combined	(10) Combined	(29)SDC-1, (04)(4)(d)	0		
	(05) Amended	(11) Amended	(30)SDC-1, (04)(5)(d)	0		
	Fiscal Year of (06) Cost/	//	(31)SDC-1, (06)	. 6		
	Total Claimed (07) Amount	\$ 25,081	(32)			
	Less: 10% Late Penalty, not to exceed \$1000	(14) \$ 1,000	(33)			
	Less: Estimated Claim Payment Receiv		(34)			
	Net Claimed Amount	(16) \$ 24,081	(35)			
	Due From State (08)	(17) \$ 24,081	(36)			
	Due to State	(18)	(37)			
	(38) CERTIFICATION OF CLAIM In accordance with the provisions of Governm claims with the State of California for costs m certify under penalty of perjury that I have not	andated by Chapter 160, Statut	es of 1993 and Chapter 1262, S	itatutes of 1994, and		
	i further certify that there was no application of costs claimed herein; and such costs are for a Chapter 160, Statutes of 1993 and Chapter 126	new program or increased lev				
	The amounts for Estimated Claim and/or Rein actual costs for the mandated program of Chastatements.					
	Signature of Authorized Representative	. •	Date 12-18-99			
Ó	LOWELL BILLINGS, Ed.D.	. ASSIS	TANT SUPERINTENDENT BUSI	INESS SERVICES		
	Type or Print Name	Tide				
	(39) Name of Contact Person For Claim Steve Smith, Mandated Cost		phone Nümber 916-487-4435	Ext.		
	Form FAM-27(New 3/97)		Cha	apters 160/93 and 1262/94		



MANDATED COSTS				FORM	
SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CHOICE: TRANSFERS AND APPEALS					
CLAIM SUMMARY					
(01) Claimant:	(02) Type	of Claim:		Fiscal Year:	
837035 Reimbursement 🔀					
CHULA VISTA ELEMENTARY SD	Estir	mated	<u> 19</u>	97 / 1998	
Claim Statistics		,			
(03) (a) Number of requests for "choice" transfers	out of the district of	residence		0	
(b) Number of "choice" transfers out of the dis	trict of residence gra	anted		0	
(c) Number of requests for "choice" transfers i	nto the district of ch	oice		0	
(d) Number of "choice" transfers into the distri	ct of choice that we	re granted		0	
(e) Number of "choice" transfer appeals filed,	when denied by the	district of reside	nce	0	
Direct Costs	'	Object	Accounts		
(04) Reimbursable Components	(a) Salaries and Benefits	(b) Materials and Supplies	(c) Contracted Services	(d) Total	
1. Information Requests	23,884	0	. 0	O 23,884	
2. Implementing Pupil Transfers	0	0	0	0	
3. Data Collection and Reporting	0	. 0	0	0	
4. Court-ordered Desegregation Plans	0	0	. 0	0	
5. Appeals Process	0	0	0	0	
(05) Total Direct Costs	23,884	0	0	0 22,884	
Indirect Costs	,	98	35 < 236	384>	
(06) Indirect Cost Rate	•	80 or J-580]		5.01 %	
(07) Total Indirect Costs	[Line (06) x {line	(05)(d) = line (05)	2/1975	0 1187	
(08) Total Direct and Indirect Costs: [Line (05)(d) + line (07)]					
Cost Reduction					
(09) Less: Offsetting Savings, if applicable					
(10) Less: Other Reimbursements, if applicable					
(11) Total Claimed Amount	[Line (08)	- {Line (09) + Li	ne (10)}]	0_25,081	
Chapters 160/93 and 1262/94					

# MANDATED COSTS SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CHOICE: TRANSFERS AND APPEALS COMPONENT / ACTIVITY COST DETAIL

COMPONENT / ACTIVITY	COST DE	TAIL			
(01) Claimant CHULA VISTA ELEMENTARY SD		(02) Fiscal 1997 -	Year costs v 1998	were incurr	ed
(03) Reimbursable Component: Check only one box per	form to identif	y the compo	nent being o	claimed.	
X Information Requests	Co.	urt-ordered [	Desegregation	on Plans	
Implementing Pupil Transfers	Арг	peal Process	;		
Data Collection and Reporting	•				
(04) Description of Expenses: Complete columns (a) thro	ough (f).		ОЬ	ject Accou	ınts
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	<b>(f)</b>
Employee Names, Job Classifications, Functions Performed and Description of Expenses	Hourly Rate or Unit Cost	Hours Worked or Quantity	Salaries and Benefits	Materials and Supplies	Contracted Services
COSTS OF RESPONDING TO INFORMATION					
REQUESTS (BOTH ORALLY AND PROVIDING WRITTEN MATERIAL) REGARDING SCHOOLS WITHIN THE DISTRICT. THESE REQUESTS ARE FROM PARENTS WHO ARE CONSIDERING WHETHER TO	-				
REQUEST A SCHOOL (OTHER THAN THEIR SCHOOL OF RESIDENCE) UNDER THE ALTERNATIVE		,		·	
ATTENDANCE OPTIONS OF OPEN ENROLLMENT,					
INTRA-DISTRICT TRANSFER OR INTERDISTRICT TRANSFER.					
ACEVES, E/PRINCIPAL	58,70	13.58	797		
ALVARADO, L/PRINCIPAL	56,45	:	504		
ARAGON, S/SCHOOL SECRETARY	24.83	14.42	358		
ARAKI, S/SCHOOL SECRETARY	22.60	2.08	47		,
BAXTER, N/SCHOOL SECRETARY	20.55	1.92	39		
BJORNSTAD, G/PRINCIPAL	58.13	5.92	344		
BOURKE, D/SCHOOL SECRETARY	20.76	/4.33	90		
BOYLE, C/SCHOOL SECRETARY	23.32	6.25	146		
BYRNE, D/SCHOOL SECRETARY	15.96	5.17	83	•	
CACHO, M/SPECIALIST	21.85	13.33	291		
CASAS, L/SCHOOL SECRETARY	20.62	13.33	. 275		
CASTANEDA, R/PRINCIPAL	54.98	8.33	458		
COLLINS, W/PRINCIPAL	66.08	11.92	788	-	
COSTA, G/SCHOOL SECRETARY	21.15	5.58	118		
COX, C/ADMINISTRATOR	62.14	18.92	1176		
DIMAPILIS, C/SCHOOL SECRETARY	23.53	1.75	41		
	of 4		5555		
Chanters 160/03 and 1262/0/					Now 3/97

# MANDATED COSTS SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CHOICE: TRANSFERS AND APPEALS COMPONENT / ACTIVITY COST DETAIL

COMPONENT / ACTIVITY COST DETAIL					SDC-2
THE TAXABLE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR		(02) Fiscal 1997 - 1	Year costs were incurred		
(03) Reimbursable Component: Check only one box per fo	orm to identif	y the compo	nent being o	claimed.	
X Information Requests Court-ordered Desegregation Plans				į	
Implementing Pupil Transfers Appeal Process					
Data Collection and Reporting					
(04) Description of Expenses: Complete columns (a) through (f).			Object Accounts		
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
Employee Names, Job Classifications, Functions Performed and	or	Hours Worked	Salaries and Benefits	Materials and Supplies	Contracted Services
Description of Expenses	Unit Cost	Quantity			
DOMINGUEZ, S/SCHOOL SECRETARY	18.53	12.92	239		
DONNDELINGER, G/PRINCIPAL  EDPOZA A/SCHOOL SECRETARY	52.89 21.83	5.08 9.92	269		
EDROZA, A/SCHOOL SECRETARY  ELLIOTT, F/PRINCIPAL	55,88	11.50	217 643		ŀ
ERNST, C/PRINCIPAL	54.79	12.67	694		
FREEMAN, R/SCHOOL SECRETARY	21.66	1.92	42		
GONZALES, A/PRINCIPAL	56.11	14.67	823		
GONZALEZ-SADLER, T/PRINCIPAL	56,46	1.75	. 99		
GRIGSBY, M/PRINCIPAL	59.67	7.83	467		
GUGERTY, J/PRINCIPAL	55,43	13.00	721		
HALL, W/PRINCIPAL	56.22	12.00	675		Ng.
HARDER, J/PRINCIPAL	56.90	6.00	341		
HASTINGS, C/CLERK	24.69	25.92	640		
HUMPHREY, M/PRINCIPAL	46.70	11.42	533		
HUNTINGTON, F/PRINCIPAL	56.05	1.92	108		
JANUARY, J/PRINCIPAL	58.47	17.00	994		
LALOR, C/SCHOOL SECRETARY	21.98	13.17	289		
LARA, M/SCHOOL SECRETARY	23.13	5.92	137		
LOUCH, M/SCHOOL SECRETARY	22.58	5.92	134		
MADISON, V/PRINCIPAL	56.90	6.17	351		
MAHLER, S/PRINCIPAL	54.76	1.75	96	1	
MANRIQUEZ, H/PRINCIPAL	46.12	11.17	515		
MARQUEZ, T/SCHOOL SECRETARY	21.19	2.08	44		
MATZ, P/PRINCIPAL	54.55	11.17	609		
MCGRATH, B/PRINCIPAL	58.19 18.69	4.92 7.75	286 145		
MESSERSMITH, S/SCHOOL SECRETARY	18.69	7.75	T#2	ļ	
(05) Total Subtotal T Page: 2 of	4		15666		Now 3/97

# MANDATED COSTS SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CHOICE: TRANSFERS AND APPEALS COMPONENT / ACTIVITY COST DETAIL

COMPONENT / ACTIVITY COST DETAIL					SDC-2	
(01) Claimant CHULA VISTA ELEMENTARY SD	(02) Fiscal Year costs were in 1997 - 1998				ncurred	
(03) Reimbursable Component: Check only one box per	form to identif	y the compo	nent being o	claimed.		
X Information Requests	Co	urt-ordered E	)esegregatio	on Plans		
Implementing Pupil Transfers	App	peal Process				
Data Collection and Reporting						
(04) Description of Expenses: Complete columns (a) through (f).			Ob	Object Accounts		
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	<b>(f)</b>	
Employee Names, Job Classifications, Functions Performed and	Hourly Rate	Hours Worked	Salaries and Benefits	Materials and Supplies	Contracted Services	
Description of Expenses	Unit Cost	Quantity	Bonomb			
NELSON, B/PRINCIPAL	54.38	7.42	404		: -	
NELSON, J/PRINCIPAL	59.24	5.42	321			
NEWTON, B/SCHOOL SECRETARY	23.55	1.92	45			
PADILLA, C/PRINCIPAL	54.90	2.08	114			
PIERCE, T/SCHOOL SECRETARY	22.99	12.25	282	•		
PRALL, M/PRINCIPAL	52.83	10.00	528		i	
QUINONES, D/SCHOOL SECRETARY	20.01	5.50	110			
RAMIREZ, J/PRINCIPAL	39.23	6.67	262			
REGALADO, C/SCHOOL SECRETARY	20.84	1.92	40	ĺ		
REILLY, E/SCHOOL SECRETARY	24.40	13.25	323			
RODRIGUEZ, C/PRINCIPAL	55.43	17.25	956			
ROTH, P/PRINCIPAL	53.70	11.83	635			
SAUNDERS, R/SCHOOL SECRETARY	22.21	6.00	133			
SMITH, C/PRINCIPAL	54.79	8.00	438			
SMITH, S/SCHOOL SECRETARY	.22.29	1.92	43			
SPICER, L/SCHOOL SECRETARY	20.70	5.58	116			
SWIFT, C/SCHOOL SECRETARY	20.70	7.75	160			
TAGLE, L/PRINCIPAL	62.15	7.75	482			
VAN ZANT, S/PRINCIPAL	56.22	5.92	333			
WALKENHORST, LISCHOOL SECRETARY	23.03	6.92	159			
WILLADSEN, S/PRINCIPAL	50.12	6.67	334			
ZAVALA, M/SCHOOL SECRETARY	21.44	1.75	38			
COSTS OF RESPONDING TO REQUESTS FOR						
INFORMATION REGARDING ALTERNATIVE PROGRAMS						
AVAILABLE WITHIN THE SCHOOL DISTRICT (I.E.	1	ĺ				
INDEPENDENT STUDY, HOME STUDY ETC.)						
(05) Total Subtotal X Page: 3	of 4		21922			
Chapters 160/93 and 1262/94					New 3/97	

#### **State Controller's Office**

# MANDATED COSTS SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CHOICE: TRANSFERS AND APPEALS COMPONENT / ACTIVITY COST DETAIL

COMPONENT / ACTIVITY COST DETAIL					SDC-2	
(01) Claimant CHULA VISTA ELEMENTARY SD (02) Fiscal Year costs were 1997-1998			were incurre	ed .		
(03) Reimbursable Component: Check only one box per fo	orm to identif	y the compo	nent being o	claimed.		
X Information Requests	Cou	urt-ordered D	Desegregation	on Plans		
Implementing Pupil Transfers	App	peal Process				
Data Collection and Reporting						
(04) Description of Expenses: Complete columns (a) thro	ugh (f).		Ob	ject Accou	nts	
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	
Employee Names, Job Classifications, Functions Performed and Description of Expenses	Hourly Rate or Unit Cost	Hours Worked or Quantity	Salaries and Benefits	Materials and Supplies	Contracted Services	
COX, C/ADMINISTRATOR	62.14	14.42	896			
HASTINGS, C/CLERK	24.69	12.25	302			
COSTS OF PROVIDING INFORMATION TO PARENTS						
ON THE POLICY AND PROCEDURE TO MAKE A						
REQUEST FOR ALTERNATIVE ATTENDANCE WITHIN						
THE DISTRICT.	62.14	9.92	616			
COX, C/ADMINISTRATOR  HASTINGS, C/CLERK	24.69	6.00	148			
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				-		
(05) Total X Subtotal Page: 4	of 4	l <u></u>	23884	. i		

1	COMMISSION ON STATE MANDATES			
2	STATE OF CALIFORNIA			
3				
4	) Application by: ) No. CSM-4451			
5	) Education Code San Diego Unifed ) Sections 48209.1			
6	School District, ) 48209.2, 48209.7 ) 48209.10, 48209.13,			
7	) 48209.14, and 48209.15 ) Chapter 160, Statutes of 1993			
8	) Claimant ) School District of Choice			
9	)			
10 11				
12	DECISION			
13				
14	The attached Proposed Statement of Decision of the Commission on			
15	State Mandates is hereby adopted by the Commission on State			
16	Mandates as its decision in the above-entitled matter.			
17				
18	This Decision shall become effective on February 23, 1995.			
19	IT IS so ORDERED February 23, 1995.			
20	Sheller Plates			
21	Shelley Mateo, Interim Executive Director Commission on State Mandates			
22				
23				
24	G:\SOD\FACESHET.22			
25				
26				
27				
28				

F

i	BEFORE THE COMMISSION ON STATE MANDATES		
2	STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
3	)		
4	) No. CSM-445 1 Claim of: ) Education Code		
5	) Sections 48209.1, San Diego Unified ) 48209.2, 48209.7,		
6	School District, ) 48209.10, 48209.13, ) 48209.14, and 48209.15		
7	Chapter 160, Statutes of 1993		
8	Claimant ) School District of Choice		
9 10			
11	PROPOSED STATEMENT OF DECISION		
12	This claim was heard by the Commission on State Mandates (Commission) on February 23,		
13	1995, in Sacramento, California, during a regularly scheduled hearing.		
14			
15	Mr. Keith Petersen appeared on behalf of the San Diego Unified School District, Ms. Carol		
16	Berg appeared on behalf of the Education Mandated Cost Network, and Mr. James Apps		
17	appeared on behalf of the Department of Finance. Evidence both oral and documentary having		
18	been introduced, the matter submitted, and vote taken, the Commission finds:		
19			
20	<u>ISSUE</u>		
21	Do the provisions of Education Code sections 48209.1, 48209.2, 48209.7, 48209.10,		
22	48209.13, 48209.14, and 48209.15, as added by Chapter 160, Statutes of 1993 (Chapter		
23	160/93), require school districts to implement a new program or provide a higher level of		
24	service in an existing program, within the meaning of section 6 of article XIIIB of the		
25	California Constitution and Government Code section 175 14?		
26			
27			
28			

#### BACKGROUND AND FINDINGS OF FACT 1 2 The test claim was filed with the Commission on February 22, 1994, by the San Diego Unified School District. 3 4 5 The elements for filing a test claim, as specified in section 1183 of Title 2 of the California Code of Regulations, were satisfied. 6 7 Chapter 160/93 added Education Code sections 48209.1, 48209.2, 48209.7, 48209.10, 8 9 48209.13, 48209.14, and 48209.15 as follows: 10 48209.1: 11 "(a) The governing board of any school district may accept interdistrict transfers. No school district that receives an application for attendance under this article is required to admit pupils to its schools. If, however, the 12 governing board elects to accept transfers as authorized uncler this article, it shall, by resolution, elect to accept transfer pupils, determine and adopt the number of transfers it is willing to accept under this article, and ensure 13 that pupils admitted uncler the policy are selected through a random, unbiased process that prohibits an evaluation of whether or not the pupil should be enrolled based upon his or her academic or athletic performance. Any 14 pupil accepted for transfer shall be deemed to have fulfilled the requirements of Section 48204. "(b) Either the pupil's school district of residence or the school district of choice may prohibit the transfer of a 15 pupil uncler this article or limit the number of pupils so transferred if the governing board of the district determines that the transfer would negatively impact any of the following: 16 17 "(1) The court-ordered desegregation plan of the district. "(2) The voluntary desegregation plan of the clistrict that meets the criteria of Section 42249. 18 "(3) The racial and ethnic balance of the district." 19 48209.2: 20 "School districts are encouraged to hold informational hearings during the spring semester of 1994 on the current educational program the clistrict is offering so that parents may provide input to the clistrict on methods to 21 improve the current program and so that parents may make informed decisions regarding their children's education. " 22 48209.7: 23 "(a) A school district of residence with average daily attendance greater than 50,000 may limit the number of 24 pupils transferring out each year to 1 percent of its current year estimated average daily attendance. 25 "(b) A school district of residence with average daily attendance less than 50,000 may limit the number of pupils transferring out to 3 percent of its current year estimated average daily attendance and may limit the maximum number of pupils transferring out for the duration of the program authorized by this article to 10 percent of the 26 average daily attendance for that period. " 27

28

48209.10:

I

"(a) Any school district of choice that a&nits any pupil under this section shall accept any completed coursework, attendance, and other academic progress credited to that pupil by the school district or districts previously attended by that pupil, and shall grant academic standing to that pupil based upon the district's evaluation of that academic progress.

"(b) Any school district of choice that admits a pupil under this section may revoke the pupil's transfer if the pupil is recommended for expulsion pursuant to Section 48918.

48209.13:

"Each school district shall make information regarding its schools, programs, policies, and procedures available to any interested person upon request."

48209.14:

- "(a) Pursuant to this article, each school district shall keep an accounting of all requests made for alternative attendance and records of all disposition of those requests that shall include, but are not to be limited to, all of the following:
  - "(1) The number of requests granted, denied, or withdrawn. In the case of denied requests, the records shall indicate the reasons for the denials.
  - "(2) The number of pupils transferred out of the clistrict.
  - "(3) The number of pupils transferred into the districts.
- "(b) The information maintained pursuant to subdivision (a) shall be reported to the governing board of the school district at an open meeting of the governing board. After the information is reported to the governing board of the school district, the information shall be reported to the Superintenclent of Public Instruction no later than January 1, 1996, and annually thereafter, and the superintendent shall make the information available to the Governor, the Legislature, and the public." (Section 48209.14, as amended by Chapter 915, Statutes of 1993, which extended the date from 1995 to 1996 and made a typographical correction.)

48209.15:

- "(a) It is the intent of the Legislature that every parent in this state be informed of their opportunity for currently existing choice options under this article regardless of ethnicity, primary language, or literacy.
- "(b) Notwithstanding Section 48980, before the beginning of the first semester or quarter of the regular school term, each county board of education shall, to the extent that funding is provided for the purposes of this section, adopt a plan to conduct an aggressive, focused outreach program that meets the intent of this section."

By way of background, the Commission noted that the statutory provisions, commencing with Education Code section 48209 of Chapter 160/93, create another pupil attendance alternative or method under which interdistrict transfers may occur. The Commission observed that there are two additional options that allow pupils to transfer between districts. Education Code sections 46600 et seq. allows two or more districts to enter into an agreement for the interdistrict transfer of pupils [the subject of another test claim entitled *Interdistrict Attendance Permits* (CSM-4442) scheduled to be heard April, 1995]. In addition, the Commission

observed that Education Code section 48204, subdivision (f), provides for interdistrict transfers based on the location of the parent's place of employment [the subject of a test claim entitled *Interdistrict Transfer Requests: Parent's Employment* (CSM-4445) which the Commission heard on January 19, 1995, which was determined to contain a state-mandated program].

The Commission noted that the school district of choice program does not supersede or revoke either of the other previously mentioned interdistrict methods of pupil transfer.

Regarding Education Code section 48209.1, subdivision (a), the Commission observed that this subdivision provides that a school district may elect to accept pupils from another district, subject to conditions set forth therein. Thus, the Commission found that the election to become a school district of choice, pursuant to subdivision (a), is a voluntary act and, accordingly, does not impose a reimbursable state mandated program upon school districts of choice. However, the Commission noted that school districts of residence (sending districts) do not have a similar choice for participation. When pupils from a school district of residence transfer to a school district of choice, a school district of residence must, under limited circumstances, comply with certain statutory requirements. Thus, subdivision (a) establishes the foundation of a state-reimbursable program for school districts of residence, the specific duties of which are created in other subsections and subdivisions of Education Code section 48209.

Regarding Education Code section 48209. 1, subdivision (b), the Commission observed this subdivision states that either the pupil's school district of residence or the school district of choice may prohibit the transfer of a pupil if the transfer negatively impacts a court-ordered desegregation plan of the district, a voluntary desegregation plan of the district, or the racial and ethnic balance of the district. The Commission found there are no state mandated activities imposed upon the school district of choice under subdivision (b) because the election

to become a school district of choice is a voluntary act and, therefore, such a district accepts all of the terms and related conditions. Moreover, the statutory language under subdivision (b) uses permissive language: "may prohibit." Thus, the act of accepting or rejecting a transfer is voluntary, regardless of the impact on the court-ordered or voluntary desegregation plan, or the racial and ethnic balance of the district.

The Commission noted this permissive language also applies to a school district of residence (sending districts). However, the Commission also recognized that a district of residence operating under a court-ordered desegregation plan has little option but to manage that plan assertively, despite the permissive wording of subdivision (b). The Commission therefore found that Education Code section 48209.1, subdivision (b), does impose a state mandated program limited to school districts of residence operating under or subject to a court-ordered desegregation plan. To the extent that a school district of residence is otherwise prepared to approve a transfer request to a school district of choice, the provisions of the test claim legislation implicitly require the district of residence to confirm that the proposed transfer does not negatively impact its court-ordered desegregation plan. The Commission found that there was no prior law affecting this matter.

With respect to Education Code section 48209.2, the Commission observed that this section evidences the Legislature's intent to enhance parental opportunity to contribute to improvement of educational programs. Further, the Commission noted that school districts are encouraged but not required to hold informational hearings. Therefore, the Commission found that informational hearings held in the spring semester of 1994 pursuant to section 48209.2 are optional and not required for school districts.

Regarding Education Code section 48209.7, subdivisions (a) and (b), the Commission observed that these provisions describe attendance conditions under which a district of residence may limit the number of pupils transferring out. The limitation varies with district

size, as measured by average daily attendance. Further, under this section, the Commission noted that districts of residence *may* limit, rather than *shall* limit. The Commission therefore found that the activities set forth in Education Code section 48209.7 are permissive and do not require a school district of residence to establish mandatory limits on transfers to school districts of choice.

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Regarding Education Code section 48209.10, subdivision (a), the Commission observed that this subdivision directs school districts of choice to accept records of transfers and that subdivision (b) authorizes districts of choice to revoke a transfer if the pupil is recommended for expulsion. With respect to school districts of choice, the requirement set forth in subdivision (a) results from the election to become a school district of choice. Further, the authorization in paragraph (b) is permissive in execution. Therefore, the Commission found the activities under Education Code section 48209.10, subdivisions (a) and (b), are not

required upon school districts of choice.

However, the Commission did find that subdivision (a) of Education Code section 48209.10 implicitly requires school districts of residence to send the transferring pupil's coursework and other records to the school district of choice. Further, the Commission found that subdivision (b) implicitly requires school districts of residence to accept back pupil records when a recommendation to expel results in revocation of transfer by the school district of choice. This workload is not optional for school districts of residence. Although the Commission noted that prior law (former Education Code section 49068, as amended by Chapter 1010/76) required a pupil's records to be transferred by the former district to the new district of attendance, the activities under subdivision (b) impose a higher level of service.

In summary, the Commission found that subdivisions (a) and (b) of Education Code section 48209.10 impose an increased level of service on school districts of residence to provide the pupil's completed coursework, attendance, and other academic progress to the school district

of choice. Further, if a transfer is revoked based upon a recommendation to expel, school 1 2 districts of residence are required to accept the pupil back, along with any completed 3 coursework, attendance, and other academic progress. In addition, the Commission noted that any activities performed by the school distribut of residence related to further review or 4 5 implementation of an expulsion recommended by the school district of choice, will be addressed in the test claim entitled Pupil Expulsions (CSM-4455). 7 Regarding Education Code section 48209.13, the Commission observed that this section is 8 9 worded broadly, covering many types of information already required under other statutory 10 provisions. For example, a request for a copy of the annual notification to parents falls within 11 the broad categories set forth in section 48209.13, but such a request includes the same information described under Education Code section 48980. The Commission found the only 12 difference is that section 48290.13 stipulates the information be provided upon request, which 13 implies maintaining a supply of the annual parental notification on hand. 14 15 The Commission also found that the requirement to make information available upon request 16 applies to all school districts, not just school districts offering alternative pupil attendance 17 18 choices. 19 20 The Commission found that there is a higher level of service imposed upon school districts to the extent that such requests are specifically related to alternative pupil attendance choices. 21 Further, the Commission recognized that Education Code section 48209.13 does not specify 22 how the information is to be conveyed and, therefore, found that it is a reasonable presumption 23 24 that this information could be conveyed by phone, in person, or via a mailed request, Lastly, the Commission found that some of the reimbursable costs for this limited mandated activity 25 would be offset or reduced by the amount of fees that may be charged by school districts as 26

authorized under the California Public Records Act (Government Code section 6250 and

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With respect to Education Code section 48209.14, the Commission observed this section 48209.14 provides that each school district is required to keep an accounting of all requests and to report such information as specified in the statute. Under prior law (Education Code section 46600, derived from Chapter 2, Statutes of 1959), attendance reporting was required for school funding, among other purposes. Moreover, county boards of education have been granted the right to adopt reporting requirements for transfers between school districts under their jurisdiction (Education Code section 48202, added by Chapter 1009, Statutes of 1965, and amended by Chapter 125, Statutes of 1970, and Chapter 1253, Statutes of 1975). addition, data on interdistrict transfers had to be maintained for physically handicapped, mentally handicapped or multiple handicapped pupils (Education Codes section 48203, added by Chapter 598, Statutes of 1973.) However, the Commission did not identify any state requirements under prior law that directed the accounting and reporting of school of choice interdistrict transfers.

The Commission observed that the accounting and reporting requirements pursuant to Education Code section 48209.14 can be subdivided into two categories. In the first category are all transfer requests to enter a "school district of choice." Because a school district elects to become a school district of choice, the accounting and reporting requirements by a school district of choice for transfer requests into that district stems from that voluntary election. Therefore, such statutory conditions do not impose a reimbursable state mandated program.

In the second category are all transfer requests to leave a district of residence. The Commission found that when pupils transfer from their school district of residence, the accounting and reporting of this information are now required of the school district of residence. (The Commission noted that a school district of choice is also regarded as a school district of residence for the pupils living within its boundaries).

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Further, the Commission found the statutory language at hand implicitly requires that school districts adopt cost effective methods of assembling and maintaining the data as specified in section 48209.14, subdivisions (a) and (b).

In view of the foregoing, the Commission found that a higher level of service is imposed upon school districts of residence to account for all requests made to a school district of choice and record the disposition of those requests including the number granted, denied or withdrawn. In the case of denied requests, the records shall indicate the reasons for the denials. Also the records shall disclose the number of pupils transferred out of these districts. In addition, the information maintained shall be reported to the governing board of the school district and to the Superintendent of Public Instruction no later than January 1, 1996, and annually thereafter. The Commission also found that school districts of residence are required to adopt cost effective methods of assembling and maintaining the information described section 48209.14.

Lastly, the Commission found that the provisions of Education Code section 48209.14, subdivisions (a) and (b), do not impose upon school districts of choice a reimbursable state mandated program because these districts voluntarily elected to participate as a school district of choice to receive new pupils.

Regarding subdivision (a) of Education Code section 48209.15, the Commission observed that while the language does evidence legislative intent, it does not mandate a duty on school districts. With respect to subdivision (b), the Commission noted that, despite the "shall adopt" language, the adoption of a plan for an outreach program is not required unless funding is provided specifically for the purpose of section 48209.15. The Commission found that Education Code section 48209.15, subdivisions (a) and (b), does not impose a reimbursable state mandated program.

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## APPLICABLE LAW RELEVANT TO THE DETERMINATION OF A REIMBURSABLE STATE MANDATED PROGRAM

Government Code section 17500 and following, and section 6 of article XIIIB of the California Constitution and related case law.

#### **CONCLUSION**

The Commission determines that it has the authority to decide this claim under the provisions of Government Code sections 17500 and 1755 1, subdivision (a).

In view of all of the foregoing, the Commission concludes that Education Code sections 48209.1, subdivision (b), 48209.10, subdivisions (a) and (b), and 48209.14, as added by Chapter 160, Statutes of 1993, do impose a new program or higher level of service in an existing program within the meaning of section 6 of article XIIIB of the California Constitution and Government Code section 17514 by requiring school districts of residence (sending districts) to:

- 1) Determine whether the transfer will negatively impact the district's applicable courtordered desegregation plan (to the extent that a school district of residence is otherwise prepared to approve a transfer request to a school district of choice).
- 2) Upon notification from the school district of choice, provide the district of choice information regarding the transferring pupil's completed coursework, attendance, and other academic progress. Additionally, upon revocation of a transfer based upon expulsion, accept back from the school district of choice any completed coursework, attendance, and other academic progress of the pupil.

- 3) Keep an account of all requests to transfer to a school district of choice and records of all disposition of those requests including the number of requests granted, denied or withdrawn. In the case of denied requests, the records shall indicate the reasons for the denials. Also, the records shall disclose the number of pupils transferred out of these districts. In addition, the information maintained shall be reported to the governing board of the school district and to the Superintendent of Public Instruction no later than January 1, 1996, and annually thereafter.
- 4) Adopt cost effective methods of assembling and maintaining the information described in Education Code section 48209.14.

Further, the Commission concludes that Education Code section 48209.13, as added by Chapter 160/93, imposes a new program or higher level of service in an existing program within the meaning of section 6 of article XIIIB of the California Constitution and Government Code section 17514 by requiring all school districts to make information specifically related to alternative pupil attendance choices available to any interested person upon request. However, this limited mandated activity would not apply to such requests already provided for elsewhere in the law. Further, some of the reimbursable costs for this mandated activity would be offset or reduced by the amount of fees that may be charged by school districts as authorized under the California Public Records Act (Government Code section 6250 and following).

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And finally, the Commission concludes, except as specified above, the remainder of Education Code sections 48209.1, subdivisions (a) and (b), 48209.10, 48209.13, 48209.14, and all of Education Code sections 48209.2, 48290.7, and 48209.15, do not impose a new program or higher level of service in an existing program upon school districts within the meaning of section 6 of article XIIIB of the California Constitution and Government Code section 17514.

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1 Accordingly, costs incurred related to the aforementioned reimbursable state mandated 2 programs contained in Education Code sections 48209.1, subdivision (b), 48209.10, 3 subdivisions (a) and (b), 48209.13 and 48209.14 are costs mandated by the state and are 4 subject to reimbursement within the meaning of section 6 of article XIIIB of the California 5 Constitution. Therefore, the claimant is directed to submit parameters and guidelines, pursuant to Government Code section 17557 and Title 2, California Code of Regulations, 7 section 1183.1, to the Commission for its consideration. 8 9 The foregoing conclusions pertaining to the requirements contained in Education Code sections 48209.1, subdivision (b), 48209.10, subdivisions (a) and (b), 48209.13 and 48209.14, 10 11 are subject to the following conditions: 12 13 The determination of a reimbursable state mandated program does not mean that all increased costs claimed will be reimbursed. Reimbursement, if any, is subject to Commission approval of parameters and guidelines for reimbursement of the mandated 14 program; approval of a statewide cost estimate; a specific legislative appropriation for such purpose; a timely-filed claim for reimbursement; and subsequent review of the 15 claim by the State Controller's Office. 16 17 If the statewide cost estimate for this mandate does not exceed one million dollars (\$1,000,000) during the first twelve (12) month period following the operative date of the mandate, the Commission shall certify such estimated amount to the State Controller's Office, and the State Controller shall receive, review, and pay claims from the State 18 19 Mandates Claims Fund as claims are received. (Government Code section 17610). 20 21 g:\maa\4451\sod.wpd 22 23 24 25 £ 26

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#### 1 **BEFORE THE** COMMISSION ON STATE MANDATES 2 STATE OF CALIFORNIA 3 4 5 No. CSM-4476 6 Claim of: Education Code Section 48209.1 7 Education Code Section 48209.9 San Diego Unified Chapter 1262, Statutes of 1994 8 School District. Education Code Section 48209.7 9 Chapter 915, Statutes of 1993 Claimant 10 11 Choice Transfer Appeals 12 13 PROPOSED STATEMENT OF DECISION 14 15 This claim was heard by the Commission on State Mandates (Commission) on 16 March 28, 1996, in Sacramento, California, during a regularly scheduled hearing.<sup>1</sup> 17 Mr. Keith Petersen appeared on behalf of the San Diego Unified School District, 18 Dr. Carol Berg appeared on behalf of the Education Mandated Cost Network, and Mr. James M. 19 Apps and Mr. Scott Hannan appeared on behalf of the Department of Finance. Evidence both 20 oral and documentary having been introduced, the matter submitted, and vote taken, the 21 Commission finds: 22 **ISSUE** 23 Do the provisions of Education Code sections 48209.1 and 48209.9, as amended 24 by Chapter 1262, Statutes of 1994, and section 48209.7, as amended by Chapter 915, Statutes of 1993, impose a new program or higher level of service in an existing program upon school 25 districts within the meaning of section 6 of article XIIIB of the California Constitution? 26 27 £ 28 BACKGROUND AND FINDINGS OF FACT

This test claim also had been heard, and continued, on October 26, 1995, and January 25, 1996.

The test claim was filed with the Commission on April 3, 1995, by the San Diego Unified School District.

The elements for filing a test claim, as specified in section 1183 of Title 2 of the California Code of Regulations, were satisfied.

Education Code section 48209.1, as amended by Chapter 1262/94, states the following:

- (a) The governing board of any school district may accept interdistrict transfers. No school district that receives an application for attendance under this article is required to admit pupils to its schools. If, however, the governing board elects to accept transfers as authorized under this article, it shall, by resolution, elect to accept transfer pupils, determine and adopt the number of transfers it is willing to accept under this article, and ensure that pupils admitted under the policy are selected through a random, unbiased process that prohibits an evaluation of whether or not the pupil should be enrolled based upon his or her academic or athletic performance. Any pupil accepted for transfer shall be deemed to have fulfilled the requirements of Section 48204.
- (b) Either the pupil's school district of residence, upon notification of the pupil's acceptance to the school district of choice pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 48209.9, or the school district of choice may prohibit the transfer of a pupil under this article or limit the number of pupils so transferred if the governing board of the district determines that the transfer would negatively impact any of the following:
  - (1) The court-ordered desegregation plan of the district.
  - (2) The voluntary desegregation plan of the district that meets the criteria of Section 42249.
  - (3) The racial and ethnic balance of the district.
- (c) The school district of residence shall not adopt policies that in any way block or discourage pupils from applying for transfer to another district. (Additions or changes are indicated by underline.)

Education Code section 48209.7, as added by Chapter 160/93 and amended by Chapter 915/93, states the following:

- (a) A school district of residence with average daily attendance greater than 50,000 may limit the number of pupils transferring out each year <u>under this article</u> to 1 percent of its current year estimated average daily attendance.
- (b) A school district of residence with average daily attendance less than 50,000 may limit the number of pupils transferring out <u>under this article</u> to 3 percent of its current year estimated average daily attendance and may limit the maximum number of pupils transferring out <u>under this article</u> for the duration of the program authorized by this article to 10 percent of the average daily attendance for that period.<sup>2</sup> (Additions or changes are indicated by <u>underline</u>.)

Education Code section 48209.9, as amended by Chapter 1262/94, states the following:

(a) Commencing January 1, 1994, any application for transfer under this article shall be submitted by the pupil's parent or guardian to the school district of choice that has elected to accept transfer pupils pursuant to Section 48209.1 prior to January 1 of the school year

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Article 1.5 was added by Stats.1993, c.160 (A.B.19), section 1, becomes inoperative July 1, 2000 and is repealed Jan. 1, 2001, under the provisions of section 48209.16.

preceding the school year for which the pupil is to be transferred. This application deadline may be waived upon agreement of the pupil's school district of residence and the school district of choice. No applications shall be submitted after January 1, 1999.

- (b) The application shall be submitted on a form provided for this purpose by the State Department of Education and may request enrollment of the pupil in a specific school or program of the district.
- (c) Not later than 90 days after the receipt by a school district of an application for transfer, the governing board of the district shall notify the parent or guardian in writing whether the application has been provisionally accepted or rejected or of the pupil's position on any waiting list. Final acceptance or rejection shall be made by May 15 preceding the school year for which the pupil is to be transferred. In the event of an acceptance, that notice shall be provided also to the school district of residence. If the application is rejected, the district governing board shall set forth in the written notification to the parent or guardian the specific reason or reasons for that determination, and shall ensure that the determination, and the specific reason or reasons therefor, are accurately recorded in the minutes of the board meeting in which the determination was made.
- (d) The parent or guardian of a pupil who is prohibited from transferring pursuant to either subdivision (b) of Section 48209.1 or Section 48209.7 may appeal the decision to the county board of education.
- (e) Final acceptance of the transfer is applicable for one school year and will be renewed automatically each year unless the school district of choice through the adoption of a resolution withdraws from participation in the program and no longer will accept any transfer pupils from other districts. However, if a school district of choice withdraws from participation in the program, high school pupils admitted under this article may continue until they graduate from high school. (Additions or changes are indicated by <u>underline</u>.)

The Commission on State Mandates determined on April 28, 1995, that when a school district elects to become a school district of choice (the receiving district in the choice transfer process) under Education Code section 48209.1 of Chapter 160/93, such election is a voluntary, permissive act and, accordingly, not a reimbursable state mandated program.<sup>3</sup>

For the school district of residence (the sending district in the choice transfer process), the Commission also determined in CSM-4451 that a limited state mandated activity exists in section 48209.1, subdivision (b). That subdivision states that the "... school district of residence ... may prohibit the transfer of a pupil under this article..." and the permissive "may"

thus seemingly avoids any subsequent reimbursable state mandated duties specified in section 48209.1. Nevertheless, the Commission determined that a district of residence, only when subject to a court-ordered desegregation plan, must confirm that the proposed transfer does not negatively impact such plan. This activity constitutes a reimbursable state mandated program.

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However, because this activity has already been recognized for reimbursement in a separate test claim, the Commission determined that no reimbursable state mandated program exists in section 48209.1 for the purposes of this test claim.<sup>4</sup> The Commission found that the changes which have been made to section 48209.1 since its previous decision on this section serve to provide technical clarifications in subdivisions (a) and (b). In the new subdivision (c), however, the Legislature made clear a policy that school districts of residence are not to adopt policies which block or discourage pupils from applying for transfer to another district. None of these changes subsequent to the Chapter 160/93 amendment would appear to negate the Commission's decision on CSM-4451. Finally, despite claimant's contention that the Chapter 1262/94 amendment to section 48209.9 impacts the CSM-4451 Commission determination on section 48209.1, the Commission disagreed and determined that section 48209.1 contains no reimbursable state mandated program.

Regarding Education Code section 48209.7, the Commission's Statement of Decision (CSM-4451) also addressed this section and stated that no reimbursable state mandated program exists regarding school districts of residence. Section 48209.7 provides a mathematical limitation that a school district of residence may use in the event that it decides to prohibit a pupil from leaving its district to attend a school district of choice. Similarly, in this test claim, CSM-4476, the Commission again determined that the use of the word "may" makes district limitations under section 48209.7 permissive. The Commission noted that no substantive changes have been made to section 48209.7 which would negate its April 28, 1995 determination on this section. Although claimant contends that the Chapter 1262/94 amendment to section 48209.9 impacts the CSM-4451 Commission determination on section 48209.7, the Commission disagreed and determined that section 48209.7 contains no reimbursable state mandated program.

Regarding Education Code section 48209.9, Chapter 1262/94, added subdivision (d) to this section, which provides, "[t]he parent or guardian of a pupil who is prohibited from transferring pursuant to either subdivision (b) of Section 48209.1 or Section 48209.7 may appeal the decision to the county board of education."

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See Statement of Decision, CSM-4451, School District of Choice, adopted on April 28, 1995.

Because the parent/guardian has a new statutory right to appeal a transfer that was prohibited under these two sections, the county board of education has no option but to respond to that appeal (regardless of whether or not the denial was discretionary on the part of the school district).

No prior requirements regarding this matter existed in law. The Commission therefore determined that the parent/guardian's authority to appeal a denied transfer imposes a reimbursable state mandated program upon county boards of education.

Further, although not explicitly required, the county board must first establish an appropriate process for these appeal hearings. Claimant states the appeals process could be modeled after the complex process provided for in sections 46601 and 46602.

Although recognizing the need for a process, the Commission disagreed with claimant's suggestion of using sections 44601 and 44602 as a model for the parameters and guidelines. The Commission noted that the Legislature, in enacting subdivision (d), did not spell out elaborate procedures similar to those contained in sections 46601 and 46602; further, the Legislature could have simply incorporated by reference the provisions of sections 46601 and 46602, but did not. The Commission also observed that new subdivision (c) to section 48209.1 was added along with subdivision (d) to section 48209.9. (See Chapter 1262/94.) Subdivision (c) states that, "[t]he school district of residence shall not adopt policies that in any way block or discourage pupils from applying for transfer to another district." The Commission found that subdivision (c) expressly warns school districts of residence to not purposefully discourage the utilization of the school district of choice vehicle and, therefore, school districts will indeed heed and follow such directive.

The Commission found that simple, non-complex appeals procedures were contemplated by the Legislature in light of the admonition set forth in subdivision (c), rather than the elaborate procedures such as those contained in sections 46601 and 46602. Therefore, the Commission determined that simple, non-complex appeals procedures fall within the scope of the statutory provisions and, accordingly, should be employed in the parameters and guidelines. Moreover, the Commission found that a simple process is appropriate in view of the limited state mandated activity associated with the appeals process upon school districts of residence as described below.

Claimant asserted that school districts of residence are required to participate in and respond to the county board's appeal process. Although this section implicitly requires district of residence participation, such activity is not considered reimbursable if it results from a discretionary denial on the part of the district. Section 48209.1 states that the district of residence, "may prohibit the transfer of a pupil under this article". Likewise, section 48209.7 states in both subdivisions (a) and (b) that the district of residence "may limit...". The inclusion of the word "may" in both of these sections makes transfer denials permissive. Accordingly, the Commission determined that any required statutory activity (such as participation in the appeal process by any school district) resulting from a section 48209.1 or 48209.7 denial is *not* reimbursable as a *state mandated activity* because of the discretion initially exercised in the decision to deny. (See *City of Merced* v. *State of California* (1984) 153 Cal.App.3d 777, 783; *County of Contra Costa* v. *State of California* (1986) 177 Cal. App.3d 62, 79.)

The one exception, as noted in the Commission's Statement of Decision for CSM-4451, would be a district of residence subject to a court-ordered desegregation plan which must confirm that the proposed transfer does not negatively impact that plan. At its April 28, 1995 hearing, the Commission determined that this confirmation activity imposes a reimbursable state mandated program upon a district of residence.

Correspondingly, the Commission determined that the district of residence's participation in and response to a county board of education's appeal process, under subdivision (d) of section 48209.9, resulting only from a denied transfer based on the negative impact upon that district's court-ordered desegregation plan, constitutes a reimbursable state mandated activity.

Finally, the Commission found that none of the previous Commission determinations as addressed in the claimant's August 15, 1995 rebuttal are comparable to this claim. Independently of these previous determinations, the Commission determined that the permissive "may" in sections 48209.1 and 48209.7 clearly does not impose a new program or higher level of service upon school districts (as previously determined in CSM-4451).

Further, even with the addition of section 48209.9, which allows for denied transfer appeals due to section 48209.1 or 48209.7, the Commission determined that no language in any of these three sections explicitly or implicitly requires the monitoring of racial or ethnic balances or limits as claimant alleged. The Commission reviewed claimant's assertion that

school districts would be acting arbitrarily to either approve or deny the transfer without considering its impact on the ethnic balance of the district, since according to claimant, school districts have a pre-existing constitutional duty to equalize the demographics of its schools. The case cited by claimant, *Long Beach Unified School District* v. *State of California*, (1990) 225 Cal.App.3d 155, and other cases reviewed by the Commission did not support claimant's assertion that Education Code section 48209.1, subdivision (b)(3), required school districts to check "the racial and ethnic balance of the district" before approving or denying a choice transfer. (See *Crawford* v. *Board of Education* (1976) 17 Cal.3d 280.) Accordingly, the Commission rejected claimant's contention that school districts have a pre-existing constitutional duty to equalize the demographics of its schools or to maintain a certain racial and ethnic balance.

Finally, the Commission acknowledged the closing testimony from the Department of Finance which noted that the Legislature's use of the terms "may" and "shall" in closely related sections was significant because of the Legislature's awareness of their use of the two terms and that if the Legislature had wanted to make a statute mandatory, this was clearly within their purview. (Transcript, Commission Hearing, March 28, 1996, pp. 71-72.)

## APPLICABLE LAW RELEVANT TO THE DETERMINATION OF A REIMBURSABLE STATE MANDATED PROGRAM

The applicable law relevant to this determination of a reimbursable state mandated program is Government Code section 17500 and following, and section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution, and related case law.

#### CONCLUSION

Based on the foregoing, the Commission approves the test claim in part. The Commission finds that the parent/guardian's authority to appeal a denied transfer contained in section 48209.9, subdivision (d), imposes a reimbursable state mandated program upon county boards of education. Because the parent/guardian has a new statutory right to appeal a transfer that was prohibited under section 48209.1 or section 48209.7, the county board of education has

no option but to respond to that appeal (regardless of whether or not the denial was discretionary on the part of the school district). Further, although not explicitly required, the county board must first establish an appropriate, non-complex process for these appeal hearings, which shall be addressed in the parameters and guidelines. No requirements regarding this matter existed in law prior to January 1, 1975.

The Commission concludes that the district of residence's participation in and response to a county board of education's appeal process, under subdivision (d) of section 48209.9, resulting solely from a denied transfer based on the negative impact upon that district's court-ordered desegregation plan, constitutes a reimbursable state mandated activity.

Further, the foregoing conclusions pertaining to the requirements contained in Education Code sections 48209.1, 48209.7 and 48209.9 are subject to the following conditions:

The determination of a reimbursable state mandated program does not mean that all increased costs claimed will be reimbursed. Reimbursement, if any, is subject to Commission approval of parameters and guidelines for reimbursement of the mandated program; approval of a statewide cost estimate; a specific legislative appropriation for such purpose; a timely-filed claim for reimbursement; and subsequent review of the claim by the State Controller's Office.

Finally, the Commission concludes that no reimbursable state mandated programs exist in section 48209.1, section 48209.7, or in the remainder of section 48209.9 for the purposes of this test claim.

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Adopted: July 25, 1996

File Number: CSM-4451, CSM-4476

Staff: Piper Rodrian

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## Proposed Amendment to Parameters and Guidelines

School District of Choice: Transfers and Appeals

Amending Current Parameters And Guidelines For:

Education Code section 48209.1 Education Code section 48209.7 Education Code section 48209.10 Education Code section 48209.13 Education Code section 48209.14 Chapter 160, Statutes of 1993

School District of Choice

To Include:

Education Code section 48209.9 Chapter 1262, Statutes of 1994 Choice Transfer Appeals

#### SUMMARY OF THE SOURCE OF THE MANDATE

Chapter 160, Statutes of 1993, added Article 1.5, "Pupil Attendance Alternatives," to Chapter 2, Part 27 of the Education Code (section 48209, et seq.) which established a new program of optional interdistrict attendance based on a choice of participating districts. Chapter 1262, Statutes of 1994, amended Education Code section 48209.9, adding new subdivision (d), to establish the statutory right of the parent or guardian of a pupil who is prohibited from transferring pursuant to either Education Code section 48209.1, subdivision (b), or section 48209.7 to appeal this decision to the county board of education.

Article 1.5 provides that any school district may elect to accept interdistrict transfers pursuant to the Article, that is, to become a school district of attendance "choice" for pupils from other school districts. If a district makes the election, the choice program requires several non-discriminatory policies: (1) transfers are to be allowed on a random basis, subject to a numerical limit adopted by the either the "sending" district of residence or "receiving" district of choice and may be prohibited if they adversely affect either school district's integration program; (2) although districts are not required to establish new programs to accommodate the pupil transfer, the school district of choice cannot prohibit a transfer of a pupil just because the additional cost of educating the pupil would exceed the amount of additional state aid received as a result of the transfer; (3) resident pupils cannot be displaced by a choice transfer; (4) rejected requests for transfer require that the district provide written notification to the parent or guardian of the reason; and (5) once a transfer is granted, the pupil has the right of continued articulation to other grade levels. Further, all school districts are required to collect and report data on the numbers of requests submitted, transfers granted and transfers denied.

Operative January 1, 1994 and subject to repeal as of January 1, 2001.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Chapter 1262/94 became effective as a matter of urgency on September 30, 1994.



#### II. COMMISSION ON STATE MANDATES DECISION

The Commission on State Mandates, in the Statement of Decision adopted at the April 28, 1995 hearing on CSM-4451, entitled School District of Choice, and in the Statement of Decision adopted at the May 6, 1996 hearing on CSM-4476, entitled Choice Transfer Appeals, found that Education Code sections 48209.1, subdivision (b), 48209.10, subdivisions (a) and (b), 48209.13, and 48209.14, as added by Chapter 160, Statutes of 1993, and Education Code section 48209.9, subdivision (d), added by Chapter 1262, Statutes of 1994, impose a new program or higher level of service within the meaning of section 6, Article XIII B of the California Constitution, for school districts of residence to implement pupil transfers to school districts of choice.

The Commission determined that the following provisions established costs mandated by the state pursuant to Government Code section 17514, by requiring school districts of residence to:

- 1) Pursuant to section 48209.1, subdivision (b), make a determination of whether the transfer to the school district of choice will negatively impact the district's applicable court-ordered desegregation plan.<sup>3</sup>
- 2) Pursuant to section 48209.9, subdivision (d), participate in and respond to a county board of education's appeal process, resulting only from a denied transfer based on the negative impact upon that district's court-ordered desegregation plan.
- 3) Pursuant to section 48209.10, subdivision (a) provide to the district of choice information regarding the transferring pupil's completed coursework, attendance, and other academic progress; and pursuant to subdivision (b), implement the return of a pupil whose transfer to a choice district has been revoked upon recommendation for expulsion by the choice district by accepting back from the school district of choice any completed coursework, attendance and other academic progress of the pupil.
- 4) Pursuant to section 48209.14, collect data of all requests to transfer to a school district of choice including the number of transfers granted, denied or withdrawn. In the case of denied requests, the records shall indicate the reasons for the denials. Also, the records shall disclose the number of pupils transferred out of these districts. The information maintained shall be reported to the district governing board and Superintendent of Public Instruction. Adopt cost effective methods of assembling and maintaining the information described in section 48209.14.

The Commission determined that the following provisions established costs mandated by the state pursuant to Government Code section 17514, by requiring all school districts to:

5) Pursuant to section 48209.13, make information specifically related to alternative pupil attendance choices available to any interested person upon request. This limited mandated activity would not apply to such requests already provided for elsewhere in the law.

The Commission determined that the following established costs mandated by the state pursuant to Government Code section 17514, by requiring all county boards of education to:



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> "Section" refers to the Education Code unless otherwise indicated.



- 6) Pursuant to section 48209.9, subdivision (d), establish an appropriate, non-complex process to hear and decide appeals filed by the parent or guardian of any pupil who has been denied a choice transfer by a district of residence pursuant to section 48209.1 or 48209.7.
- 7) Pursuant to section 48209.9, subdivision (d), respond to an appeal filed by the parent or guardian of any pupil who has been denied a choice transfer by a district of residence pursuant to section 48209.1 or 48209.7.

#### III. ELIGIBLE CLAIMANTS

Any "school district", as defined in Government Code section 17519, except for community colleges, which incurs increased costs as a result of this mandate is eligible to claim reimbursement.

#### IV. PERIOD OF REIMBURSEMENT

Section 17557 of the Government Code states that a test claim must be submitted on or before December 31 following a given fiscal year to establish eligibility for that fiscal year. The test claim for CSM-4451, entitled School District of Choice, was submitted on February 17, 1994. Therefore all mandated costs incurred on or after January 1, 1994, the operative date of Chapters 160, Statutes of 1993, for implementation of sections 48209.1, subdivision (b), 48209.10, subdivisions (a) and (b), 48209.13, and 48209.14, are reimbursable. The test claim for CSM-4476, entitled Choice Transfer Appeals, was submitted on April 3, 1995. Therefore all mandated costs incurred for the denied choice transfer appeal process on or after September 30, 1994, the operative date of Chapter 1262, Statutes of 1994, for implementation of section 48209.9, subdivision (d), are reimbursable.

Actual costs for one fiscal year should be included in each claim. Estimated costs for the subsequent year may be included on the same claim, if applicable. All claims for reimbursement of costs shall be submitted pursuant to Government Code section 17561.

If the total costs for a given fiscal year do not exceed \$200, no reimbursement shall be allowed, except as otherwise allowed by Government Code section 17564.

#### V. REIMBURSABLE COSTS

## A) Scope of the Mandate

1) All school districts shall be reimbursed for the costs incurred to make information specifically related to alternative pupil attendance choices available to any interested person upon request. This reimbursement does not apply to such requests already provided for elsewhere in the law. These costs shall be offset to the extent that fees may be charged pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Government Code section 6250 et seq.).

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2) School districts which are districts of residence as a result of the transfer of a resident pupil to a district of choice shall be reimbursed for the costs incurred to:

- a) make a determination of whether the transfer to the school district of choice will negatively impact the district's court-ordered desegregation plan;
- b) participate in and respond to a county board of education's appeal process, resulting only from a denied transfer based on the negative impact upon that district's court-ordered desegregation plan;
- c) implement the transfer to the district of choice by providing information regarding the transferring pupil's completed coursework, attendance and other academic progress;
- d) implement the return of a pupil whose transfer to a choice district has been revoked upon recommendation for expulsion from the choice district by accepting back any completed coursework, attendance and other academic progress of the pupil; and,
- e) collect data on the number of all requests to transfer to a school district of choice including transfers granted, denied or withdrawn. In the case of denied requests, indicate in the record the reasons for the denials. Annually report these statistics to the district governing board and Superintendent of Public Instruction. Adopt cost effective methods of assembling and maintaining the information described in section 48209.14.
- 3) All county boards of education shall be reimbursed for the costs incurred to establish an appropriate, non-complex process to hear and decide appeals filed by the parent or guardian of any pupil who has been denied a choice transfer by a district of residence pursuant to section 48209.1 or 48209.7 and to respond to an appeal filed by the parent or guardian of any pupil who has been denied a choice transfer by a district of residence pursuant to section 48209.1 or 48209.7.

#### B) Reimbursable Activities

For each eligible school district and county office of education, the direct and indirect costs of labor, supplies and services incurred for the following mandate components are reimbursable:

## 1) Information Requests

For all school districts to respond to telephone and written inquiries for information regarding alternative pupil attendance choices for its schools, programs, policies and procedures. These costs shall be offset to the extent that fees may be charged pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Government Code section 6250 et seq.).

## 2) Implementing Pupil Transfers

For school districts of residence to provide the district of choice information regarding the transferring pupil's completed coursework, attendance and other academic progress and to otherwise implement the transfer out of pupils, as well as the return transfer of a pupil whose choice transfer has been revoked by the district of choice as the result of a recommendation for expulsion.



#### 3) Data Collection and Reporting

For school districts of residence to collect data on the number of transfers granted, denied, or withdrawn and annually report these statistics to the district governing board and Superintendent of Public Instruction.

#### 4) Court-ordered Desegregation Plans

For school districts of residence with court-ordered desegregation plans to make a determination of whether the transfer to the school district of choice will negatively impact the plan; and to participate in and respond to a county board of education's appeal process, resulting only from a denied transfer based on the negative impact upon that district's court-ordered desegregation plan.

## 5) County Office Appeals.

All county boards of education shall be reimbursed for the costs incurred to establish an appropriate, non-complex process to hear and decide appeals filed by the parent or guardian of any pupil who has been denied a choice transfer by a district of residence pursuant to section 48209.1 or 48209.7 and to respond to an appeal filed by the parent or guardian of any pupil who has been denied a choice transfer by a district of residence pursuant to section 48209.1 or 48209.7.

#### VI. CLAIM PREPARATION

Each claim for reimbursement pursuant to this mandate must be timely filed and set forth a listing of each item for which reimbursement is claimed under this mandate.

### A) Reporting By Components

Claimed costs must be allocated according to the five components of reimbursable activity described in section V. B., Reimbursable Activities.

### B) Supporting Documentation

Claimed costs should be supported by the following information. Determination of the adequacy of claimants' supporting documentation is within the purview of the State Controller, as permitted by law.

## 1) Employee Salaries and Benefits

Identify the employee(s) and their job classification, describe the mandated functions performed and specify the actual number of hours devoted to each function, the productive hourly rate and the related benefits. The average number of hours devoted to each function may be claimed if supported by a documented time study.

## 2) Materials and Supplies

Only the expenditures which can be identified as a direct cost of the mandate can be claimed. List costs of materials which have been consumed or expended specifically for the purpose of this mandate.

#### 3) Contracted Services

Give the name(s) of the contractors(s) who performed the service(s). Describe the activities performed by each named contractor and give the number of actual hours



spent on the activities. Show the inclusive dates when services were performed and itemize all costs for those services.

#### 4) Allowable Overhead Cost

School districts must use the J-380 (or subsequent replacement) non-restrictive indirect cost rate provisionally approved by the California Department of Education.

County offices of education must use the J-73A (or subsequent replacement) non-restrictive indirect cost rate provisionally approved by the California Department of Education.

### C) Cost Accounting Statistics

The State Controller is directed to include in its claiming instructions each year the requirement that claimants report to the State Controller the following statistics for the purpose of establishing a database for potential future reimbursement based on prospective rates:

- 1) The number of requests for "choice" transfers out of the district of residence.
- 2) The number of "choice" transfers out of the district of residence granted.
- 3) The number of requests for "choice" transfers into the district of choice.

  (Applicable only to districts which have adopted the choice plan, and are filing claims for reimbursement as a result of their concurrent status as a "district of residence".)
- 4) The number "choice" transfers into the district of choice granted. (Applicable only to districts which have adopted the choice plan, and are filing claims for reimbursement as a result of their concurrent status as a "district of residence".)
- 5) The number of choice transfer appeals filed and where a district of residence denied the choice transfer pursuant to section 48209.1 or 48209.7. (Applicable only to county boards of education.)

#### VII. SUPPORTING DATA

For auditing purposes, all costs claimed must be traceable to source documents (e.g. employee time records, invoices, receipts, purchase orders, contracts, etc.) and/or worksheets that show evidence of and the validity of such claimed costs. Pursuant to Government Code section 17558.5, subdivision (a), a reimbursement claim for actual costs filed by a local agency or school district is subject to audit by the State Controller no later than two years after the end of the calendar year in which the reimbursement claim is filed or last amended. However, if no funds are appropriated for the program for the fiscal year for which the claim is made, the time for the State Controller to initiate an audit shall commence to run from the date of initial payment of the claim.

#### VIII. OFFSETTING SAVINGS AND OTHER REIMBURSEMENTS

Any offsetting savings the claimant experiences as a direct result of this statute must be deducted from the costs claimed. In addition, reimbursement for this mandate received from any source, i.e., service fees collected, federal funds, other state funds, etc., shall be identified



and deducted from this claim. The Commission has determined that some of the reimbursable costs for the mandated activity found in section 48209.14, to make information specifically related to alternative pupil attendance choices available to any interested person upon request, would be offset or reduced by the amount of fees that may be charged by school districts as authorized under the California Public Records Act (Government Code section 6250 et seq.).

#### A IX. REQUIRED CERTIFICATION

An authorized representative of the claimant will be required to provide a certification of the claim, as specified in the State Controller's claiming instructions, for those costs mandated by the state contained therein.

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## SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CHOICE: TRANSFERS AND APPEALS

#### 1. Summary of Chapters 160/93 and 1262/94

Education Code § 48209.1, Subdivision (b), § 48209.10, Subdivisions (a) and (b), § § 48209.13, and 48209.14 as added and amended by Chapter 160, Statutes of 1993, and § 48209.9, Subdivision (d), as amended by Chapter 1262, Statutes of 1994, require that any school district may elect to become a school district of attendance "choice" for pupils of other school districts. However, if a district makes the election, the choice program requires several non-discriminatory policies: (a) Transfers are to be allowed on a random basis, subject to a numerical limit adopted by either the "sending" district of residence or "receiving" district of choice and may be prohibited if they adversely affect either school district's integration program; (b) although districts are not required to establish new programs to accommodate the pupil transfer, the school district of choice cannot prohibit a transfer of a pupil if the cost of educating the pupil would exceed the amount of additional state aid received as a result of the transfer; (c) resident pupils cannot be displaced by a choice transfer; (d) rejected requests for transfer require the district to provide written notification of the reason for rejection to the parent or guardian; and (e) once a transfer is granted, the pupil has the right of continuation to other grade levels.

Pursuant to Education Code § 48209.9, the parent or guardian has a new statutory right to appeal a transfer that was prohibited under Subdivision (b) of § 48209.1 or § 48209.7; the county office of education has no option but to respond to that appeal regardless of whether or not the denial was discretionary on the part of the school district.

Further, the parent or guardian has the authority to appeal a denied transfer, but the county office of education must first establish an appropriate process for these special hearings. The district residence's participation in and response to a county office of education's appeal process is reimbursable only if it results solely from a denied transfer based on requirements of a court-ordered desegregation plan. All school districts are required to collect and report data on the number of requests submitted, transfers granted, and transfers denied.

On April 28, 1995, and May 6,1996, the Commission on State Mandates determined that Chapter 160, Statutes of 1993, and Chapter 1262, Statutes of 1994, resulted in state mandated costs that are reimbursable pursuant to Part 7 (commencing with Government Code § 17500) of Division 4 of Title 2.

#### 2. Eligible Claimants

Any school district (K-12) or county office of education that incurs increased costs as a result of this mandate is eligible to claim reimbursement of these costs.

#### 3. Appropriations

These claiming instructions are issued following the adoption of the program's parameters and guidelines by the Commission on State Mandates. Funding for the payment of initial claims covering the period January 1,1994, to June 30, 1994, and fiscal years 1994/95, 1995/96, and 1996/97 may be made available in a future appropriations act, subject to approval of the Legislature and the Governor.





To determine if this program is funded in subsequent fiscal years, refer to the schedule "Appropriation for State Mandated Cost Programs" in the "Annual Claiming Instructions for State Mandated Costs" issued in September of each year to county superintendents of schools and superintendents of schools.

#### 4. Types of Claims

#### A. Reimbursement and Estimated Claims

A claimant may file a reimbursement and/or an estimated claim. A reimbursement claim details the costs actually incurred for a prior fiscal year. An estimated claim shows the costs to be incurred for the current fiscal year.

#### B. Minimum Claim

Government Code § 17564(a) provides that no claim shall be filed pursuant to Government Code § 17561 unless such a claim exceeds \$200 per program per fiscal year. However, any county superintendent of schools, as fiscal agent for the school district, may submit a combined claim in excess of \$200 on behalf of one or more districts within the county even if the individual district's claim does not exceed \$200. A-combined-claim must show the individual costs for each district. Once a combined claim is filed, all subsequent years relating to the same mandate must be filed in a combined form. The county receives the reimbursement payment and is responsible for disbursing funds to each participating district. A district may withdraw from the combined claim form by providing a written notice to the county superintendent of schools and the State Controller's Office of its intent to file a separate claim, at least 180 days prior to the deadline for filing the claim.

#### 5. Filing Deadline

#### A. Initial Claims

Initial claims must be filed within 120 days from the issuance date of the claiming instructions. Accordingly:

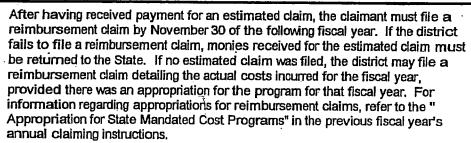
- (1) Reimbursement claims detailing the actual costs incurred for the period 01/01/94 to 06/30/94, and 1994/95 and 1995/96 fiscal years must be filed with the State Controller's Office and postmarked by July 28, 1997. If the reimbursement claim is filed after the deadline of July 28, 1997, the approved claim must be reduced by a late penalty of 10%, not to exceed \$1,000. Claims filed more than one year after the deadline will not be accepted.
- (2) Estimated claims for costs to be incurred during the 1996/97 fiscal year must be filed with the State Controller's Office and postmarked by July 28, 1997. Timely filed estimated claims are paid before late claims. If a payment is received for the estimated claim, a 1996/97 reimbursement claim must be filed by November 30, 1997.

#### B. Annually Thereafter

Refer to the item "Reimbursable State Mandated Cost Programs" contained in the annual cover letter for mandated cost programs issued annually in September, which identifies the fiscal years for which claims may be filed. If an "x" is shown for the program listed under "19\_/19\_ Reimbursement Claim," and/or "19\_/19\_ Estimated Claim," claims may be filed as follows:

(1) An estimated claim must be filed with the State Controller's Office and postmarked by November 30 of the fiscal year in which costs are to be incurred. Timely filed estimated claims will be paid before late claims.





(2) A reimbursement claim detailing the actual costs must be filed with the State Controller's Office and postmarked by November 30 following the fiscal year in which costs were incurred. If the claim is filed after the deadline but by November 30 of the succeeding fiscal year, the approved claim must be reduced by a late penalty of 10%, not to exceed \$1,000. Claims filed more than one year after the deadline will not be accepted.

#### 6. Scope of the Mandate

- A. All school districts are required to make information specifically related to alternative pupil attendance choices available to any interested person on request, unless such requests are already provided for elsewhere by law. A claim for costs shall be offset to the extent that fees may be charged pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Government Code § 6250 et seq.).
- B. School districts which are districts of residence as a result of the transfer of a resident pupil to a district of choice shall:
  - (1) Make a determination of whether the transfer to the school district of choice will negatively impact the district's court-ordered desegregation plan.
  - (2) Participate in and respond to a county office of education's appeal process, resulting only from a denied transfer based on the negative impact on that district's court-ordered desegregation plan.
  - (3) Implement the transfer to the district of choice by providing information regarding the transferring pupil's completed coursework, attendance, and other academic progress.
  - (4) Implement the return of a pupil whose transfer to a choice district has been revoked upon recommendation for expulsion from the choice district by accepting back any completed coursework, attendance, and other academic progress of the pupil.
  - (5) Collect data on the number of all requests to transfer to a school district of choice including transfers granted, denied, or withdrawn. In the case of denied requests, indicate in the record the reason for the denials. Annually report these statistics to the district governing board and Superintendent of Public Instruction. Adopt cost effective methods of assembling and maintaining the information described in Education Code § 48209.14.
- C. All county offices of education shall:
  - (1) Establish an appropriate, non-complex process to hear and decide appeals filed by the parent or guardian of any pupil who has been denied a choice transfer by a district of residence.
  - (2) Respond to an appeal filed by the parent or guardian of any pupil who has been denied a choice transfer by a district of residence.





#### 7. Reimbursable Components

Eligible claimants will be reimbursed for costs incurred in performing the following activities:

#### A. Information Requests

Response to telephone and written inquiries for information regarding alternative pupil attendance choice for its schools, programs, policies, and procedures. These costs shall be offset to the extent that fees may be charged pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Government Code § 6250 et seq.).

#### B. Implementing Pupil Transfers

School districts of residence to provide the district of choice, information regarding the transferring pupil's completed coursework, attendance, and other academic progress, and to otherwise implement the transfer out of pupils, as well as the return transfer of a pupil whose choice transfer has been revoked by the district of choice as a result of a recommendation for expulsion.

### C. Data Collection and Reporting

School districts of residence to collect data on the number of transfers granted, denied, or withdrawn, and annually report these statistics to the district governing board and Superintendent of Public Instruction.

## D. Court-ordered Desegregation Plans

School districts of residence with court-ordered desegregation plans to make a determination of whether the transfer to a school district of choice will negatively impact the plan; and to participate in and to respond to a county board of education's appeal process, resulting only from a denied transfer based on the negative impact upon that district court-ordered desegregation plan.

The above components, 7.A. through 7.D., are reimbursable for the period 1/1/94 through 6/30/94,1994/95, and subsequent fiscal years.

#### E. Appeal Process

All county boards of education shall establish an appropriate, non-complex process to hear and decide appeals filed by the parent or guardian of any pupil who has been denied a choice transfer by a district of residence pursuant to section 48209.1 or 48209.7 and to respond to an appeal filed by the parent or guardian of any pupil who has been denied a choice transfer by a district of residence pursuant to section 48209.1 or 48209.7.

The above component 7.E., is reimbursable for the period 9/30/94 through 6/30/95, 1995/96, and subsequent fiscal years.

#### 8. Reimbursement Limitations

- A. Any offsetting savings or reimbursement the claimant received from any source (e.g. service fees collected, federal funds, other state funds, etc.,) as a result of this mandate shall be identified and deducted so only net local costs are claimed.
- B. The reimbursable costs for the mandated activity to make information specifically related to alternative pupil attendance choices available to interested parties, must be offset or reduced by the amount of fees that may be charged by school districts as authorized under California Public Records Act (Government Code § 6250 et seq.).





#### 9. Claiming Forms and Instructions

The diagram "Illustration of Claim Forms" provides a graphical presentation of forms required to be filled with a claim. A claimant may submit a computer generated report in substitution for forms SDC-1 and SDC-2 provided the format of the report and data fields contained within the report are identical to the claim forms included in these instructions. The claim forms provided with these instructions should be duplicated and used by the claimant to file estimated or reimbursement claims. The State Controller's Office will revise the manual and claim forms as necessary. In such instances, new replacement forms will be mailed to claimants.

## A. Form SDC-2, Component/Activity Cost Detail

This form is used to segregate the detailed costs by claim component. A separate form SDC-2 must be completed for each cost component being claimed. Costs reported on this form must be supported as follows:

#### (1) Salaries and Benefits

Identify the employee(s), and/or show the classification of the employee(s) involved. Describe the mandated functions performed and specify the actual time devoted to each function by each employee, the productive hourly rates and related fringe benefits.

Source documents required to be maintained by the claimant may include, but are not limited to, employee time records that show the employee's actual time spent on this mandate.

#### (2) Materials and Supplies

Only expenditures that can be identified as a direct cost of the mandate may be claimed. List the cost of materials consumed or expended specifically for the purpose of this mandate.

Source documents required to be maintained by the claimant may include, but are not limited to, invoices, receipts, purchase orders and other documents evidencing the validity of the expenditures.

#### (3) Contracted Services

Contracting costs are reimbursable to the extent that the function to be performed requires special skill or knowledge that is not readily available from the claimant's staff, or the service to be provided by the contractor is cost effective. Use of contract services must be justified by the claimant.

Give the name(s) of contractor(s) who performed the service(s). Describe the activities performed by each named contractor, actual time spent on this mandate, inclusive dates when services were performed, and itemize all costs for services performed. Attach consultant invoices with the claim.

Source documents required to be maintained by the claimant may include, but are not limited to, contracts, invoices, and other documents evidencing the validity of the expenditures.

For audit purposes, all supporting documents must be retained for a period of two years after the end of the calendar year in which the reimbursement claim was filed or last amended, whichever is later. When no funds are appropriated for the initial claim at the time the claim was filed, supporting documents must be retained for two years from the date of initial payment of the claim. Such documents shall be made available to the State Controller's Office on request.





#### B. Form SDC-1, Claim Summary

This form is used to summarize direct costs by claim component and compute allowable indirect costs for the mandate. Claim statistics shall identify the work performed for costs claimed. The claimant must give the following statistics:

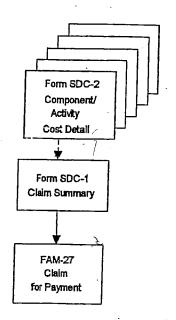
- (1) The number of requests for "choice" transfers out of the district of residence.
- (2) The number of "choice" transfers out of the district of residence granted.
- (3) The number of requests for "choice" transfers into the district of choice. (Applicable only to districts that have adopted the choice plan, and are filing claims for reimbursement as a result of their concurrent status as a "district of residence".).
- (4) The number of "choice" transfers into the district of choice that were granted. (Applicable only to districts that have adopted the choice plan, and are filing claims for reimbursement as a result of their concurrent status as a "district of residence".).
- (5) The number of "choice" transfer appeals filed, when the "choice" transfers were denied by the district of residence pursuant to section 48209.1 or 48209.7. (Applicable only to county boards of education.)

School districts and local offices of education may compute the amount of indirect costs utilizing the State Department of Education's Annual Program Cost Data Report J-380 or J-580 rate, as applicable. The cost data on this form are carried forward to form FAM-27.

#### C. Form FAM-27, Claim for Payment

Form FAM-27 contains a certification that must be signed by an authorized representative of the district. All applicable information from form SDC-1 must be carried forward to this form for the State Controller's Office to process the claim for payment.

#### Illustration of Claim Forms



#### Form SDC-2 Component/Activity Cost Detail

Complete a separate form SDC-2, for each cost component for which expenses are claimed.

- 1. Information Requests
- 2. Implementing Pupil Transfers
- 3. Data Collection and Reporting
- 4. Court-ordered Desegregation Plans
- 5. County Appeals Process



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		CLAIM FOR PAYMEN			
	i	nt to Government Code S	(19) Program Number 0	0156	
	S	SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CH TRANSFERS AND APPE	(20) Date Filed/		
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Ā	(02) Claimant Name	<del></del>	Reimbursem	ent Claim Data	
E				(22) SDC-1, (03)(a)	
L	County of Location		•	(23) SDC-1, (03)(b)	
E	Street Address or P.O. Box		Suite	(24) SDC-1, (03)(c)	
RE	Citv	State	Zip Code	(25) SDC-1, (03)(d)	
. ]	Type of Claim	Estimated Claim	Reimbursement Claim	(26) SDC-1, (03)(e)	
		(03) Estimated	(09) Reimbursement	(27) SDC-1, (04)(1)(d)	
		(04) Combined	(10) Combined	(28) SDC-1, (04)(2)(d)	
-		(05) Amended	(11) Amended	(29) SDC-1, (04)(3)(d)	
Į	Fiscal Year of Cost	(06) 20/20	(12) 20/20	(30) SDC-1, (04)(4)(d)	·
ľ	Total Claimed Amount	(07)	(13)	(31) SDC-1, (04)(5)(d)	
	Less: 10% Late Penalty,	, not to exceed \$1,000	(14)	(32) SDC-1, (06)	
	Less: Prior Claim Payment Received		(15)	(33)	
.	Net Claimed Amount		(16)	(34)	
	Due to Claimant	(08)	(17)	(35)	-
ļ	Due to State		(18)	(36)	
1	(37) CERTIFICATION (	visions of Government Code &	17561. I certify that I am the c	officer authorized by the Le	-
I c	with the State of California penalty of perjury that I have further certify that there we costs claimed herein; and a 60, Statutes of 1993, and 0	for costs mandated by Chapte ve not violated any of the provious no application other than from the costs are for a new programmer 1262, Statutes of 1994.	r 160, Statutes of 1993, and C sions of Government Code Se om the claimant, nor any grar am or increased level of servi	hapter 1262, Statutes of 19 ections 1090 to 1096, inclu- at or payment received, for ces of an existing program	194, and certify under sive.  reimbursement of mandated by Chapter
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# SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CHOICE: TRANSFERS AND APPEALS Certification Claim Form Instructions

FORM FAM-27

(01) Leave blank.

(02) A set of mailing labels with the claimant's I.D. number and address was enclosed with the letter regarding the claiming instructions. The mailing labels are designed to speed processing and prevent common errors that delay payment. Affix a label in the space shown on form FAM-27. Cross out any errors and print the correct information on the label. Add any missing address items, except county of location and a person's name. If you did not receive labels, print or type your agency's mailing address.

(03) If filling an original estimated claim, enter an "X" in the box on line (03) Estimated.

(04) If filling an original estimated claim on behalf of districts within the county, enter an "X" in the box on line (04) Combined.

(05) If filling an amended or combined claim, enter an "X" in the box on line (05) Amended. Leave boxes (03) and (04) blank.

(06) Enter the fiscal year in which costs are to be incurred.

(07) Enter the amount of estimated claim. If the estimate exceeds the previous year's actual costs by more than 10%, complete form SDC-1 and enter the amount from line (11).

(08) Enter the same amount as shown on line (07).

(10) If filing an original reimbursement claim on behalf of districts within the county, enter an "X" in the box on line (10) Combined.

(11) If filing an amended or a combined claim on behalf of districts within the county, enter an "X" in the box on line (11) Amended.

(12) Enter the fiscal year for which actual costs are being claimed, if actual costs for more than one fiscal year are being claimed, complete a separate form FAM-27 for each fiscal year.

(13) Enter the amount of reimbursement claim from form SDC-1, line (11).

(14) Reimbursement claims must be filed by January 15 of the following fiscal year in which costs are incurred or the claims shall be reduced by a late penalty. Enter either the product of multiplying line (13) by the factor 0.10 (10% penalty) or \$1,000, whichever is less.

(15) If filing a reimbursement claim and a claim was previously filed for the same fiscal year, enter the amount received for the claim.

Otherwise, enter a zero.

(16) Enter the result of subtracting line (14) and line (15) from line (13).

(17) If line (16) Net Claimed Amount is positive, enter that amount on line (17) Due from State.

(18) If line (16) Net Claimed Amount is negative, enter that amount in line (18) Due to State.

(19) to (21) Leave blank.

(22) to (36) Reimbursement Claim Data. Bring forward the cost information as specified on the left-hand column of lines (22) through (36) for the reimbursement claim, e.g., SDC-1, (03)(a), means the information is located on form SDC-1, block (03), line (a). Enter the information on the same line but in the right-hand column. Cost information should be rounded to the nearest dollar, i.e., no cents. Indirect costs percentage should be shown as a whole number and without the percent symbol, i.e., 7.548% should be shown as 8. Completion of this data block will expedite the payment process.

(37) Read the statement "Certification of Claim." If it is true, the claim must be dated, signed by the agency's authorized officer, and must include the person's name and title, typed or printed. Claims cannot be paid unless accompanied by a signed certification.

Enter the name, telephone number, and e-mall address of the person to contact if additional information is required.

SUBMIT A SIGNED, ORIGINAL FORM FAM-27 WITH ALL OTHER FORMS AND SUPPORTING DOCUMENT'S (NO COPIES NECESSARY) TO:

Address, if delivered by U.S. Postal Service:

Address, if delivered by other delivery service:

OFFICE OF THE STATE CONTROLLER ATTN: Local Reimbursements Section Division of Accounting and Reporting P.O. Box 942850 Sacramento, CA 94250

OFFICE OF THE STATE CONTROLLER ATTN: Local Reimbursements Section Division of Accounting and Reporting 3301 C Street, Sulte 500 Sacramento, CA 95816



(38)

Form FAM-27 (Revised 9/01)

Chapters 160/93 and 1262/94

State Controller's	Office

## School Mandated Cost Manual

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MANDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CHOICE: CLAIM SUN		ORM DC-1				
(01) Claimant	(02) Type of	(02) Type of Claim			'ear	
e .	Reimbu					
	Estimat	ed		19/1	9	
Claim Statistics	<del></del>		<u> </u>			
(03)(a) Number of requests for "choice" transfers o	ut of the district	of residence		T		
(b) Number of "choice" transfers out of the distr	ict of residence	granted			·	
(c) Number of requests for "choice" transfers in	to the district of	choice				
(d)_Number of "choice" transfers into the distric				_		
(e) Number of "choice" transfer appeals filed, w		_	ridence			
	- I		<del></del>	<u> </u>		
Direct Costs		Object A	ccounts	~		
(04) Reimbursable Components:	(a)	(b)	(c)	1.	d)	
·	Salaries and Benefits	Materials and Supplies	Contracted Services	То	tel	
1. Information Requests						
2. Implementing Pupil Transfers						
3. Data Collection and Reporting						
4. Court-ordered Desegregation Plans						
5. Appeals Process		<u> </u>				
(05) Total Direct Costs			<del></del>			
Indirect Costs		<u> </u>		J		
6) Indirect Cost Rate [From J-380 or J-580]					%	
(07) Total Indirect Costs	[Line (06) x (Line (05	)(d) - line (05)(c)}]				
08) Total Direct and Indirect Costs [Line (05)(d) + line (07)]						
Cost Reduction		<del></del>		<u> </u>		
(09) Less: Offsetting Savings, if applicable	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			<del></del>		
(10) Less: Other Reimbursements, if applicable			· ·	· · · · · ·		
11) Total Claimed Amount	(Line (08) - (L	ine (09) + Line (10)}	l ·			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					- 1	

Chapters 160/93 and 1262/94



## SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CHOICE AND CHOICE TRANSFER APPEALS CLAIM SUMMARY

FORM SDC-1

Instructions

- (01) Enter the name of the claimant.
- (02) Type of Claim. Check a box, Reimbursement or Estimated, to identify the type of claim being filed. Enter the fiscal year for which costs were incurred or are to be incurred.

Form SDC-1 must filed for a reimbursement claim. Do not complete form SDC-1 if you are filing an estimated claim and the estimate does not exceed the previous fiscal year's actual costs by more than 10%. Simply enter the amount of the estimated claim on form FAM-27, line (07). However, if the estimated claim exceeds the previous fiscal year's actual costs by more than 10%, form SDC-1 must be completed and a statement attached explaining the increased costs. Without this information the high estimated claim will automatically be reduced to 110% of the previous fiscal year's actual costs.

- (03) Enter the following statistical information:
  - (a) Number of requests for "choice" transfers out of the district of residence.
  - (b) Number of "choice" transfers out of the district of residence granted.
  - (c) Number of requests for "choice" transfers into the district of choice. (Applicable only to districts which have adopted the choice plan, and are filing claims for reimbursement as a result of their concurrent status as a "district of residence".)
  - (d) Number of "choice" transfers into the district of choice. (Applicable only to districts which have adopted the choice plan, and are filing claims for reimbursement as a result of their concurrent status as a "district of residence".)
  - (e) Number of "choice" transfer appeals filed where a district of residence denied the choice transfer pursuant to § 48209.1 or 48409.7. (Applicable only to county offices of education.)
- (04) Reimbursable Components. For each reimbursable component enter the totals from form SDC-2 line (05), columns (d), (e), and (f) to form SDC-1, block (04) columns (a), (b), and (c) in the appropriate row. Total each row.
- (05) Total Direct Costs. Total block (05) columns (a), through (d).
- (06) Indirect Cost Rate. Enter the indirect cost rate from the Department of Education form J-380 or J-580, as applicable, for the fiscal year of the costs.
- (07) Total Indirect Costs. Enter the result of multiplying the difference of Total Direct Costs, line (05)(d) and Contracted Services, line (05)(c) by the Indirect Cost Rate, line (06).
- (08) Total Direct and Indirect Costs. Enter the sum of line (05)(d) and line (07).
- (09) Less: Offsetting Savings, if applicable. Enter the total savings experienced by the claimant as a direct result of this mandate. Submit a detailed schedule of savings with the claim.
- (10) Less: Other Reimbursements, if applicable. Enter the amount of fees that could have been collected by the school district as authorized under the California Public Records Act (Government Code § 6250 et. seq.) for providing information requested by interested persons regarding its schools. In addition, enter the amount of any other reimbursements received from any source (i.e., service fees collected, federal funds, other state funds, etc.,) which reimbursed any portion of the mandated cost program. Submit a detailed schedule of the reimbursement sources and amounts.
- (11) Total Claimed Amount. Subtract the sum of Offsetting Savings, line (09), and Other Reimbursements, line (10), from Total Direct and Indirect Costs, line (08). Enter the remainder of this line and carry the amount forward to form FAM-27, line (07), for the Estimated Claim, or line (13), for the Reimbursement Claim.



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State	Cal	ntrol	llar'a	Office

### School Mandated Cost Manual



# MANDATED COSTS SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CHOICE: TRANSFERS AND APPEALS COMPONENT/ACTIVITY COST DETAIL

FORM SDC-2

COMPONENT/ACT	IVITY COST [	DETAIL		•	300-2	
01) Claimant	(02) Fisca	al Year Costs	Were Incum	ed		_
3) Reimbursable Component: Check only or	ne box per form	n to identify the	ne compone	nt being clai	med.	-
Information Requests				egation Plan		
Implementing Pupil Transfers		Appeal Pr			• .	<u> </u>
Data Collection and Reporting						
4) Description of Expenses: Complete column	ns (a) through	(f).	0	bject Accou	ınts	-
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	-
Employee-Names, Job Classifications, Functions Performe and	Hourly Rate or	Hours Worked or	Salaries and Benefits	Materials and Supplies	Contracted Services	1
Description of Expenses	Unit Cost	Quantity		1	CONICCS	-
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) Total Subtotal Page	e: of _					

Chapters 160/93 and 1262/94

New 3/97



# SCHOOL DISTRICT OF CHOICE: TRANSFERS AND APPEALS COMPONENT/ACTIVITY COST DETAIL Instructions

FORM SDC-2

- (01) Enter the name of the claimant.
- (02) Enter the fiscal year for which costs were incurred.
- (03) Reimbursable Components. Check the box which indicates the cost component being claimed. Check only one box per form. A separate form SDC-2 shall be prepared for each component which applies.
- Description of Expenses. The following table identifies the type of information required to support reimbursable costs. To detail costs for the component activity box "checked" in block (03), enter the employee names, position titles, a brief description of their activities performed, actual time spent by each employee, productive hourly rates, fringe benefits, supplies used, contracted services, etc. The descriptions required in column (4)(a) must be of sufficient detail to explain the cost of activities or items being claimed. If the descriptions are incomplete, the claim cannot be processed for payment. For audit purposes, all supporting documents must be retained by the claimant for a period of not less than two years after the end of the calendar year in which the reimbursement claim was filed, or last amended, whichever is later. When no funds are appropriated for the initial claim at the time the claim was filed, supporting documents must be retained for two years from the date of initial payment of the claim. Such documents shall be made available to the State Controller's Office on request.

Object/	Columns				Submit thes supporting		
Subobject Accounts	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	<b>(f)</b>	documents with the clair
Salaries	Employee Name	Hourly Rate	Hours Worked	Salaries = Hourly Rate x Hours Worked			
**	Title	Benefit		Benefits = Benefit Rate			
Benefits	Activities Performed	Rate		x Salaries			
Materials and Supplies	Description of Supplies Used	Unit Cost	Quantity Used		Cost = Unit Cost x Quantity Consumed		
Contracted Services	Name of Contractor Specific Tasks Performed	Hourly Rate	Hours Worked Inclusive Dates for Service		337	Itemized Cost for Services Performed	Invoice

(05) Total line (04), columns (d), (e), and (f) and enter the sum on this line. Check the appropriate box to indicate if the amount is a total or subtotal. If more than one form is needed for the component/activity, number each page. Enter totals from line (05), columns (d), (e), and (f) to form SDC-1, block (04) columns (a), (b), and (c) in the appropriate row.



New 3/97

Chapters 160/93 and 1262/94



Received November 1, 2011 Commission on State Mandates

**Exhibit B** 

California State Controller

Division of Accounting and Reporting

November 1, 2011

Nancy Patton, Interim Executive Director Commission on State Mandates 980 Ninth Street, Suite 300 Sacramento, CA 95814

Re:

School District of Choice: Transfers and Appeals, 11-4451-I-05

Chula Vista Elementary School District, Claimant

Statutes 1993, Chapter 160 Fiscal Year 1997-1998

Dear Ms. Patton:

We have reviewed the Incorrect Reduction Claim (IRC) submitted by the Chula Vista Elementary School District on July 29, 2011. Based on this review we have discovered that the IRC was not filed within the timeframe required by the regulations. Pursuant to the California Code of Regulations, Title 2, Section 1185(c), all incorrect reduction claims shall be filed with the Commission no later than three (3) years following the date of the Office of State Controller's final state audit report, letter, remittance advice, or other written notice of adjustment notifying the claimant of a reduction. Our records show that an adjustment letter was sent to the district on January 15, 2002, advising the claimant of the reduction. Attached for your information is a copy of the letter. Therefore, we believe that the IRC could not have been filed after January 15, 2005.

If you have any questions, please contact Dennis Speciale at (916) 324-0254 or e-mail to dspeciale@sco.ca.gov.

Sincerely,

JAY LAL, Manager

Local Reimbursements Section

Attachment

cc:

Richard Chivaro, Chief Counsel, State Controller's Office



Received
November 1, 2011
Commission on
s376tate Mandates

# KATHLEEN CONNELL CONTROLLER OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA DIVISION OF ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING

JANUARY 15, 2002

BD OF TRUSTEES CHULA VISTA ELEMENTARY SD SAN DIEGO COUNTY 84 EAST J STREET CHULA VISTA CA 91910-6199

DEAR CLAIMANT:

RE: SCH DIST CHOICE CH1262/94

WE HAVE REVIEWED YOUR 1997/1998 FISCAL YEAR REIMBURSEMENT CLAIM FOR THE MANDATED COST PROGRAM REFERENCED ABOVE. THE RESULTS OF OUR REVIEW ARE AS FOLLOWS:

AMOUNT CLAIMED 25,081.00

ADJUSTMENT TO CLAIM:

INDIRECT COSTS OVERSTATED - 1,197.00
INTRADISTRICT COST ADJUSTMENT - 23,884.00

LESS: TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS - 25,081.00

CLAIM AMOUNT APPROVED 0.00

AMOUNT DUE CLAIMANT \$ 0.00

IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS, PLEASE CONTACT HIEP PHAM AT (916) 323-2363 OR IN WRITING AT THE STATE CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, DIVISION OF ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING, P.O. BOX 942850, SACRAMENTO, CA 94250-5875.

SINCERELY,

GINNY BRUMMELS,

MANAGER

#### COMMISSION ON STATE MANDATES

980 NINTH STREET, SUITE 300 SACRAMENTO, CA 95814 PHONE: (916) 323-3562 FAX: (916) 445-0278 E-mail: csminfo@csm.ca.gov



March 18, 2016

Mr. Keith Petersen SixTen & Associates P.O. Box 340430 Sacramento, CA 95834-0430 Ms. Jill Kanemasu State Controller's Office Accounting and Reporting 3301 C Street, Suite 700 Sacramento, CA 95816

And Parties, Interested Parties, and Interested Persons (See Mailing List)

Re: Draft Proposed Decision, Schedule for Comments, and Notice of Hearing

School District of Choice: Transfers and Appeals, 11-4451-I-05

Education Code Sections 48209.1, 48209.7, 48209.9, 48209.10, 48209.13, and 48209.14

Statutes 1993, Chapter 160 (AB 19), Statutes 1994, Chapter 1262 (AB 2768)

Fiscal Years: 1997-1998

Chula Vista Elementary School District, Claimant

Dear Mr. Petersen and Ms. Kanemasu:

The draft proposed decision for the above-named matter is enclosed for your review and comment.

#### **Written Comments**

Written comments may be filed on the draft proposed decision by **April 8, 2016**. You are advised that comments filed with the Commission on State Mandates (Commission) are required to be simultaneously served on the other interested parties on the mailing list, and to be accompanied by a proof of service. However, this requirement may also be satisfied by electronically filing your documents. Refer to <a href="http://www.csm.ca.gov/dropbox\_procedures.php">http://www.csm.ca.gov/dropbox\_procedures.php</a> on the Commission's website for electronic filing instructions. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 2, § 1181.3.)

If you would like to request an extension of time to file comments, please refer to section 1187.9(a) of the Commission's regulations.

#### Hearing

This matter is set for hearing on **Friday, May 27, 2016**, at 10:00 a.m., State Capitol, Room 447, Sacramento, California. The proposed decision will be issued on or about May 13, 2016. Please let us know in advance if you or a representative of your agency will testify at the hearing, and if other witnesses will appear. If you would like to request postponement of the hearing, please refer to section 1187.9(b) of the Commission's regulations.

Sincerely

Heather Halsey Executive Director Hearing Date: May 27, 2016

J:\MANDATES\IRC\2011\4451 (School Dist of Choice Transfers and Appeals)\11-4451-I-05\IRC\DraftPD.docx

#### ITEM\_

# INCORRECT REDUCTION CLAIM DRAFT PROPOSED DECISION

Education Code Sections 48209.1, 48209.7, 48209.9, 48209.10, 48209.13, 48209.14, Statutes 1993, Chapter 160 (AB 19), Statutes 1994, Chapter 1262 (AB 2768)

School District of Choice: Transfers and Appeals

Fiscal Year 1997-1998

11-4451-I-05

Chula Vista Elementary School District, Claimant

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

#### Overview

This incorrect reduction claim (IRC) challenges the State Controller's (Controller's) finding that the Chula Vista Elementary School District (claimant) claimed unallowable costs of \$25,081 for the *School District of Choice* program for fiscal year 1997-1998. The following issues are addressed:

- Whether the claimant filed the IRC in a timely manner; and
- Whether the Controller initiated the audit in a timely manner.

#### The School District of Choice Program

In 1993 and 1994, the Legislature enacted statutes authorizing school districts to accept and enroll pupils who do not reside in the district upon request to transfer to their "school district of choice," also known as an interdistrict transfer. The statutes also established the right of a parent or guardian of a pupil to appeal any transfer request denial to the county board of education.

In 1995 and 1996, the Commission adopted decisions on two test claims, *School District of Choice* and *Choice Transfer Appeals*, finding that the test claim statutes imposed a partially reimbursable state-mandated program.<sup>2</sup> The parameters and guidelines for the two programs were consolidated in July 1996, and were renamed *School District of Choice: Transfers and* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Statutes 1993, chapter 160, adding former Education Code section 48209 et seq., effective January 1, 1994.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Commission on State Mandates, *School District of Choice* Statement of Decision, CSM-4451, adopted April 28, 1995, and *Choice Transfer Appeals* Statement of Decision, CSM-4476, adopted May 6, 1996.

Appeals. The parameters and guidelines authorize reimbursement for the following groups of activities beginning in 1994: (1) information requests; (2) implementing pupil transfers; (3) data collection and reporting; (4) for districts with court ordered desegregation plans to determine whether the transfer would negatively impact the plan; (5) for county boards of education to establish a process to hear and decide appeals by parents or guardians of pupils whose transfer has been denied by the district of residence.

On September 28, 2002, the Governor signed Statutes 2002, chapter 1032 (AB 3005), an urgency statute that amended the test claim statutes, making the program discretionary. On May 27, 2004, the Commission amended the parameters and guidelines to end reimbursement for the program on September 27, 2002.<sup>3</sup>

#### **Procedural History**

Claimant signed its 1997-1998 reimbursement claim on December 16, 1999, and it was received by the Controller on January 6, 2000.<sup>4</sup> The Controller sent a letter to claimant dated April 29, 2009, which the claimant received on May 4, 2009.<sup>5</sup> On May 4, 2009, the claimant requested an explanation from the Controller regarding the reason for the reduction,<sup>6</sup> to which the Controller responded by e-mail on June 2, 2009.<sup>7</sup> The IRC was filed on July 29, 2011.<sup>8</sup> The Controller filed comments on the IRC on November 1, 2011.<sup>9</sup> The claimant did not file a rebuttal to the Controller's comments.

Commission staff issued the Draft Proposed Decision on March 18, 2016. 10

#### **Commission Responsibilities**

Government Code section 17561(b) authorizes the Controller to audit the claims filed by local agencies and school districts and to reduce any claim for reimbursement of state-mandated costs that the Controller determines is excessive or unreasonable.

Government Code Section 17551(d) requires the Commission to hear and decide a claim that the Controller has incorrectly reduced payments to the local agency or school district. If the Commission determines that a reimbursement claim has been incorrectly reduced, section 1185.9

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Commission on State Mandates, *School District of Choice: Transfers and Appeals*, 02-PGA-05, adopted May 27, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Exhibit A, IRC, page 24.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Exhibit A, IRC, page 18. The Controller also alleges that it sent a letter notifying the claimant of the reduction for 1997-1998 on January 15, 2002 (Exhibit B, Controller's Comments on the IRC, page 2), but there is no evidence in the record to support a finding of whether or when this letter was actually sent or that it was received by claimant.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Exhibit A, IRC, pages 20-21.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Exhibit A, IRC, page 20.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Exhibit A, IRC.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Exhibit B, Controller's Comments on the IRC.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Exhibit C, Draft Proposed Decision.

of the Commission's regulations requires the Commission to send the decision to the Controller and request that the incorrectly reduced costs be reinstated.

The Commission must review questions of law, including interpretation of parameters and guidelines, de novo, without consideration of legal conclusions made by the Controller in the context of an audit. The Commission is vested with exclusive authority to adjudicate disputes over the existence of state-mandated programs within the meaning of article XIII B, section 6. The Commission must also interpret the Government Code and implementing regulations in accordance with the broader constitutional and statutory scheme. In making its decisions, the Commission must strictly construe article XIII B, section 6 and not apply it as an "equitable remedy to cure the perceived unfairness resulting from political decisions on funding priorities." <sup>12</sup>

With regard to the Controller's audit decisions, the Commission must determine whether they were arbitrary, capricious, or entirely lacking in evidentiary support. This standard is similar to the standard used by the courts when reviewing an alleged abuse of discretion of a state agency.<sup>13</sup>

The Commission must also review the Controller's audit in light of the fact that the initial burden of providing evidence for a claim of reimbursement lies with the claimant. <sup>14</sup> In addition, sections 1185.1(f)(3) and 1185.2(c) of the Commission's regulations require that any assertions of fact by the parties to an IRC must be supported by documentary evidence. The Commission's ultimate findings of fact must be supported by substantial evidence in the record. <sup>15</sup>

#### **Claims**

The following chart provides a brief summary of the claims and issues raised and staff's recommendation.

Issue	Description	<b>Staff Recommendation</b>
Timely filing of the IRC.	The Controller argues that the IRC, filed July 29, 2011, was not filed	The IRC was timely filed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Kinlaw v. State of California (1991) 54 Cal.3d 326, 331-334; Government Code sections 17551, 17552.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> County of Sonoma v. Commission on State Mandates (2000) 84 Cal.App.4th 1264, 1281, citing City of San Jose v. State of California (1996) 45 Cal.App.4th 1802, 1817.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Johnston v. Sonoma County Agricultural Preservation and Open Space Dist. (2002) 100 Cal.App.4th 973, 983-984. See also American Bd. of Cosmetic Surgery, Inc. v. Medical Bd. of California (2008) 162 Cal.App.4th 534, 547.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Gilbert v. City of Sunnyvale (2005) 130 Cal.App.4th 1264, 1274-1275.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Government Code section 17559(b), which provides that a claimant or the state may commence a proceeding in accordance with the provisions of section 1094.5 of the Code of Civil Procedure to set aside a decision of the Commission on the ground that the Commission's decision is not supported by substantial evidence in the record.

within the three-year period of limitations in the Commission's regulations, based on an adjustment letter dated January 15, 2002. The claimant contends that it was first notified of an adjustment when it received an adjustment letter dated April 29, 2009. Both letters adjust costs to \$0 and contain the words "intradistrict cost adjustment."

On June 2, 2009, after the claimant requested an explanation about the adjustment, an employee of the State Controller's Office sent an email explaining that costs claimed for interdistrict transfers (pupils who reside outside the district) are reimbursable, but costs claimed for intradistrict transfers (pupils who reside within the district) are not reimbursable.

At the time pertinent to this IRC, former section 1185(b) of the Commission's regulations stated: "All incorrect reduction claims shall be filed with the commission no later than three (3) years following the date of the Office of State Controller's remittance advice or other notice of adjustment notifying the claimant of a reduction." <sup>16</sup>

And Government Code 17558.5(c) provided: "The Controller shall notify the claimant in writing within 30 days after issuance of a remittance advice of any adjustment to a claim for reimbursement that results from an audit or review. The notification shall specify the claim components

For IRCs, the "last element essential to the cause of action" that begins the running of the period of limitations (based on former section 1185 (now § 1185.1) of the Commission's regulations) is a notice to the claimant of the adjustment that includes the claim components, amounts adjusted, and reason for the adjustment in accordance with Government Code section 17558.5(c).

There is no evidence in the record that the January 15, 2002 adjustment letter was mailed or received by the claimant and thus, the Commission cannot find that the period of limitation began to accrue against the claimant with the January 15, 2002 letter. The claimant admits receiving the adjustment letter dated April 29, 2009, and the email from an employee of the Controller on June 2, 2009. Assuming for purposes of argument that either the April 29, 2009 adjustment letter or the June 2, 2009 email provides sufficient notice to the claimant and complies with Government Code section 17558.5(c), the IRC was timely filed on July 29, 2011, within three years of either of these notices.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> This regulation has since been renumbered as California Code of Regulations, title 2, section 1185.1(c).

	adjusted, the amounts adjusted, and the reason for the adjustment.	
	Remittance advices and other	
	notices of payment action shall not constitute notice of adjustment	
	from an audit or review." <sup>17</sup>	
Timely initiation of the audit.	At the time the underlying reimbursement claims were filed, Government Code section 17558.5 stated: "A reimbursement claim for actual costs filed by a local agency or school district is subject to an audit by the Controller no later than two years after the end of the calendar year in which the reimbursement claim is filed or last amended." The phrase "subject to audit" does not require the completion of the audit, but sets a time during which a claimant is on notice that an audit may occur.  Here, the claimant states that funds were appropriated for this program, and the Controller has not filed any evidence to the contrary. Thus, the claim is subject to the initiation of an audit "no later than two years after the end of the calendar year in which the reimbursement claim is filed." Because the reimbursement claim was filed on January 6, 2000, as indicated by the claimant and the date stamp on the claim, the Controller had until December 31, 2002, to initiate the	There is no evidence that the Controller timely initiated the audit, and thus, the audit is void.  There is no evidence in the record to support a finding that the Controller initiated the audit by the December 31, 2002 deadline, so staff cannot find that it was initiated within the two-year period of limitations in Government Code section 17558.5(a).  Failure to timely initiate the audit within the two-year deadline is a jurisdictional bar to any reductions made by the Controller of claimant's reimbursement claims.  Therefore, the audit is void.
	audit.	

### **Staff Analysis**

## A. The IRC Was Timely Filed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> See former Government Code section 17558.5(b) (Stats. 1995, ch. 945, eff. July 1, 1996).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Exhibit A, IRC, pages 14-15.

The Controller argues that the IRC, filed July 29, 2011, was not filed within the three-year period of limitations in the Commission's regulations based on an adjustment letter dated January 15, 2002. 19 Staff finds that the IRC was timely filed.

Government Code section 17558.5(c) requires the Controller to notify the claimant of any adjustment to a claim for reimbursement that results from an audit or review. The "notification shall specify the claim components adjusted, the amounts adjusted, and the reason for the adjustment." Government Code sections 17551 and 17558.7 then allow a claimant to file an IRC with the Commission if the Controller reduces a claim for reimbursement.

Since 1999, the Commission's regulations have provided a period of limitation for filing an IRC. At the time the reimbursement claim in this case was filed in 2000, former section 1185(b) of the Commission's regulations required IRCs to be "submitted to the Commission no later than three (3) years following the date of the State Controller's remittance advice notifying the claimant of a reduction." The issue is when the three-year period began to run.

For IRCs, the "last element essential to the cause of action" that begins the running of the period of limitation pursuant to Government Code section 17558.5 and former section 1185 (now § 1185.1) of the Commission's regulations, is a notice to the claimant of the adjustment that includes the reason for the adjustment. At the time the Controller's first letter was allegedly issued in 2002, Government Code section 17558.5(b) provided in pertinent part:

The Controller shall notify the claimant in writing within 30 days after issuance of a remittance advice of any adjustment to a claim for reimbursement that results from an audit or review. The notification shall specify the claim components adjusted, the amounts adjusted, and the reason for the adjustment. Remittance advices and other notices of payment action shall not constitute notice of adjustment from an audit or review.<sup>22</sup>

In this case, the Controller argues that the statute of limitations began accruing against the claimant on January 15, 2002, the date of the Controller asserts that it first sent "an adjustment letter." However, the claimant does not mention this letter in its IRC, saying that it first received a "result of review" letter on April 29, 2009.<sup>23</sup>

Moreover, there is no evidence in the record that the January 15, 2002 letter was ever sent to the claimant, or that the claimant received it. Unlike the notice dated April 29, 2009, the January 15, 2002 letter was *not* date-stamped "received" by the claimant. Nor was a proof of service or any other evidence of whether or when the letter was actually sent filed with the Controller's comments on this matter. A statute of limitations does not accrue until a claimant has sufficient

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Exhibit B, Controller's Comments on the IRC, page 1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Former Government Code section 17558.5(b) (Stats. 1995, ch. 945, eff. July 1, 1996).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Former California Code of Regulations, title 2, section 1185(b) (Register 1999, No. 38, eff. September 13, 1999). This same three-year requirement is currently in section 1185.1(c).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> See former Government Code section 17558.5(b) (Stats. 1995, ch. 945, eff. July 1, 1996). This section has since been amended and renumbered as 17558.5(c).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Exhibit A, IRC, page 4.

facts to be on notice or constructive notice that a wrong has occurred. In this respect, Government Code section 17558.5 requires the Controller to "notify the claimant in writing within 30 days after issuance of a remittance advice of any adjustment to a claim for reimbursement that results from an audit or review" and the notice is required to specify the claim components and amounts adjusted, and "the reason for the adjustment." On this record, there is no evidence that the claimant received written notice of the adjustment on or about January 15, 2002, and thus, the Commission cannot find that the period of limitation began to accrue against the claimant with the January 15, 2002 letter.

Like the letter dated in 2002, the April 29, 2009 letter provides some indication of the Controller's findings. However, it did trigger claimant to e-mail the Controller's Office seeking an explanation of the reduction. The June 2, 2009, e-mail response from the Controller's Office to the claimant's representative, which the claimant's representative acknowledges receiving, <sup>24</sup> states more clearly the Controller's reasons for the adjustment, but does not explain why costs were reduced to \$0. In addition, no evidence has been submitted that the contents of the employee's June 2, 2009 e-mail represent an official act or position of the Controller's Office. <sup>25</sup> The Controller's comments in response to this IRC do not address the merits of the adjustment, but argue that the IRC was not timely filed. <sup>26</sup>

Thus, it is not clear from this record if the Controller, in the April 29, 2009 notice or June 2, 2009 e-mail, complied with Government Code section 17558.5(c) by providing sufficient notice to the claimant. Notice that complies with section 17558.5(c) is required before time begins to accrue against a claimant to file an IRC.

Regardless of whether the beginning of the accrual period is measured from the April 29, 2009 adjustment letter or the June 2, 2009 email, both of which were received by the claimant, the IRC filed July 29, 2011 (within three years of these notices) is timely pursuant to the Commission's regulations.

# B. There Is No Evidence in the Record that the Controller Timely Initiated the Audit and thus, the Audit Findings Are Void.

The claimant alleges that the Controller did not audit its reimbursement claim in a timely manner because the Controller had two years to audit the reimbursement claim, measured from the date

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Exhibit A, IRC, page 20.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> California Code of Regulations, title 2, section 1187.5(c) and Government Code section 11515 authorize the Commission to take official notice of any documents that can be judicially noticed by the courts. Evidence Code section 452(c) permits a court to take judicial notice of "Official acts of the legislative, executive, and judicial departments of the United States and of any state of the United States." However, the court in *La Chance v. Valverde* (2012) 207 Cal.App.4th 779, 783 rejected a request to take judicial notice of emails exchanged between a deputy attorney general and opposing counsel as the "'[o]fficial acts of the legislative, executive, and judicial departments of the United States and of any state of the United States,' of which judicial notice may be taken."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Exhibit B. Controller's Comments on IRC.

the claim was filed in January 2000, so an adjustment made in 2009 is beyond the "statute of limitation" provided in Government Code section 17558.5(a).

At the time the reimbursement claim was filed in January 2000 (and as stated in Section VII. of the parameters and guidelines for this program)<sup>27</sup> Government Code section 17558.5(a), as added in 1995, provided that: "A reimbursement claim for actual costs filed by a local agency or school district pursuant to this chapter is subject to an audit by the Controller no later than two years after the end of the calendar year in which the reimbursement claim is filed or last amended." The phrase "subject to audit" does not require the completion of the audit. Such a reading adds words to the statute that are not there. If the words of a statute are clear, the court should not add to or alter them to accomplish a purpose that does not appear on the face of the statute. The statute, however, sets a time during which a claimant is on notice that an audit of a claim may occur. This reading is consistent with the plain language of the second sentence, which provides that when no funds are appropriated for the program, "the time for the Controller to initiate an audit shall commence to run from the date of initial payment of the claim." In 2002, the statute was clarified by changing "subject to audit" to "subject to the initiation of an audit." <sup>29</sup>

Here, the claimant states that funds were appropriated for this program, and the Controller has not filed any evidence rebutting this assertion.<sup>30</sup> Thus, the first sentence in the 1995 version of section 17558.5(a) applies, specifying that the reimbursement claim is subject to the initiation of an audit "no later than two years after the end of the calendar year in which the reimbursement claim is filed." Because the reimbursement claim was filed on January 6, 2000,<sup>31</sup> as indicated by the claimant and the date stamp on the claim, the Controller had until December 31, 2002, to initiate the audit.

Since section 17558.5 is silent as to the act or event that initiates an audit, it cannot, as a matter of law, be stated what that act or event is in all cases. The Controller has the burden of proof to show with evidence in the record that the claimant was notified that an audit was initiated by the statutory deadline to ensure that the claimant not dispose of any evidence or documentation to support its claim for reimbursement. In this IRC, there is no evidence in the record to support a finding that the Controller initiated the audit by the December 31, 2002 deadline.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> Exhibit A, IRC, page 59. Section VII. of the parameters and guidelines describes the "Supporting Data" to claim reimbursement and states the claims are subject to audit "no later than two years after the end of the calendar year in which the reimbursement claim is filed or last amended." Like section 17558.5, it also says: "However, if no funds are appropriated for the program for the fiscal year for which the claim is made, the time for the Controller to initiate an audit shall commence to run from the date of initial payment of the claim."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> Goodman v. Lozano (2010) 47 Cal.4th 1327, 1332.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> Statutes 2002, chapter 1128.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> Exhibit A, IRC, pages 14-15.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> Exhibit A, IRC, page 24.

The Controller alleges that the claimant was notified of the audit reduction by the adjustment letter dated January 15, 2002. <sup>32</sup> If this letter can be verified and shown that it was provided to the claimant, it may be shown that the audit commenced some time before January 15, 2002, and before the December 31, 2002 deadline. However, the Controller's allegation that the adjustment letter was sent on January 15, 2002, was not submitted under penalty of perjury in compliance with the Commission's regulations. <sup>33</sup> The letter does not contain a proof of service, certificate of mailing, or an affidavit by the Controller's Office to verify the date of mailing. By itself, the letter is an out of court document being used for the truth of the matter asserted (i.e., that the claimant was notified of a reduction before the time expired to initiate an audit) and is considered unreliable hearsay. <sup>34</sup> Moreover, there is no evidence in the record that the claimant received this letter. Nor does the April 29, 2009 letter provide information to indicate when the Controller initiated the audit. Thus, there is nothing in this record to verify when the Controller initiated the audit, or any evidence that the claimant was notified that it could not dispose of its supporting documents after the December 31, 2002 deadline.

Therefore, based on this record, staff finds that the Controller did not timely initiate the audit pursuant to Government Code section 17558.5(a) and, therefore, the audit findings are void.

#### Conclusion

For the reasons specified above, staff finds that the Controller did not timely initiate the audit pursuant to Government Code section 17558.5(a) and, therefore, the audit findings are void.

#### **Staff Recommendation**

Staff recommends that the Commission adopt the proposed decision to approve the IRC and request, pursuant to Government Code section 17551(d) and section 1185.9 of the Commission's regulations, that the Controller reinstate to the claimant the \$25,081 incorrectly reduced, consistent with these findings. Staff further recommends that the Commission authorize staff to make any technical, non-substantive changes following the hearing.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> Exhibit B, Controller's Comments on the IRC, pages 1-2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> California Code of Regulations, title 2, section 1187.5(b).

 $<sup>^{34}\</sup> People\ v.\ Zunis\ (2005)$ 134 Cal. App.4th<br/> Supp. 1, 5.

#### **BEFORE THE**

#### **COMMISSION ON STATE MANDATES**

#### STATE OF CALIFORNIA

IN RE INCORRECT REDUCTION CLAIM ON:

Education Code Sections 48209.1, 48209.7, 48209.9, 48209.10, 48209.13, 48209.14,

Statutes 1993, Chapter 160 (AB 19), Statutes 1994, Chapter 1262 (AB 2768)

Fiscal Year 1997-1998

Chula Vista Elementary School District, Claimant Case No.: 11-4451-I-05

School District of Choice: Transfers and

Appeals

DECISION PURSUANT TO GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 17500 ET SEQ.; CALIFORNIA CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 2, DIVISION 2, CHAPTER 2.5, ARTICLE 7

(Adopted May 27, 2016)

#### **DECISION**

The Commission on State Mandates (Commission) heard and decided this incorrect reduction claim (IRC) during a regularly scheduled hearing on May 27, 2016. [Witness list will be included in the adopted decision.]

The law applicable to the Commission's determination of a reimbursable state-mandated program is article XIII B, section 6 of the California Constitution, Government Code section 17500 et seq., and related case law.

The Commission [adopted/modified] the proposed decision to [approve/partially approve/deny] the IRC at the hearing by a vote of [vote count will be included in the adopted decision] as follows:

Member	Vote
Ken Alex, Director of the Office of Planning and Research	
Richard Chivaro, Representative of the State Controller	
Mark Hariri, Representative of the State Treasurer, Vice Chairperson	
Sarah Olsen, Public Member	
Eraina Ortega, Representative of the Director of the Department of Finance, Chairperson	
Carmen Ramirez, City Council Member	
Don Saylor, County Supervisor	

#### **Summary of the Findings**

This incorrect reduction claim (IRC) challenges the State Controller's (Controller's) finding that the Chula Vista Elementary School District (claimant) claimed unallowable costs of \$25,081 for the *School District of Choice* program for fiscal year 1997-1998. The following issues are addressed:

- Whether the claimant filed the IRC in a timely manner; and
- Whether the Controller initiated the audit in a timely manner.

The Commission finds that the IRC was filed in a timely manner, but there is no evidence in the record that the Controller initiated the audit before the statutory deadline. Therefore, the Commission finds that the Controller's audit is void and the IRC is approved. The Controller is requested, pursuant to Government Code section 17551(d) and section 1185.9 of the Commission's regulations, to reinstate to the claimant all costs incorrectly reduced.

#### **COMMISSION FINDINGS**

#### I. Chronology

12/16/1999	Claimant signed its 1997-1998 reimbursement claim. <sup>35</sup>
01/06/2000	Controller received the 1997-1998 reimbursement claim. <sup>36</sup>
04/29/2009	Controller sent claimant a letter with "results of [its] review" for the 1997-1998 reimbursement claim. <sup>37</sup>
05/04/2009	Claimant sent an email requesting an explanation of the "Intradistrict Cost Adjustment of 23,884.00." 38
06/02/2009	Controller e-mailed claimant explaining reduction for 1997-1998. <sup>39</sup>
07/29/2011	Claimant filed this IRC. <sup>40</sup>
11/01/2011	Controller filed comments on the IRC. <sup>41</sup>
03/18/2016	Commission staff issued the Draft Proposed Decision. <sup>42</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup> Exhibit A, IRC, page 24.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> *Ibid.* This is based on a date-stamp in the upper right corner of the document.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> Exhibit A, IRC, page 18. Note that Controller alleges that it first sent a letter to claimant on January 15, 2002, see Exhibit B, Controller's Comments on the IRC, page 2, but there is no evidence in the record to support a finding that the letter was received by claimant.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> Exhibit A, IRC, pages 20-21.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> Exhibit A, IRC, page 20.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup> Exhibit A, IRC.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> Exhibit B, Controller's Comments on the IRC.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> Exhibit C, Draft Proposed Decision.

#### II. Background

Generally, under California law, each person between the ages of six and 18 years of age is required to attend school located in the district where the parent or guardian of the pupil resides. In 1993 and 1994, the Legislature enacted statutes authorizing school districts to accept and enroll pupils who do not reside in the district upon request to transfer to their "school district of choice." The "*interdistrict*" transfer of pupils is not allowed, however, if the transfer would negatively impact a court-ordered desegregation plan, a voluntary desegregation plan, or the racial and ethnic balance of the either the school district of residence or school district of choice. The statutes also established the right of a parent or guardian of a pupil to appeal any transfer request denial to the county board of education.

In 1995 and 1996, the Commission adopted decisions on two test claims, *School District of Choice* and *Choice Transfer Appeals*, finding that the test claim statutes imposed a partially reimbursable state-mandated program.<sup>47</sup> The parameters and guidelines for the *School District of Choice* and *Choice Transfer Appeals* programs were consolidated in July 1996, and the consolidated program was renamed *School District of Choice: Transfers and Appeals*. The parameters and guidelines for the program authorize reimbursement for the following activities beginning in 1994:

#### 1. Information requests

For all school districts to respond to telephone and written inquiries for information regarding alternative pupil attendance choices for its schools, programs, policies, and procedures. These costs shall be offset to the extent that fees may be charged pursuant to the California Public Records Act (Government Code section 6250 et seq.).

#### 2. Implementing Pupil Transfers

For school districts of residence to provide the district of choice information regarding the transferring pupil's completed coursework, attendance, and other academic progress, and otherwise implement the transfer out of pupils, as well as the return transfer of a pupil whose choice transfer has been revoked by the district of choice as the result of a recommendation for expulsion.

#### 3. Data Collection and Reporting

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> Education Code section 48200.

 $<sup>^{44}</sup>$  Statutes 1993, chapter 160, adding former Education Code section 48209 et seq., effective January 1, 1994.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> Former Education Code section 48209.1(b).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>46</sup> Former Education Code sections 48209.9(d) (Stats. 1994, ch. 1262, eff. Sept. 30, 1994).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> Commission on State Mandates, *School District of Choice* Statement of Decision, CSM-4451, adopted April 28, 1995, and *Choice Transfer Appeals* Statement of Decision, CSM-4476, adopted May 6, 1996.

For school districts of residence to collect data on the number of transfers granted, denied, or withdrawn, and annually report these statistics to the district governing board and Superintendent of Public Instruction.

#### 4. Court-ordered Desegregation Plans

For school districts of residence with court-ordered desegregation plans to make a determination of whether the transfer to the school district of choice will negatively impact the plan.

#### 5. County Office Appeals

All county boards of education shall be reimbursed for the costs incurred to establish an appropriate, non-complex process to hear and decide appeals filed by the parent or guardian of any pupil who has been denied a choice transfer by a district of residence pursuant to section 48209.1 or 48209.7 and to respond to an appeal filed by the parent or guardian of any pupil who has been denied a choice transfer by a district of residence pursuant to section 48209.1 or 48209.7.

On September 28, 2002, the Governor signed Statutes 2002, chapter 1032 (AB 3005), an urgency statute that amended the code sections approved in the test claim decision, making the program discretionary. On May 27, 2004, the Commission amended the parameters and guidelines to end reimbursement for the program beginning September 27, 2002.<sup>49</sup>

#### The Controller's Audit and Reduction of Costs

The Controller conducted a desk review of the claimant's reimbursement claim for costs incurred in fiscal year 1997-1998, and reduced costs claimed by \$25,081, the entire amount claimed. The Controller did not prepare an audit report explaining the reduction. However, the following facts are in the record.

The fiscal year 1997-1998 reimbursement claim was signed by the claimant on December 16, 1999 and claimant states that it submitted the claim to the Controller on or about that date. The claim requested reimbursement of \$25,081, based only on the direct costs of \$23,884 for salaries and benefits of employees performing the first activity, "Information Requests," and indirect costs of \$1,197. The description of the expenses claimed states:

COSTS OF RESPONDING TO INFORMATION REQUESTS (BOTH ORALLY AND PROVIDING WRITTEN MATERIAL) REGARDING SCHOOLS WITHIN THE DISTRICT, THESE REQUESTS ARE FROM PARENTS WHO ARE CONSIDERING WHETHER TO REQUEST A SCHOOL (OTHER THAN THEIR SCHOOL OF RESIDENCE) UNDER THE ALTERNATIVE

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>48</sup> Exhibit A, IRC, pages 54-60.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>49</sup> Commission on State Mandates, Amendment to the Parameters and Guidelines, *School District of Choice: Transfers and Appeals*, 02-PGA-05, adopted May 27, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>50</sup> Exhibit A, IRC, pages 5 and 24. The claim in the record appears to have been date-stamped by the Controller on January 6, 2000.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>51</sup> Exhibit A, IRC, pages 24, 26.

# ATTENDANCE OPTIONS OF OPEN ENROLLMENT, INTRA-DISTRICT TRANSFER OR INTERDISTRICT TRANSFER.<sup>52</sup>

The reimbursement claim is date-stamped January 6, 2000, which the claimant states is the date the Controller received the reimbursement claim.<sup>53</sup> The Controller has not disputed this fact.

The Controller states that an "adjustment letter" on letterhead of the State Controller was sent on January 15, 2002, addressed to the claimant as follows:

Bd of Trustees Chula Vista Elementary SD San Diego County 84 East J Street Chula Vista, CA 91910-6199<sup>54</sup>

This letter states that the 1997-1998 reimbursement claim requesting reimbursement of \$25,081 was adjusted to \$0 as follows:

Amount Claimed	25,081.00

Adjustment to Claim:

Indirect Costs Overstated 1,197.00 Intradistrict Cost Adjustment 23,884.00

Less: Total Adjustments 25,081.00

Claim Amount Approved 0.00

Amount Due Claimant \$ 0.00.55

The letter also provides the claimant with the name of the contact person at the Controller's Office for questions. No other information was provided.

The claimant's IRC does not mention the January 15, 2002 letter. Instead, claimant acknowledges receipt of only one letter from the Controller's Office dated April 29, 2009, as follows:

The District received a 'results of review' letter dated April 29, 2009, reducing its claim as a result of the desk review. This letter constitutes a demand for repayment and adjudication of the claim.<sup>56</sup>

The letter, dated April 29, 2009, is on the Controller's letterhead, contains the same address for the claimant as the letter dated January 15, 2002, and provides substantially the same information as the letter allegedly issued on January 15, 2002.<sup>57</sup> Unlike the January 15, 2002 letter provided

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>52</sup> Exhibit A, IRC, page 27.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>53</sup> Exhibit A, IRC, pages 5 and 24.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>54</sup> Exhibit B, Controller's Comments on IRC, page 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>55</sup> Exhibit B, Controller's Comments on IRC, page 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>56</sup> Exhibit A, IRC, page 4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>57</sup> Exhibit A, IRC, page 18.

by the Controller with its comments on the IRC, however, the April 29, 2009 letter is date-stamped by the claimant "RECEIVED May 04, 2009, CHULA VISTA ELEM SCH DIST ACCOUNTING DEPT."

On May 4, 2009, the claimant's representative (SixTen and Associates) sent an email to Kim Nguyen of the State Controller's Office asking for an explanation about the adjustment as follows:

Chula Vista Elementary (S37035) received an advisory dated April 29, 2009 regarding the Mandate Claim for Program 156, School District of Choice Chapter 1262/94 for fiscal year 1997/1998. The advisory states "Intradistrict Cost Adjustment" of \$23,884.00. The district has requested that we query the state regarding this adjustment and ask for an explanation. As you are listed as the "contact person" on this advisory, would you please provide us with an explanation of the adjustment?<sup>58</sup>

Ms. Nguyen of the Controller's Office responded by email on May 4, 2009, advising the claimant's representative to contact Dennis Speciale of the Controller's Office "for assistance tomorrow." The claimant's representative then forwarded the emails to Mr. Speciale that same day. 60

On June 2, 2009, Mr. Speciale of the Controller's Office emailed the claimant's representative at 11:48 a.m., explaining that the adjustment was based on cost items dealing with "Information Requests" for *intradistrict* transfers, or transfers within the district, which are not eligible for reimbursement under this program. Reimbursement is required only for information requests on *interdistrict* transfers. The email states in relevant part the following:

I will do the best I can to explain the adjustment below.

Referencing:

Chula Vista Elementary (S37035)

Program 156, School District of Choice Chapter 1262/94

Fiscal Year: 1997/1998

An adjustment was made, "Intradistrict Cost Adjustment" for \$23,884.00. This adjustment was made specifically for cost items dealing with Information Request. The adjustments criteria are has [sic] follows:

- 1) If a group of cost fall under the description of providing "...information request..." relating to "..interdistrict district transfer.." then no adjustments are made to these costs. These are valid costs as they relate to providing interdistrict information requests.
- 2) If a group of cost falls under the description of providing "...information requests..." relating to "...intradistrict.." or "...within the school district..",

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>58</sup> Exhibit A, IRC, page 21.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>59</sup> *Ibid*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>60</sup> Exhibit A, IRC, page 20.

then we will need to remove these cost [sic]. Intradistrict-related cost [sic] are not reimbursable.<sup>61</sup>

At 1:50 p.m. the same day, the claimant's representative acknowledged receipt of the Controller's email. 62

On December 15, 2009, claimant's representative sent an email to Mr. Speciale of the Controller's Office requesting a copy of the reimbursement claim and annual documents.<sup>63</sup> Claimant states that it received the documents on December 16, 2009.<sup>64</sup>

On July 29, 2011, claimant filed this IRC.

#### III. Positions of the Parties

#### A. Chula Vista Elementary School District

The claimant argues that the \$25,081 reduced is incorrect and should be reinstated. According to claimant, it received notice of the reduction on April 29, 2009 as a result of a Controller desk audit, but with no explanation of the reason for the reduction. The claimant argues that the Controller had two years to audit the reimbursement claim, measured from the date the claim was filed in January 2000, and that an adjustment made in 2009 is too late and beyond the "statute of limitation" provided in Government Code section 17558.5(a).

On the merits, claimant argues that the scope of the activity to provide information is broad, and is not limited to requests for information about interdistrict transfers only. Claimant bases its argument on the plain language of former Education Code section 48209.13, which states the following: "Each school district shall make information regarding its schools, programs, policies, and procedures available to any interested person upon request." Thus, claimant argues that it properly claimed costs for providing information about intradistrict transfers.

#### **B.** State Controller's Office

The Controller argues that the IRC was not timely filed because the adjustment letter dated January 15, 2002, advised claimant of the reduction. Therefore, the IRC filed July 29, 2011, was not filed within the three-year deadline required by the Commission's regulations.<sup>66</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>61</sup> Exhibit A, IRC, page 20. Intradistrict transfers are the subject of a separate mandated program called *Intradistrict Attendance*, CSM 4454, which required school districts to prepare and adopt rules establishing and implementing a policy of open enrollment within the district for residents of the district; establish and operate a random selection process in excess of schoolsite capacity; determine the attendance area capacity of the schools in the district; and evaluate each request for intradistrict attendance for its impact on district racial and ethnic balances.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>62</sup> Exhibit A, IRC, pager 20.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>63</sup> Exhibit A, IRC, page 22.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>64</sup> Exhibit A, IRC, page 6.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>65</sup> Exhibit A, IRC, page 18.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>66</sup> Exhibit B, Controller's Comments on the IRC, pages 1-2.

#### IV. Discussion

Government Code section 17561(b) authorizes the Controller to audit the claims filed by local agencies and school districts and to reduce any claim for reimbursement of state mandated costs that the Controller determines is excessive or unreasonable.

Government Code Section 17551(d) requires the Commission to hear and decide a claim that the Controller has incorrectly reduced payments to the local agency or school district. If the Commission determines that a reimbursement claim has been incorrectly reduced, section 1185.9 of the Commission's regulations requires the Commission to send the decision to the Controller and request that the costs in the claim be reinstated.

The Commission must review questions of law, including interpretation of the parameters and guidelines, de novo, without consideration of legal conclusions made by the Controller in the context of an audit. The Commission is vested with exclusive authority to adjudicate disputes over the existence of state-mandated programs within the meaning of article XIII B, section 6.<sup>67</sup> The Commission must also interpret the Government Code and implementing regulations in accordance with the broader constitutional and statutory scheme. In making its decisions, the Commission must strictly construe article XIII B, section 6 and not apply it as an "equitable remedy to cure the perceived unfairness resulting from political decisions on funding priorities."

With regard to the Controller's audit decisions, the Commission must determine whether they were arbitrary, capricious, or entirely lacking in evidentiary support. This standard is similar to the standard used by the courts when reviewing an alleged abuse of discretion of a state agency.<sup>69</sup> Under this standard, the courts have found that:

When reviewing the exercise of discretion, "[t]he scope of review is limited, out of deference to the agency's authority and presumed expertise: 'The court may not reweigh the evidence or substitute its judgment for that of the agency. [Citation.]" ... "In general ... the inquiry is limited to whether the decision was arbitrary, capricious, or entirely lacking in evidentiary support. . . ." [Citations.] When making that inquiry, the " "court must ensure that an agency has adequately considered all relevant factors, and has demonstrated a rational connection between those factors, the choice made, and the purposes of the enabling statute." [Citation.] "70

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>67</sup> *Kinlaw v. State of California* (1991) 54 Cal.3d 326, 331-334; Government Code sections 17551, 17552.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>68</sup> County of Sonoma v. Commission on State Mandates (2000) 84 Cal.App.4th 1264, 1281, citing City of San Jose v. State of California (1996) 45 Cal.App.4th 1802, 1817.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>69</sup> Johnston v. Sonoma County Agricultural Preservation and Open Space Dist. (2002) 100 Cal.App.4th 973, 983-984. See also American Bd. of Cosmetic Surgery, Inc. v. Medical Bd. of California (supra.) 162 Cal.App.4th 534, 547.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>70</sup> American Bd. of Cosmetic Surgery, Inc. v. Medical Bd. of California (2008) 162 Cal.App.4th 534, 547-548.

The Commission must review the Controller's audit in light of the fact that the initial burden of providing evidence for a claim of reimbursement lies with the claimant. <sup>71</sup> In addition, sections 1185.1(f)(3) and 1185.2(c) of the Commission's regulations require that any assertions of fact by the parties to an IRC must be supported by documentary evidence. The Commission's ultimate findings of fact must be supported by substantial evidence in the record. <sup>72</sup>

#### A. The IRC Was Timely Filed.

The Controller argues that the IRC, filed July 29, 2011, was not filed within the three-year period of limitation in the Commission's regulations based on the adjustment letter dated January 15, 2002.<sup>73</sup> The Commission finds, based on the evidence in the record, that the IRC was timely filed.

Under the statutory mandates scheme, a reimbursement claim filed by a local agency or school district is subject to the initiation of an audit by the Controller within the time periods specified in Government Code section 17558.5(a). Government Code section 17558.5(c) requires the Controller to notify the claimant of any adjustment to a claim for reimbursement that results from an audit or review. The "notification shall specify the claim components adjusted, the amounts adjusted, and the reason for the adjustment." Government Code sections 17551 and 17558.7 then allow a claimant to file an IRC with the Commission if the Controller reduces a claim for reimbursement.

Since 1999, the Commission's regulations have provided a period of limitation for filing an IRC. At the time the reimbursement claim in this case was filed in 2000, former section 1185(b) of the Commission's regulations required IRCs to be "submitted to the Commission no later than three (3) years following the date of the State Controller's remittance advice notifying the claimant of a reduction." The period of limitation for filing an IRC is currently in section 1185.1(c), which similarly provides that "[a]ll incorrect reduction claims shall be filed with the Commission no later than three years following the date of the Office of State Controller's final state audit report, letter, remittance advice, or other written notice of adjustment to a reimbursement claim." An IRC is deemed incomplete by Commission staff and returned to the claimant if it is not timely filed. The commission of the claimant if it is not timely filed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>71</sup> Gilbert v. City of Sunnyvale (2005) 130 Cal.App.4th 1264, 1274-1275.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>72</sup> Government Code section 17559(b), which provides that a claimant or the state may commence a proceeding in accordance with the provisions of section 1094.5 of the Code of Civil Procedure to set aside a decision of the Commission on the ground that the Commission's decision is not supported by substantial evidence in the record.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>73</sup> Exhibit B, Controller's Comments on the IRC, page 1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>74</sup> Former Government Code section 17558.5(b) (Stats. 1995, ch. 945, eff. July 1, 1996).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>75</sup> Former California Code of Regulations, title 2, section 1185(b) (Register 1999, No. 38, eff. September 13, 1999).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>76</sup> California Code of Regulations, title 2, sections 1181.2(e), 1185.2.

"Critical to applying a statute of limitations is determining the point when the limitations period begins to run." Thus, given the multiple documents issued by the Controller in this case, the threshold issue is when the right to file an IRC based on the Controller's reductions accrued, and consequently when the applicable period of limitations began to run against the claimant.

The goal of any underlying limitation statute or regulation is to require diligent prosecution of known claims so that the parties have the necessary finality and predictability for resolution while evidence remains reasonably available and fresh. The California Supreme Court has described statutes of limitations as follows:

A statute of limitations strikes a balance among conflicting interests. If it is unfair to bar a plaintiff from recovering on a meritorious claim, it is also unfair to require a defendant to defend against possibly false allegations concerning long-forgotten events, when important evidence may no longer be available. Thus, statutes of limitations are not mere technical defenses, allowing wrongdoers to avoid accountability. Rather, they mark the point where, in the judgment of the legislature, the equities tip in favor of the defendant (who may be innocent of wrongdoing) and against the plaintiff (who failed to take prompt action): "[T]he period allowed for instituting suit inevitably reflects a value judgment concerning the point at which the interests in favor of protecting valid claims are outweighed by the interests in prohibiting the prosecution of stale ones." 79

The general rule, supported by a long line of cases, holds that a statute of limitations attaches when a cause of action arises; when the action can be maintained. <sup>80</sup> Generally, the Court noted, "a plaintiff must file suit within a designated period after the cause of action accrues." <sup>81</sup> The cause of action accrues, the Court said, "when [it] is complete with all of its elements." <sup>82</sup> Put another way, the courts have held that "[a] cause of action accrues 'upon the occurrence of the last element essential to the cause of action." <sup>83</sup> Although the courts have carved out some exceptions to the statute of limitations, and have delayed or tolled the accrual of a cause of action when a plaintiff is justifiably unaware of facts essential to a claim or when latent additional

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>77</sup> Pooshs v. Phillip Morris USA, Inc. (2011) 51 Cal.4th 788, 797.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>78</sup> Addison v. State of California (1978) 21 Cal.3d 313, 317; Jordach Enterprises, Inc. v. Brobeck, Phleger & Harrison (1998) 18 Cal.4th 739, 761.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>79</sup> Pooshs v. Phillip Morris USA, Inc. (2011) 51 Cal.4th 788, 797.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>80</sup> See, e.g., *Osborn v. Hopkins* (1911) 160 Cal. 501, 506 ["[F]or it is elementary law that the statute of limitations begins to run upon the accrual of the right of action, that is, when a suit may be maintained, and not until that time."]; *Dillon v. Board of Pension Commissioners* (1941) 18 Cal.2d 427, 430 ["A cause of action accrues when a suit may be maintained thereon, and the statute of limitations therefore begins to run at that time."].

<sup>81</sup> Ibid

<sup>82</sup> Ibid [quoting Norgart v. Upjohn Co. (1999) 21 Cal.4th 383, 397].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>83</sup> Seelenfreund v. Terminix of Northern California, Inc. (1978) 84 Cal.App.3d 133 [citing Neel v. Magana, Olney, Levy, Cathcart & Gelfand (1971) 6 Cal.3d 176].

injuries later become manifest,<sup>84</sup> those exceptions are limited and do not apply when a plaintiff has sufficient facts to be on notice or constructive notice that a wrong has occurred and that he or she has been injured.<sup>85</sup> The courts do not toll a statute of limitations because the full extent of the claim, or its legal significance, or even the identity of a defendant, is not yet known at the time the cause of action accrues.<sup>86</sup>

For IRCs, the "last element essential to the cause of action" that begins the running of the period of limitation pursuant to former section 1185 (now § 1185.1) of the Commission's regulations, is notice to the claimant of the adjustment that includes the claim components, amounts adjusted, and the reason for the adjustment. As enacted in 1995, Government Code section 17558.5(b) provided in pertinent part:

The Controller shall notify the claimant in writing within 30 days after issuance of a remittance advice of any adjustment to a claim for reimbursement that results from an audit or review. The notification shall specify the claim components adjusted, the amounts adjusted, and the reason for the adjustment. Remittance

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>84</sup> Royal Thrift and Loan Co. v. County Escrow, Inc. (2004) 123 Cal.App.4th 24, 43 ["Generally, statutes of limitation are triggered on the date of injury, and the plaintiff's ignorance of the injury does not toll the statute... [However,] California courts have long applied the delayed discovery rule to claims involving difficult-to detect injuries or the breach of fiduciary relationship." (Emphasis added.)]; Pooshs v. Phillip Morris USA, Inc. (2011) 51 Cal.4th 788, 802, where the court held that for statute of limitations purposes, a later physical injury caused by the same conduct "can, in some circumstances, be considered 'qualitatively different'." The court limited its holding to latent disease cases, and did not decide whether the same rule applied in other contexts. (Id. p. 792.)

from DES could not be maintained against multiple manufacturers when exact identity of defendant was unknown did not toll the statute]; *Goldrich v. Natural Y Surgical Specialties, Inc.* (1994) 25 Cal.App.4th 772, 780 [belief that patient's body, and not medical devices implanted in it, was to blame for injuries did not toll the statute]; *Campanelli v. Allstate Life Insurance Co.* (9th Cir. 2003) 322 F.3d 1086, 1094 [Fraudulent engineering reports concealing the extent of damage did not toll the statute of limitations, nor provide equitable estoppel defense to the statute of limitations]; *Abari v. State Farm Fire & Casualty Co.* (1988) 205 Cal.App.3d 530, 534 [Absentee landlord's belated discovery of that his homeowner's policy might cover damage caused by subsidence was not sufficient reason to toll the statute]. See also *McGee v. Weinberg* (1979) 97 Cal.App.3d 798, 804 ["It is the occurrence of some ... cognizable event rather than knowledge of its legal significance that starts the running of the statute of limitations."].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>86</sup> Scafidi v. Western Loan & Building Co. (1946) 72 Cal.App.2d 550, 566 ["Our courts have repeatedly affirmed that mere ignorance, not induced by fraud, of the existence of the facts constituting a cause of action on the part of a plaintiff does not prevent the running of the statute of limitations."]. See also, Baker v. Beech Aircraft Corp. (1974) 39 Cal.App.3d 315, 321 ["The general rule is that the applicable statute...begins to run when the cause of action accrues even though the plaintiff is ignorant of the cause of action or of the identity of the wrongdoer."].

advices and other notices of payment action shall not constitute notice of adjustment from an audit or review. 87

An IRC can be maintained and filed with the Commission to challenge the Controller's findings pursuant to Government Code sections 17551 and 17558.7, as soon as the Controller issues a notice reducing a claim for reimbursement which specifies the claim components, amounts adjusted, and the reason for adjustment in accordance with Government Code section 17558.5. The Commission's regulations give local government claimants three years following the notice of adjustment required by Government Code section 17558.5(c), in whatever written form provided by the Controller, to file an IRC with the Commission, or otherwise be barred from such action. The IRC must include a detailed narrative describing the alleged reductions and a copy of any "written notice of adjustment from the Office of the State Controller that explains the reason(s) for the reduction or disallowance." 88, 89

In this case, the Controller contends that the statute of limitations began accruing against the claimant on January 15, 2002, the date the Controller asserts that it sent the first letter. However, the claimant does not mention this letter in its IRC, and instead contends that it first received a letter from the Controller on April 29, 2009, as follows:

This incorrect reduction claim is timely filed. Title 2, CCR, Section 1185(b), requires incorrect reduction claims to be filed no later than three years following the date of the Controller's "written notice of adjustment notifying the claimant of a reduction." The Controller conducted a desk review of the District's FY 1997-98 annual claim. The District received a "results of review" letter dated April 29, 2009, reducing its claim as a result of the desk review. This letter constitutes a demand for repayment and adjudication of the claim. 90

There is no evidence in the record that the January 15, 2002 letter was ever sent to the claimant, or that the claimant received it. Unlike the letter dated April 29, 2009, the January 15, 2002 letter was *not* date-stamped "received" by the claimant. And as indicated above, a statute of limitations does not accrue until a claimant has sufficient facts to be on notice or constructive notice that a wrong has occurred. In this respect, Government Code section 17558.5 requires the Controller to "notify the claimant in writing within 30 days after issuance of a remittance advice of any adjustment to a claim for reimbursement that results from an audit or review" and the notice is required to specify the claim components, amounts adjusted, and the "the reason for the adjustment." Evidence to support the Controller's contention that the January 15, 2002 letter was served on the claimant could come, for example, from a declaration or proof of service by

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>87</sup> See former Government Code section 17558.5(b) (Stats. 1995, ch. 945, eff. July 1, 1996).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>88</sup> California Code of Regulations, title 2, section 1185.1(c) and (f)(4); See also, Former California Code of Regulations, title 2, section 1185(c) and (d)(4) (Register 2010, No. 44).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>89</sup> This interpretation is consistent with previously adopted Commission decisions. See Commission on State Mandates, Decision, *Collective Bargaining*, 05-4425-I-11, adopted December 5, 2014, and Decision, *Handicapped and Disabled Students*, 05-4282-I-03 adopted September 25, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>90</sup> Exhibit A, IRC, page 4.

the Controller's Office setting forth the title of the document served, the name and business address of the person making the service, the date and place of deposit in the mail, the name and address of the person served as shown on the envelope, and that the envelope was sealed and deposited in the mail with the postage fully prepaid. The fact of service could also be supported by the filing of the return receipt for certified mail with a post office stamp. Evidence in the record that the January 15, 2002 letter was properly mailed or served is required before the Commission can presume under the law that the letter was received in the ordinary course of mail, absent evidence from the claimant to the contrary. However, no such facts are contained in the record for this IRC. Therefore, on this record, there is no evidence that the claimant received written notice of the adjustment on or about January 15, 2002 and, thus, the Commission cannot find that the period of limitation began to accrue against the claimant with the January 15, 2002 letter. Even if evidence were filed to support a finding that the January 15, 2002 letter was mailed to and received by the claimant, additional analysis would still be required to determine whether the letter provided sufficient notice under Government Code section 17558.5 to trigger the accrual of the period of limitation to file an IRC.

The second letter dated April 29, 2009, which the claimant admits receiving on May 4, 2009, contains the same information as the January 15, 2002 letter. Both letters identify the amount adjusted, which was the full amount claimed for the one component of providing information to parents and guardians about alternative pupil attendance choices. However, the later letter prompted the claimant to contact the Controller's Office on May 4, 2009, to ask for an explanation of the adjustment. This raises the issue of whether the information contained in the letter of April 29, 2009, sufficiently specifies the reason for the adjustment as required by Government Code section 17558.5 to trigger accrual of the period of limitation.

Assuming for the purposes of argument that either the April 29, 2009 letter or the June 2, 2009 email, both of which were received by the claimant, complies with Government Code section 17558.5(c), the IRC was timely filed. Whether the beginning of the accrual period is measured from the April 29, 2009 adjustment letter or the June 2, 2009 email, the Commission finds that the IRC filed July 29, 2011 (less than three years after either of these notices) is timely because it complies with the three-year period of limitation in the Commission's regulations.

Accordingly, based on evidence in the record, the Commission finds that this IRC was timely filed.

# B. There Is No Evidence in the Record that the Controller Timely Initiated the Audit and thus, the Audit Findings Are Void.

The claimant contends that the Controller did not audit its reimbursement claim in a timely manner. The claimant argues that the Controller had two years to audit the reimbursement claim,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>91</sup> See, e.g., Code of Civil Procedure section 1013a.

<sup>92</sup> Call v. Los Angeles County Gen. Hosp. (1978) 77 Cal.App.3d 911, 916-917.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>93</sup> Evidence Code section 641; *Bear Creek Master Ass'n. v. Edwards* (2005) 130 Cal.App.4th 1470, 1486.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>94</sup> In addition, the Controller's allegation of fact (that the letter was sent) was not submitted under penalty of perjury as required by section 1187.5(b) of the Commission's regulations.

measured from the date the claim was filed in January 2000, and that an adjustment made in 2009 is too late and beyond the "statute of limitation" provided in Government Code section 17558.5(a).

At the time the reimbursement claim was filed in January 2000 (and as stated in Section VII. of the parameters and guidelines for this program), <sup>95</sup> Government Code section 17558.5(a), as added in 1995, provided that:

A reimbursement claim for actual costs filed by a local agency or school district pursuant to this chapter is subject to an audit by the Controller no later than two years after the end of the calendar year in which the reimbursement claim is filed or last amended. However, if no funds are appropriated for the program for the fiscal year for which the claim is made, the time for the Controller to initiate an audit shall commence to run from the date of initial payment of the claim.<sup>96</sup>

The plain language of Government Code section 17558.5, as added in 1995, provides that reimbursement claims are "subject to audit" no later than two years after the end of the calendar year that the reimbursement claim was filed. The phrase "subject to audit" does not require the completion of the audit. Such a reading adds words to the statute that are not there. If the words of a statute are clear, the court should not add to or alter them to accomplish a purpose that does not appear on the face of the statute. <sup>97</sup> The statute, however, sets a time during which a claimant is on notice that an audit of a claim may occur. This reading is consistent with the plain language of the second sentence, which provides that when no funds are appropriated for the program, "the time for the Controller to initiate an audit shall commence to run from the date of initial payment of the claim."

This interpretation is also consistent with the Legislature's 2002 amendment to Government Code section 17558.5, effective January 1, 2003, clarifying that "subject to audit" means "subject to the initiation of an audit," as follows in underline and strikeout:

For auditing purposes, all costs claimed must be traceable to source documents (e.g. employee time records, invoices, receipts, purchase orders, contracts, etc.) and/or worksheets that show evidence of and the validity of such claimed costs. Pursuant to Government Code section 17558.5, subdivision (a), a reimbursement claim for actual costs filed by a local agency or school district is subject to audit by the State Controller no later than two years after the end of the calendar year in which the reimbursement claim is filed or last amended. However, if no funds are appropriated for the program for the fiscal year for which the claim is made, the time for the Controller to initiate an audit shall commence to run from the date of initial payment of the claim.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>95</sup> Exhibit A, IRC, page 59. Section VII. of the parameters and guidelines describes the "Supporting Data" to claim reimbursement as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>96</sup> Government Code section 17558.5, as added by Statutes 1995, chapter 945, effective July 1, 1996.

<sup>97</sup> Goodman v. Lozano (2010) 47 Cal.4th 1327, 1332.

A reimbursement claim for actual costs filed by a local agency or school district pursuant to this chapter is subject to the initiation of an audit by the Controller no later than two three years after the end of the calendar year in which the date that the actual reimbursement claim is filed or last amended, whichever is later. However, if no funds are appropriated or no payment is made to a claimant for the program for the fiscal year for which the claim is made filed, the time for the Controller to initiate an audit shall commence to run from the date of initial payment of the claim. 98, 99

Here, the claimant states that funds were appropriated for this program, and the Controller has not filed any evidence rebutting this assertion. Thus, the first sentence in the 1995 version of section 17558.5(a) applies, specifying that the reimbursement claim is subject to the initiation of an audit "no later than two years after the end of the calendar year in which the reimbursement claim is filed." Because the reimbursement claim was filed on January 6, 2000, <sup>101</sup> as indicated by the claimant and the date stamp on the letter, the Controller had until December 31, 2002, to initiate the audit.

The Legislature did not specifically define the event that initiates the audit and, unlike other auditing agencies that have adopted formal regulations to clarify when the audit begins (which can be viewed as the controlling interpretation of a statute), the Controller has not adopted a regulation for the audits of state-mandate reimbursement claims. Since section 17558.5 is silent as to the act or event that initiates an audit, the Commission cannot, as a matter of law, state what the act or event is in all cases. Rather, the Commission must determine when the audit commenced and whether it was timely initiated based on the evidence in the record.

The requirement to initiate an audit no later than two years after the end of the calendar year in which the reimbursement claim is filed requires a unilateral act of the Controller. And failure to timely initiate the audit within the two-year deadline is a jurisdictional bar to any reductions made by the Controller of claimant's reimbursement claims. <sup>103</sup> In this respect, the initiation provisions of Government Code section 17558.5 are better characterized as a statute of repose,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>98</sup> Statutes 2002, chapter 1128.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>99</sup> This section was amended again (Stats. 2004, ch. 313, eff. Jan. 1, 2005) to require an audit to be completed not later than two years after it is commenced.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>100</sup> Exhibit A, IRC, pages 14-15.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>101</sup> Exhibit A, IRC, page 24.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>102</sup> See, e.g., regulations adopted by the California Board of Equalization (title 18, section 1698.5, stating that an "audit engagement letter" is a letter "used by Board staff to confirm the start of an audit or establish contact with the taxpayer.").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>103</sup> Courts have ruled that when a deadline is for the protection of a person or class of persons, and the language of the statute as a whole indicates the Legislature's intent to enforce the deadline, the deadline is mandatory. (*People v. McGee* (1977) 19 Cal.3d 948, 962, citing *Morris v. County of Marin* (18 Cal.3d 901, 909-910). Because the deadlines in Government Code section 17558.5 are mandatory and not directory, the requirement to meet the statutory deadline is jurisdictional.

rather than a statute of limitations. The statute provides a period during which an audit or review may be initiated, and after which the claimant may enjoy repose, dispose of any evidence or documentation to support their claims, and assert a defense that the audit is not timely and therefore void.

The court in *Giest v. Sequoia Ventures, Inc.*, described a statute of repose as follows:

Unlike an ordinary statute of limitations which begins running upon accrual of the claim, [the] period contained in a statute of repose begins when a *specific event occurs*, regardless of whether a cause of action has accrued or whether any injury has resulted." [citations] A statute of repose thus is harsher than a statute of limitations in that it cuts off a right of action after a specified period of time, irrespective of accrual or even notice that a legal right has been invaded. 104

Described by another court in *Inco Development Corp. v. Superior Court*, <sup>105</sup> the characteristics of a statute of repose include that it is "not dependent upon traditional concepts of accrual of a claim, but is tied to an independent, objectively determined and verifiable event…"

However, whether analyzed as a statute of repose, or a statute of limitations, the unilateral act that must occur before the expiration of the statutory period may be interpreted similarly. That is, the filing of a civil action may be interpreted analogously to the initiation of an audit, to the extent that the initiation of the audit, like the commencement of a civil action, terminates the running of the statutory period, and vests authority in the party to proceed. However, unlike a plaintiff filing a complaint in court within a statutory time period to protect against a statute of limitations defense barring the matter, Government Code section 17558.5 does not require the Controller to lodge a document to *prove* it timely initiated an audit. Nevertheless, because it is the Controller's authority to audit that must be exercised within a specified time, it must be within the Controller's exclusive control to meet or fail to meet the deadline imposed. The Controller has the burden of proof on this issue and must show with evidence in the record that the claimant was notified that an audit was being initiated by the statutory deadline to ensure that the claimant not dispose of any evidence or documentation to support its claim for reimbursement. In this IRC, there is no evidence in the record to support a finding that the Controller initiated the audit by the December 31, 2002 deadline.

The Controller alleges that the claimant was notified of the audit reduction by the letter dated January 15, 2002. Since the letter indicates that the Controller was reducing costs to \$0, then it can logically be presumed, *if* this letter can be verified and shown that it was provided to the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>104</sup> Giest v. Sequoia Ventures, Inc. (2000) 83 Cal.App.4th 300, 305.

 $<sup>^{105}</sup>$  Inco Development Corp. v. Superior Court (2005), 131 Cal. App.4th 1014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>106</sup> Liptak v. Diane Apartments, Inc. (1980) 109 Cal.App.3d 762, 773 ["A party does not have a vested right in the time for the commencement of an action [and nor] does he have a vested right in the running of the statute of limitations prior to its expiration." (citing Kerchoff-Cuzner Mill and Lumber Company v. Olmstead (1890) 85 Cal. 80; Mudd v. McColgan (1947) 30 Cal.2d 463, 468)].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>107</sup> Exhibit B, Controller's Comments on the IRC, pages 1-2.

claimant, that the audit commenced some time before the January 15, 2002 date of the letter and, thus, before the December 31, 2002 deadline.

However, the Controller's allegation that the letter was sent on January 15, 2002, was not submitted under penalty of perjury in compliance with the Commission's regulations. The letter itself does not contain a proof of service, certificate of mailing, or an affidavit by the Controller's Office to verify the date of mailing. By itself, the letter is an out of court document being used for the truth of the matter asserted (i.e., that the claimant was notified of a reduction before the time expired to initiate an audit) and is considered unreliable hearsay. And, as explained in the section above, there is no evidence in the record that the claimant received this letter. Unlike the letter dated April 29, 2009, which the claimant states is the first notice received, the January 15, 2002 letter is not date stamped "received" by the claimant. Moreover, the April 29, 2009 letter does not provide any information to indicate when the Controller initiated the audit. Thus, there is nothing in this record to verify when the Controller initiated the audit, or any evidence that the claimant was notified that it could not dispose of its supporting documents after the December 31, 2002 deadline.

Therefore, based on this record, the Commission finds that the Controller did not timely initiate the audit pursuant to Government Code section 17558.5(a) and, therefore, the audit findings are void.

#### V. Conclusion

For the reasons discussed above, the Commission approves this IRC. The Commission requests, pursuant to Government Code section 17551(d) and section 1185.9 of the Commission's regulations, that the Controller reinstate to the claimant the \$25,081 incorrectly reduced, consistent with these findings.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>108</sup> California Code of Regulations, title 2, section 1187.5(b).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>109</sup> People v. Zunis (2005) 134 Cal.App.4th Supp. 1, 5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>110</sup> Exhibit A, IRC, page 4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>111</sup> Exhibit A, IRC, page 18.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>112</sup> The facts in this case are unlike a previous IRC decided by the Commission (*Health Fee Elimination*, 05-4206-I-06, March 27, 2015) where the record contained declarations and admissions from the claimant showing that it received actual notice that an audit was being initiated before the deadline imposed by Government Code section 17558.5(a), which was sufficient to verify that finding.

#### **DECLARATION OF SERVICE BY EMAIL**

I, the undersigned, declare as follows:

I am a resident of the County of Sacramento and I am over the age of 18 years, and not a party to the within action. My place of employment is 980 Ninth Street, Suite 300, Sacramento, California 95814.

On March 18, 2016, I served the:

Draft Proposed Decision, Schedule for Comments, and Notice of Hearing

School District of Choice: Transfers and Appeals, 11-4451-I-05

Education Code Sections 48209.1, 48209.7, 48209.9, 48209.10, 48209.13, and 48209.14

Statutes 1993, Chapter 160 (AB 19), Statutes 1994, Chapter 1262 (AB 2768)

Fiscal Years: 1997-1998

Chula Vista Elementary School District, Claimant

by making it available on the Commission's website and providing notice of how to locate it to the email addresses provided on the attached mailing list.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct, and that this declaration was executed on March 18, 2016 at Sacramento, California.

Jill L) Magee

Commission on State Mandates 980 Ninth Street, Suite 300 Sacramento, CA 95814

(916) 323-3562

3/18/2016 Mailing List

## **COMMISSION ON STATE MANDATES**

### **Mailing List**

Last Updated: 3/14/16

**Claim Number:** 11-4451-I-05

Matter: School District of Choice: Transfer and Appeals

Claimant: Chula Vista Elementary School District

#### TO ALL PARTIES, INTERESTED PARTIES, AND INTERESTED PERSONS:

Each commission mailing list is continuously updated as requests are received to include or remove any party or person on the mailing list. A current mailing list is provided with commission correspondence, and a copy of the current mailing list is available upon request at any time. Except as provided otherwise by commission rule, when a party or interested party files any written material with the commission concerning a claim, it shall simultaneously serve a copy of the written material on the parties and interested parties to the claim identified on the mailing list provided by the commission. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 2, § 1181.3.)

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RECEIVED

May 02, 2016

Commission on
State Mandates

LATE FILING

**Exhibit D** 

April 29, 2016

Heather Halsey, Executive Director Commission on State Mandates 980 Ninth Street, Suite 300 Sacramento, CA 95814

Re: <u>Draft Proposed Decision</u>, Schedule for Comments, and Notice of Hearing

School District of Choice: Transfers and Appeals, 11-4451-I-05

Education Code Sections 48209.1, 48209.7, 48209.9, 48209.10, 48209.13, and 48209.14

Statutes 1993, Chapter 160 (AB19), Statutes 1994, Chapter 1262 (AB 2768)

Fiscal Year: 1997-1998

Chula Vista Elementary School District, Claimant

Dear Ms. Halsey:

The State Controller's Office (SCO) reviewed the Commission on State Mandates' (CSM) draft proposed decision related to the above incorrect reduction claim (IRC) filed by Chula Vista Elementary School District (Chula Vista). We do not concur with the conclusion and recommendation.

Pursuant to the California Code of Regulations, Title 2, section 1185.1(c), all IRCs shall be filed with the CSM no later than three (3) years following the date of the SCO's final state audit report, letter, remittance advice, or other written notice of adjustment notifying the claimant of a reduction. The adjustment letter was sent to Chula Vista prior to the December 31, 2002 deadline, per the 1995 version of Government Code section 17558.5.

In our review, we found that the same adjustment letter, sent to Chula Vista on January 15, 2002, was also sent to 509 other school districts on that date for the same program and fiscal year. Furthermore, of the 509 other schools that received the adjustment letter, Chula Vista's and 42 other school districts' claims were reduced to zero as a result of adjustments for disallowed costs. The SCO was within the timeframe to initiate an audit of the claim filed and received by the SCO on January 6, 2000.

The second adjustment letter, dated April 29, 2009, was generated in error due to a system glitch while processing interest payments. This second adjustment letter was only sent to Chula Vista and the 42 other school districts whose claims were reduced to zero. Of these 43 claimants, Chula Vista was the only claimant contesting that they did not receive the original adjustment letter sent on January 15, 2002.

Heather Halsey April 29, 2016 Page 2

The SCO's process, which has not changed for over a decade, with respect to sending adjustment letters non-certified by U.S. Postal Service has not resulted in any issues. Based on the first adjustment letter dated January 15, 2002, the claimant should not have been able to file an IRC after January 15, 2005.

If you have any questions, please contact Melma Dizon by telephone at (916) 327-3559, or by email at MDizon@sco.ca.gov.

Sincerely,

ANNE KATO, Chief Bureau of Payments

cc: Shawn Silva, Senior Staff Counsel, State Controller's Office

#### **DECLARATION OF SERVICE BY EMAIL**

I, the undersigned, declare as follows:

I am a resident of the County of Sacramento and I am over the age of 18 years, and not a party to the within action. My place of employment is 980 Ninth Street, Suite 300, Sacramento, California 95814.

On May 2, 2016, I served the:

#### **SCO Late Comments on Draft Proposed Decision**

School District of Choice: Transfers and Appeals, 11-4451-I-05

Education Code Sections 48209.1, 48209.7, 48209.9, 48209.10, 48209.13, and 48209.14

Statutes 1993, Chapter 160 (AB 19), Statutes 1994, Chapter 1262 (AB 2768)

Fiscal Year: 1997-1998

Chula Vista Elementary School District, Claimant

By making it available on the Commission's website and providing notice of how to locate it to the email addresses provided on the attached mailing list.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct, and that this declaration was executed on May 2, 2016 at Sacramento, California.

Lorenzo Duran

Commission on State Mandates 980 Ninth Street, Suite 300

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4/5/2016 Mailing List

## **COMMISSION ON STATE MANDATES**

### **Mailing List**

Last Updated: 3/24/16

**Claim Number:** 11-4451-I-05

Matter: School District of Choice: Transfer and Appeals

Claimant: Chula Vista Elementary School District

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