Minutes

COMMISSION ON STATE MANDATES

Location of Meeting: Room 447 State Capitol, Sacramento, California May 24, 2013

Present: Member Richard Gillihan, Chairperson Representative of the Director of the Department of Finance Member Ronald Placet, Vice Chairperson Representative of the State Controller Member Andre Rivera Representative of the State Treasurer Member Ken Alex Director of the Office of Planning and Research Member Sarah Olsen Public Member Member Carmen Ramirez City Council Member Member Don Saylor County Supervisor

NOTE: The transcript for this hearing is attached. These minutes are designed to be read in conjunction with the transcript.

CALL TO ORDER AND ROLL CALL

Chairperson Gillihan called the meeting to order at 10:00 a.m.

Executive Director Heather Halsey called the roll.

PUBLIC COMMENT FOR MATTERS NOT ON THE AGENDA

Chairperson Gillihan asked if there was any public comment. There was no response.

CONSENT CALENDAR

If there are no objections to any of the following action items designated by an asterisk (*), the *Executive Director will include each one on the Proposed Consent Calendar that will be presented at the hearing. The Commission will determine which items will remain on the Consent Calendar.*

HEARINGS AND DECISIONS PURSUANT TO CALIFORNIA CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 2, CHAPTER 2.5, ARTICLE 7 (GOV. CODE, § 17551, 17557, and 17559) (action)

PARAMETERS AND GUIDELINES AND PARAMETERS AND GUIDELINES AMENDMENTS

Item 5* *Mandate Reimbursement Process I and II*, 12-PGA-03 (CSM 4204, 4485, and 05-TC-05)

Statutes 1975, Chapter 486 (AB 1375); Statutes 1984, Chapter 1459 (SB 2337); Statutes 1995, Chapter 303 (Budget Act of 1995) et al.

Government Code Section 17553(b)(1)(C) through (G) and (b)(2); Statutes 2004, Chapter 890 (AB 2856)

California Code of Regulations, Title 2, Section 1183(d)

(Register 2005, No. 36, Effective September 6, 2005)

TO ADD:

Statutes 2011, Chapter 33 (Budget Act of 2011); Statutes 2012, Chapter 21 (Budget Act of 2012)

As Directed by the Legislature

INFORMATIONAL HEARING PURSUANT TO CALIFORNIA CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 2, CHAPTER 2.5, ARTICLE 8 (action)

JOINT REQUEST TO EXTEND TERM OF REASONABLE REIMBURSEMENT METHODOLOGY (GOV. CODE § 17557.2(f) and (g))

Item 8* Firearm Hearings for Discharged Inpatients, 07-RRM-01 (99-TC-11)

Welfare and Institutions Code Section 8103(f) and (g)

Statutes 1999, Chapter 578 (AB 1587)

County of Los Angeles and Department of Finance, Joint Requestors

Member Olsen made a motion to adopt the consent calendar. With a second by Member Placet, the consent calendar was adopted by a vote of 7-0.

HEARINGS AND DECISIONS PURSUANT TO CALIFORNIA CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 2, CHAPTER 2.5, ARTICLE 7 (GOV. CODE, § 17551, 17557, and 17559) (action)

Executive Director Heather Halsey swore in parties and witnesses participating in the hearing.

- A. APPEAL OF EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR DECISIONS PURSUANT TO CALIFORNIA CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 2, SECTION 1181(c)
 - Item 2 Appeal of Executive Director Decisions

There were no appeals to consider.

B. TEST CLAIMS

Item 3 *High School Exit Examination II*, 08-TC-02

Education Code Sections 37254, 52378, 52379, 52380

Statutes 2007, Chapter 526 (AB 347) and Statutes 2007, Chapter 730 (SB 132)

California Code of Regulations, Title 5, Section 1204.5 Register 2004, No. 21, eff. May 19, 2004; Register 2005, No. 33, eff. Aug. 16, 2005; Register 2006, No. 11, eff. Mar. 16, 2006; and Register 2007, No. 51, eff. Dec. 20, 1997

San Jose Unified School District, Claimant

This test claim addresses activities related to the California High School Exit Examination (CAHSEE), and related counseling programs to assist pupils in passing the CAHSEE.

Senior Commission Counsel Eric Feller presented this item and recommended that the Commission deny the test claim because the activities are performed as a condition of receiving funds therefore the statutes do not legally compel school districts to perform the activities, nor is there evidence that the statutes practically compel districts to perform the activities.

Parties were represented as follows: Arthur Palkowitz of the law offices of Stutz Artiano Shinoff

& Holtz, representing the claimants; and Susan Geanacou, representing the Department of Finance.

Following discussion among the Commission members, staff, and parties, Member Alex made a motion to adopt the staff recommendation. With a second by Member Saylor, the staff recommendation to deny the test claim was adopted by a vote of 7-0.

Item 4 Immunization Records - Pertussis, 11-TC-02 Health and Safety Code Sections 120325 and 120335 Statutes 2010, Chapter 434 (AB 354) Twin Rivers Unified School District, Claimant

This test pertains to school district activities related to a new pertussis (whooping cough) immunization requirement for adolescent students.

Senior Commission Counsel Tyler Asmundson presented this item and recommended that the Commission deny the test claim because: (1) the code sections pled do not mandate school districts to engage in any activity or task; (2) although the activities identified by the claimant are addressed in emergency regulations, those regulations were not identified or specifically pled in the test claim as required by Government Code sections 17521, 17551, and 17553; and (3) the claimant's subsequent requests to amend the test claim to add the regulations were not timely filed.

Parties were represented as follows: Arthur Palkowitz of the law offices of Stutz Artiano Shinoff & Holtz, representing the claimants; Bonita Mallory and Rob Roach, Twin Rivers Unified School District; and Susan Geanacou, representing the Department of Finance.

Following discussion among the Commission members, staff, and parties, Member Alex made a motion to remand the test claim to staff to evaluate options for a potential mandate, either in connection with the statutes pled or the possibility of including the regulations that were not pled. With a second by Member Saylor, the motion to remand the test claim for further analysis was adopted by a vote of 7-0.

C. REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION OF STATEMENT OF DECISION AND PARAMETERS AND GUIDELINES

Item 7 *California Public Records Act*, 02-TC-10 and 02-TC-51

Government Code Sections 6253, 6253.1, 6253.9, 6254.3, and 6255 Statutes 1992, Chapter 463 (AB 1040); Statutes 2000, Chapter 982 (AB 2799); and Statutes 2001, Chapter 355 (AB 1014)

Request for Reconsideration of Statement of Decision and Parameters and Guidelines Adopted April 19, 2013

California Special Districts Association, Requester

This is a request for reconsideration of the Commission's statement of decision and parameters and guidelines, adopted April 19, 2013, for the *California Public Records Act* program filed by the California Special Districts Association (CSDA). CSDA contends that the decision and parameters and guidelines contain an error of law with respect to the description of eligible claimants. The decision authorized reimbursement for cities, counties, and school districts but did not address the issue of special districts.

Chief Legal Counsel Camille Shelton presented this item and recommended that the Commission grant the request for a reconsideration and direct staff to schedule a second hearing on the merits of the request.

Parties were represented as follows: Dorothy Holzem, California Special Districts Association, representing Requester; and Randy Ward, representing the Department of Finance.

There was no discussion and Member Olsen made a motion to adopt the staff recommendation. With a second by Member Rivera, the staff recommendation to grant the request for reconsideration and to direct staff to schedule a second hearing on the merits of the request was adopted by a vote of 6-0. Member Saylor was not present.

HEARINGS ON COUNTY APPLICATIONS FOR FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANT FINANCIAL DISTRESS PURSUANT TO WELFARE AND INSTITUTIONS CODE SECTION 17000.6 AND CALIFORNIA CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 2, ARTICLE 6.5 (info/action)

Item 9 Assignment of County Application to Commission, a Hearing Panel of One or More Members of the Commission, or to a Hearing Officer *Note: This item will only be taken up if an application is filed.*

No applications were filed.

STAFF REPORTS

Item 10 Legislative Update (info)

Assistant Executive Director Jason Hone presented this item.

Item 11 Chief Legal Counsel: Recent Decisions, Litigation Calendar (info)

Chief Legal Counsel Camille Shelton presented this item.

Item 12 Executive Director: Workload, Budget (tentative) and Tentative Agenda Items for Next Meeting (info)

Executive Director Heather Halsey presented this item.

CLOSED EXECUTIVE SESSION PURSUANT TO GOVERNMENT CODE SECTIONS 11126 AND 11126.2 (action).

A. PENDING LITIGATION

To confer with and receive advice from legal counsel, for consideration and action, as necessary and appropriate, upon the following matters pursuant to Government Code section 11126(e)(1):

- State of California, Department of Finance v. Commission on State Mandates, Sacramento County Superior Court Case No. 34-2010-80000529 [Graduation Requirements, Parameters and Guidelines Amendments, Nov. 2008]
- State of California Department of Finance, State Water Resources Control Board, and California Regional Water Quality Board, San Diego Region v. Commission on State Mandates and County of San Diego, et al. (petition and cross-petition), Third District Court of Appeal, Case No. C070357 (Sacramento County Superior Court Case No. 34-2010-80000604) [Discharge of Stormwater Runoff, Order No. R9-207-000, 07-TC-09 California Regional Water Control Board, San Diego Region Order No. R9-2007-001, NPDES No.

CAS0108758, Parts D.1.d.(7)-(8), D.1.g., D.3.a.(3), D.3.a.(5), D.5, E.2.f, E.2.g,F.1, F.2, F.3, I.1, I.2, I.5, J.3.a.(3)(c) iv-vii & x-xv, and L]

- California School Board Association (CSBA) v. State of California et al., Alameda County Superior Court Case No. RG11554698 [2010-2011 Budget Trailer Bills, Mandates Process for K-12 Schools, Redetermination Process]
- 4. State of California Department of Finance, State Water Resources Control Board, and California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Los Angeles Region v. Commission on State Mandates and County of Los Angeles, et al (petition and cross-petition). Second District Court of Appeal, Case No. B237153 (Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. BS130730) [Municipal Storm Water and Urban Runoff Discharges, 03-TC-04, 03-TC-19, 03-TC-20, and 03-TC-21, Los Angeles Regional Quality Control Board Order No. 01-182, Permit CAS004001, Parts 4C2a., 4C2b, 4E & 4Fc3]
- B. PERSONNEL

To confer on personnel matters pursuant to Government Code section 11126(a)(1):

The Commission adjourned into closed executive session pursuant to Government Code section 11126(e) to confer with and receive advice from legal counsel for consideration and action, as necessary and appropriate, upon the pending litigation published in the notice and agenda; to confer and receive advice from legal counsel regarding potential litigation, and to confer on personnel matters pursuant to Government Code section 11126(a)(1).

REPORT FROM CLOSED EXECUTIVE SESSION

At 11:22 a.m., Chairperson Gillihan reconvened in open session, and reported that the Commission met in closed executive session pursuant to Government Code section 11126(e) to confer with and receive advice from legal counsel for consideration and action, as necessary and appropriate, upon the pending litigation listed on the public notice and agenda, and potential litigation, and to confer on personnel matters pursuant to Government Code section 11126(a)(1).

ADJOURNMENT

Hearing no further business, Chairperson Gillihan adjourned the meeting at 11:23 a.m.

Heather Halsey Executive Director

APPEARANCES

PARTICIPATING COMMISSION STAFF

continued

CAMILLE SHELTON Chief Legal Counsel (Items 7 and 11)

TYLER ASMUNDSON Commission Counsel (Item 4)

ERIC FELLER Senior Commission Counsel (Item 3)

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PUBLIC TESTIMONY

Appearing Re Item 3:

For Claimant San Jose Unified School District:

ARTHUR PALKOWITZ Stutz, Artiano, Shinoff & Holtz 2488 Historic Decatur Road, Suite 200 San Diego, California 92106

For Department of Finance:

SUSAN GEANACOU Senior Staff Attorney Department of Finance 915 L Street Sacramento, California 95814

APPEARANCES

PUBLIC TESTIMONY

Appearing Re Item 4:

For Claimant Twin Rivers Unified School District:

ARTHUR PALKOWITZ Stutz, Artiano, Shinoff & Holtz 2488 Historic Decatur Road, Suite 200 San Diego, California 92106

BONITA MALLORY Coordinator Student Health, Wellness and Prevention Twin Rivers Unified School District 5115 Dudley Blvd., Bay B McClellan, California 95652

ROBERT ROACH Mandated Cost Analyst Twin River Unified School District

For Department of Finance:

SUSAN GEANACOU Senior Staff Attorney Department of Finance 915 L Street Sacramento, California 95814

Appearing for Item 7

For California Special Districts Association:

DOROTHY HOLZEM Legislative Representative Advocacy & Public Affairs Department California Special Districts Association 1112 I Street Suite 200 Sacramento, California 95814

APPEARANCES

PUBLIC TESTIMONY

Appearing for Item 7

For County of Los Angeles: continued

LEONARD KAYE County of Los Angeles Department of Auditor-Controller 500 West Temple Street, Suite 603 Los Angeles, California 90012

For Department of Finance:

RANDALL WARD Budget Analyst Department of Finance 915 L Street Sacramento, California 95814

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	Com	mission on State Manuales – May 24, 2015
		ERRATA SHEET
Page	Line	Correction
_60		"POBR" should be "POBOR"
_64	6	should be "on"

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1	BE IT REMEMBERED that on Friday, May 24, 2013,
2	commencing at the hour of 10:00 a.m., thereof, at the
3	State Capitol, Room 447, Sacramento, California, before
4	me, DANIEL P. FELDHAUS, CSR #6949, RDR and CRR, the
5	following proceedings were held:
6	000
7	CHAIR GILLIHAN: Good morning, everybody.
8	This meeting of the Commission on State
9	Mandates will come to order.
10	Heather, will you please call the roll?
11	MS. HALSEY: Mr. Alex?
12	MEMBER ALEX: Here.
13	MS. HALSEY: Mr. Chivaro sorry, Mr. Placet?
14	MEMBER PLACET: Here.
15	MS. HALSEY: Mr. Gillihan?
16	CHAIR GILLIHAN: Present.
17	MS. HALSEY: Ms. Olsen?
18	MEMBER OLSEN: Here.
19	MS. HALSEY: Ms. Ramirez?
20	MEMBER RAMIREZ: Here.
21	MS. HALSEY: Mr. Rivera?
22	MEMBER RIVERA: Here.
23	MS. HALSEY: Mr. Saylor?
24	MEMBER SAYLOR: Here.
25	MS. HALSEY: Item 1, approval of the minutes,

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1	has been postponed to the July 26 th hearing.
2	Moving on now to public comment. We'll take up
3	public comment at this time for matters not on the
4	agenda.
5	Please note that the Commission cannot take
6	action on items not on the agenda. However, it can
7	schedule issues raised by the public for consideration at
8	future meetings.
9	CHAIR GILLIHAN: Thank you.
10	Is there any public comment?
11	(No response)
12	CHAIR GILLIHAN: Seeing none, we'll move to the
13	next item.
14	MS. HALSEY: The next item is the proposed
15	consent calendar which consists of Items 5 and 8.
16	CHAIR GILLIHAN: Are there any objections to
17	the proposed consent calendar?
18	(No response)
19	CHAIR GILLIHAN: Seeing none, what is the
20	pleasure
21	MEMBER OLSEN: Move adoption.
22	CHAIR GILLIHAN: We have a motion
23	MEMBER PLACET: Second.
24	CHAIR GILLIHAN: We have a motion and a second.
25	All in favor, say "aye."

Commission on State Mandates – May 24, 2013 (A chorus of "ayes" was heard.) 1 2 CHAIR GILLIHAN: All opposed? 3 (No response) 4 MS. HALSEY: Moving on to the Article 7 portion 5 of the hearing, will the parties and witnesses for Items 2, 4, and 7 please rise? 6 7 (The parties and witnesses stood to 8 be sworn.) 9 MS. HALSEY: Do you solemnly swear or affirm 10 that the testimony you are about to give is true and 11 correct based on your information, knowledge, or belief? 12 (Parties and witnesses responded 13 affirmatively.) 14 MS. HALSEY: Thank you. 15 Item 2 is reserved for appeals of Executive 16 Director decisions. There are no appeals to consider under Item 2. 17 18 Item 3, Senior Commission Counsel Eric Feller 19 will present Item 3, a test claim on High School Exit 20 Examination II. 21 MR. FELLER: Good morning. This test claim seeks reimbursement for 22 23 activities related to the California High School Exit 24 Exam and related counseling programs to assist pupils in 25 passing the exit exam.

	Commission on State Mandates – May 24, 2013
1	Staff recommends that the Commission deny the
2	test claim.
3	The test-claim statutes require school
4	districts to perform counseling, instruction, reporting
5	activities as a condition of receiving funds. The
6	statutes do not legally compel school districts to
7	perform the activities, nor is there evidence that the
8	statutes practically compel districts to perform the
9	activities.
10	The 2007 amendment to the test-claim regulation
11	does not impose requirements that constitute a new
12	program or higher level of service.
13	Staff received claimant comments on Monday that
14	do not change the staff analysis. So staff recommends
15	the Commission adopt the proposed statement of decision
16	denying the test claim.
17	Would the parties and witnesses please state
18	your names for the record?
19	MR. PALKOWITZ: Good morning. Arthur Palkowitz
20	on behalf of the claimant, San José District.
21	MS. GEANACOU: Susan Geanacou, Department of
22	Finance.
23	CHAIR GILLIHAN: Thank you.
24	Mr. Palkowitz?
25	MR. PALKOWITZ: Thank you, sir. Good morning,

1	everyone.
2	On behalf of the San José School District, I'm
3	here to present our comments regarding the staff
4	analysis.
5	What we have before us is the California High
6	School Exit Exam. This exam was implemented by
7	legislation years ago that required every student in the
8	California high-school public system to pass the exam
9	successfully.
10	The test-claim legislation that's before us
11	today deals with intensive instruction for those students
12	who do not pass the exam. The intensive instruction is
13	required by the State, not by the school districts. The
14	instruction is to be implemented to students who do not
15	pass, and also includes students that graduate from
16	twelfth grade but have not successfully completed the
17	exam. Schools are required to provide them intensive
18	instruction and services for a two-year academic period
19	beyond their twelfth-grade graduation.
20	Clearly, it was the State's objective that
21	every high-school student pass the exam; and that for
22	those who do not pass, they be provided as much services
23	that the schools can provide in an effort to have them
24	pass.
25	This academic standard that was imposed by the

1	State is to enhance the public's academic success for the
2	students that attend public schools. Now, in addition to
3	what the schools have to do as far as this instruction
4	and services that are to be available on weekends or
5	Saturdays, if necessary, it also imposes that the
6	counselors advise the students that do not successfully
7	pass about the availability of the instruction for them
8	to be successful. It also requires that the county
9	superintendents, that generally have oversight for
10	schools, be aware when they visit the sites to inform the
11	students who have not passed, that they have an
12	opportunity to take the instruction services that are
13	offered by the school.
14	The Legislature also discusses how English
15	learners are also to be provided with this instruction,
16	to assure them that they have the opportunity, as all
17	students, to pass the high-school exit exam.
18	The test-claim statute that's before us today
19	came part of it from a lawsuit that is referred to
20	as the "Valenzuela lawsuit." The Valenzuela lawsuit went
21	on for a lengthy time, and the settlement included the
22	Legislature passing this legislation. And the
23	legislation took into effect what the Valenzuela lawsuit
24	alleged, that all students were not given the same
25	opportunity. In effect, the legislation that was enacted

is forcing the school districts to make this instruction 1 2 available. 3 This is not an option for school districts to 4 If they don't implement this, they, themselves, do. 5 would be forced to defend legal action. And as a result, 6 they are practically compelled to comply with this 7 statute. 8 The analysis seems to focus in on a decision 9 that the schools apply or not apply for funding. It's 10 our perspective that that is a downstream decision. The 11 decision that they have is mandatory, and that is, to 12 provide that instruction. 13 Whether or not they apply for the funding is 14 the option of the school districts. They contend they 15 are practically compelled to comply with this funding. 16 They are not in a financial position not to comply with 17 this, or apply for the funding, or not to receive it; 18 because the financial consequences for not receiving that 19 funding are very consequential. As we have cited in our comments, the 20 21 California Supreme Court case, San Diego Unified versus 22 the Commission on State Mandates, dealt with another 23 activity that was similar, in that they required 24 expulsions under certain circumstances. In that case, 25 the Court also ruled that the hearing that is related --

1 a downstream activity -- was also a reimbursable 2 activity. 3 That case held that the requirement of having 4 expulsions at hearings was creating an enhanced public safety; and there was a benefit to the schools and to the 5 6 public at large. 7 This is similar to the test claim in front of 8 us, allowing -- or requiring, rather -- that students 9 participate and successfully complete the exit exam, is 10 creating, for the public, a higher academic standard. 11 Part of the analysis done by staff included a review of regulations. Staff has recommended to the 12 13 Commission that the regulations that were not included, 14 they do not have jurisdiction. Staff, in that 15 analysis -- well, let me strike that. 16 What staff has done is, in conducting that 17 analysis, they used -- or they didn't use, rather -- was 18 the doctrine of judicial notice. When the staff analysis 19 first came out regarding this test claim, it was 20 concluded that the test claim was not timely filed. It 21 was brought to the attention that the test claim was 22 filed subsequent to the one-year requirement due to the 23 anniversary date falling on a weekend and a business 24 holiday. 25 The law is clear that when that happens, the

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1	public of California is given an opportunity to file
2	documents at the next available business day. And staff
3	noted that in their final comments.
4	And in effect, what staff did is they looked
5	at the calendar, back in 2008, and determined the
6	anniversary date was on a weekend; and then the following
7	day was Columbus Day, a holiday. And so they took common
8	knowledge of information from a calendar that is really
9	up to no dispute. And what we're saying here is, the
10	regulations are the same thing. The Evidence Code allows
11	a quasi-judicial body to use the doctrine of judicial
12	notice to consider when making their decisions.
13	The Title 5 regulations, that was not part of
14	this test claim, falls under that same doctrine. And we
15	urge that that information from the Title 5 regulation be
16	included in your analysis and that the Commission does
17	have jurisdiction over that.
18	There is nothing in the analysis that says
19	there's any dispute or it's unclear what the Title 5
20	regulation says. Rather, there has been the
21	non-application of the judicial notice doctrine; and,
22	therefore, that regulation has been barred. And it's
23	recommended to you that it not be considered in your
24	decision.
25	There was discussion in the comments regarding

Commission on State Mandates – May 24, 2013 funding as in other mandates if the districts do receive 1 2 funding, or partial funding for the activities related to 3 the test claim, that would be deducted from any filing or 4 claim form they find, and that should not be the basis of 5 denying this test claim. 6 I'd like to reserve any time to respond to any 7 other comments. 8 Thank you. 9 CHAIR GILLIHAN: Thank you. 10 Ms. Geanacou? 11 MS. GEANACOU: Yes, thank you. Good morning. 12 The Department of Finance supports the final 13 staff analysis of the Commission staff. 14 The alleged statutory requirements, we believe, 15 attach as a result of the condition of the district's 16 choosing to take the money that is available to them. 17 I too am available for questions if members 18 have any. 19 CHAIR GILLIHAN: Thank you. 20 Do any members have questions? Ms. Ramirez? 21 22 MEMBER RAMIREZ: Thank you. 23 I'd like to ask staff to respond to the 24 jurisdictional issue. I'm a little confused now where 25 we're at with that in terms of the statute of

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1	limitations.
2	MR. FELLER: Okay, yes, the statute of
3	limitations in this case is jurisdictional.
4	The claimant wants us to take judicial notice
5	of regulations prior to the 2007 amendments; but that
6	is a jurisdictional issue for us, because we don't have
7	jurisdiction on anything that was filed over a year
8	that was enacted over a year prior to filing.
9	So because we had jurisdiction this was a
10	2008 claim, we had jurisdiction over the 2007 amendments
11	to the regulations, and those are what we analyzed.
12	But any prior amendments and this regulation goes back
13	to, I believe, 2004. So prior amendments, we did not
14	have jurisdiction over and that's why we found that those
15	were outside the statute of limitations.
16	MS. SHELTON: Let me just also add that
17	judicial notice is a doctrine that allows you to admit
18	into evidence something that would support your
19	allegations or your pleading. Here, Mr. Palkowitz is
20	trying to use it to be the pleading. And the
21	Government it doesn't allow it that way.
22	The mandates statutes require specifically that
23	you plead what specific registers in the statutes that
24	you are requesting reimbursement for and that you plead
25	within the statute of limitations. And if you haven't

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1	pled them properly within the statute of limitations,
2	then the Commission does not have jurisdiction.
3	And we've used the Commission has used
4	judicial notice many times to support an allegation for a
5	request for reimbursement.
6	MEMBER ALEX: Well, a couple of things. Since
7	I'm a lawyer, it's actually administrative notice since
8	we're not in a judicial proceeding.
9	MS. SHELTON: Right.
10	MEMBER ALEX: But that aside, is the point that
11	you're not able to look at the pre-2007 regs because
12	I mean, you could use them to see intent, for example,
13	right? I mean, you could evaluate that?
14	MS. SHELTON: Right.
15	MEMBER ALEX: So, I take it, there is something
16	else that they are asking you to use this for here.
17	MS. SHELTON: Let me try to articulate that a
18	little bit better.
19	Of course, you can look at whatever the law is
20	there to analyze what you have before you and what has
21	been pled. But when you're asking for reimbursement for
22	changes made by a 2004, 2005, or 2006 register as
23	implementing a new mandated activity, that's a
24	jurisdictional requirement. And under the Government
25	Code, it requires that you specifically plead those

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within the statute of limitations.
MEMBER ALEX: If I may?
CHAIR GILLIHAN: Go ahead.
MEMBER ALEX: If I can ask staff to briefly
respond on the practical-compulsion issue as well.
MR. FELLER: Right. We looked at the statutes,
the two counseling programs that were pled, not finding
legal compulsion because they were based on as a
condition of funds. Practical compulsion requires
evidence in the record of what's the phrase?
MS. SHELTON: Certain and severe.
MR. FELLER: certain and severe penalties.
Thank you.
We didn't find any evidence in this record of
certain and severe penalties for not enacting these
counseling programs. And we have case law that says the
record has to include that, so that's the reason.
MS. SHELTON: Let me also add too a couple
things.
One, we did receive Mr. Palkowitz's late
filing. And we looked at it again; and, you know, there
is citation to regulations in this record under 1204.5.
And that section, if you read the whole thing I think
it's on page 35 of the analysis, the last sentence says
that those services should be offered to students that

1	don't pass. And it's not a legal compulsion for them to
2	provide the intensive instruction and services. And that
3	regulation is the authority and reference or states
4	the authority and reference as the statute that
5	Mr. Palkowitz has been referring to.
6	The other issue too even if we were to find
7	or you were to find this to be those activities to be
8	mandated, there has been funding appropriated with the
9	intent that the funding would pay for all of those
10	services per pupil. It's a per-pupil funding
11	appropriation based on the application from the school
12	district, identifying the number of students. So there
13	is no evidence that they have incurred any increased
14	costs.
15	In the past, the Commission has denied test
16	claims for no showing of increased costs because the
17	burden is on the claimant to show that they have incurred
18	those costs when it's been intended, based on the
19	statutory scheme, that the Legislature wanted to pay for
20	the whole thing.
21	MR. PALKOWITZ: I believe when we submitted
22	our I'm sorry.
23	CHAIR GILLIHAN: Before you go, I was remiss in
24	asking, is there any public comment on this item?
25	(No response)

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1	CHAIR GILLIHAN: Seeing none
2	MR. PALKOWITZ: I believe when we filed the
3	claim, there was a declaration that there have been
4	increased costs filed in this matter.
5	Once again, the focus is on that there may or
6	may not be funding available. But that's not the
7	question. The question is, are these activities
8	required? If the funding is available, then there's no
9	claim form. If there is funding not available or not
10	enough funding, then there is a claim. And that has
11	historically been held as the basis of how these mandates
12	are decided.
13	There are other mandates out there that are
14	reimbursable, but there are no claims submitted because
15	the funding is adequate. The decision to do the
16	activities is not paramount on whether you have the
17	funding or apply for it.
18	CHAIR GILLIHAN: Mr. Saylor?
19	MEMBER SAYLOR: I appreciate this phrase,
20	"certain and severe consequences."
21	Have we had examples of those? And what might
22	they be in other cases?
23	MR. FELLER: Yes.
24	Help me out, Camille.
25	MS. SHELTON: Well, there has never been a case

Daniel P. Feldhaus, CSR, Inc. 916.682.9482

1	that has been proved to be certain and severe. And the
2	Courts have said the receipt of money doing something
3	because the receipt of money is not certain and severe.
4	MR. FELLER: Yes, I think we have the City of
5	Sacramento case, where the California Supreme Court was
6	looking at California's unemployment insurance program,
7	and they found that the federal government's imposition
8	of double-taxation and other severe economic consequences
9	resulted in a practical compulsion for the state to
10	comply with that. So that's about the closest example we
11	have in case law. Other than that, we pretty much just
12	have a description of it in that case.
13	MEMBER SAYLOR: So there have been several
14	cases or several claims that have come before the
15	Commission in the time that I've served, where it strikes
16	me on sort of a non-evidentiary but practical-knowledge
17	basis, that there is a practical compulsion in play.
18	So I'm wondering what kind of guidance we give
19	to claimants for how they can complete their claims to
20	reflect the materials that we would require to make a
21	determination that such a thing would be in place?
22	Because on several occasions, we've got statements that
23	the evidence doesn't show, the record doesn't have this
24	material in it, even if the material might be available
25	if someone had the right writing skills.

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1	So how do we instruct claimants to bring
2	forward the evidence that we would require to make a
3	determination of a practical compulsion?
4	MS. SHELTON: Well, historically what has
5	happened, the Commission did take the same view that
6	you're expressing now in a case on Peace Officer
7	Procedural Bill of Rights, which imposed requirements on
8	all local government peace officers. And so the
9	Commission originally improved reimbursement for school
10	district and certain special district offices for
11	reimbursement for that program, kind of saying the same
12	thing that, of course, they've established, you know,
13	police departments; and they are, by the plain language,
14	required to comply with these programs.
15	There, the Third District Court of Appeals
16	said, "Well, but you haven't looked back far enough."
17	And here, it's very clear that the school districts have
18	discretion whether or not to form a police department or
19	not. And if they don't, they have alternatives. So they
20	said the only way for you to show or to find practical
21	compulsion would be if the claimant had evidence in the
22	record showing they had no reasonable alternative but to
23	comply with this program.
24	Here, this program is getting money for
25	providing these services. So they would have to show

1	here that they did not receive enough money for the
2	number of pupils because under the program, they apply
3	specifically for the number of pupils that have not
4	passed.
5	The money is intended to pay for that
6	instruction and services; and there's been no showing
7	that they didn't have enough money to pay for that.
8	MEMBER SAYLOR: So notwithstanding this
9	particular claim and how that plays out, do we give
10	claimants a manual or guidelines or instructions on how
11	to complete these claims?
12	MS. SHELTON: It would be very difficult to do
13	that because each case is individual, and based on the
14	facts of each individual case, the evidence is going to
15	be different. But the law is clear, the case law is
16	clear they have to show they have no reasonable
17	alternative but to comply, or that certain and severe
18	penalties would occur if they don't comply with the
19	program. And they have to describe what those are, and
20	describe what their alternatives are.
21	MS. HALSEY: And I would just add to that,
22	we're actually not sure what it's going to look like. So
23	far, the Commission when the Commission has found the
24	Court has found against us when we've been sued, we
25	haven't really found a case where it exists yet.

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1	MR. FELLER: May I just add one thing?
2	MEMBER SAYLOR: Then it's a pretty tough bar to
3	reach.
4	MS. HALSEY: It is.
5	MR. FELLER: As far as the alternatives that
6	the claimant has in this case, they're outlined in the
7	statute itself. The definition of "intensive instruction
8	and services" on page 2 of your analysis, "may include
9	but are not limited to," and it has a list of A through
10	H, of things that school districts can do. So they do
11	have alternatives. They have to provide it, but they
12	have the alternatives in the manner of how they provide
13	it, intensive instruction services.
14	MS. SHELTON: They have to provide it.
15	MR. FELLER: They have to provide it as a
16	condition of funding.
17	Pardon me for leaving that out.
18	MEMBER SAYLOR: One more question.
19	CHAIR GILLIHAN: Certainly, Mr. Saylor.
20	MEMBER SAYLOR: Has anybody alleged that the
21	funding is insufficient to cover the cost that's
22	identified for these activities?
23	MR. PALKOWITZ: I believe it's in numerous
24	documents that we filed includes that. We don't really
25	know you know, the way the process works, is that

districts are in a bind. Because for them to maintain records of the activities before it's approved is something that districts are reluctant to do because it may not be approved.

5 So when you have the period of time of four or 6 five years for when the test claim is filed until we 7 sit here today, making this decision, the record-keeping 8 is not at the level it would be once it's approved.

9 And I think your points are well taken; but whether we are -- the districts are fully paid the 10 11 amounts for the activities -- I mean, in the analysis, it 12 talks about seventy-something million dollars -- and 13 whether that's enough or not, I don't really think that's 14 the core issue. Because the core issue is, are the 15 activities required? Because if tomorrow the funding 16 doubles or if the funding disappears, what is a district to do, okay. 17

18 And so the analysis that is referred to as 19 "double taxation" or "severe consequences," as you 20 astutely point out, it's hard to articulate to a 21 layperson. But I think it's clear that millions of dollars to a school district is a serious financial 22 23 consequence. And whether that meets what we believe the 24 interpretation should be, I think it falls under your 25 decision if millions of dollars is a severe consequence.

1	I submit to you, it is. That a school that
2	is required to provide an activity that came out of a
3	lawsuit, that came out of a legislation, where the
4	Legislature said, "Even after they graduate, we need to
5	make sure they pass this exam." I mean, this is a core
6	requirement of schools: We want to have students pass
7	this test. And when they complete high school, we know
8	that they have reached a certain level of academic
9	performance.
10	MS. SHELTON: Could I clarify the record, what
11	was pled in the test claim as far as funding? The test
12	claimant identified a thousand dollars of costs, because
13	they had to do that under Government Code section 17564;
14	and then they said the whole thing would cost about
15	\$375,000, but they didn't allocate that, so I don't know
16	what that is from. They identified an appropriation
17	that I believe that's the one that we're talking about
18	for the intensive instruction and services but then
19	said none of the funds have been specifically identified
20	as applicable to the increased activities required by
21	Statutes 2007. And by law, that funding applies to this
22	program, and by the plain language, is intended to pay
23	for every pupil in that situation.
24	So there hasn't been the burden is on the
25	claimant to show that they have increased costs.

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1	MEMBER SAYLOR: Right.
2	MS. SHELTON: And it hasn't been shown here.
3	MR. PALKOWITZ: Let me also say here that I
4	believe due to the severe financial crisis, the funding
5	for this program got lumped in with other programs to
6	schools into the general fund; and that general fund
7	money was to give schools flexibility to use the money
8	they want to. And, therefore, what is happening is that
9	it is not easily earmarked for schools to take the money
10	for this program and spend it on these specific
11	activities. The State did this with various programs
12	because they were dramatically reducing fundings; and
13	so instead of having this earmarked as they intended when
14	they passed this, they then said, "Look, here's this
15	money for this program and here's other programs, and you
16	get to decide locally how to use the money."
17	And that is the example that shows that the
18	focus is on the activities, not the funding. Because as
19	we go through highs and lows through our economy, over
20	the past decades and upcoming decades, this will be a
21	moving target.
22	And I would like the record to reflect on the
23	judicial notice, because the Ed. Code section of
24	Evidence Code section 452, section B, states that, "The
25	following matters may be identified for judicial notice,

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1	and that would include regulations and legislative
2	enactments by the public entity." And I haven't really
3	heard why these regulations don't fall under that
4	Evidence Code section.
5	MR. FELLER: Because they're not evidence. The
6	regulations are part of the pleading, and they're
7	jurisdictional for us in what needs to be reimbursed
8	MR. PALKOWITZ: But what you're saying is that
9	they weren't
10	MR. FELLER: but they aren't used as
11	evidence.
12	MR. PALKOWITZ: part of the test claim, and
13	so you can't include them.
14	And judicial notice allows admissibility of
15	evidence, even though it wasn't properly admitted at the
16	time required.
17	MR. FELLER: But we don't use that regulation
18	as evidence; we use it as what the Commission has
19	jurisdiction over. So it doesn't tend to prove anything
20	other than what's reimbursable; and that's jurisdictional
21	for us. So that's why it's not really evidence in this
22	case.
23	MS. SHELTON: If the Commission were to take
24	judicial notice of those regulations, and then by doing
25	that, taking jurisdiction, then you would be violating

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1	the statute of limitations.
2	MEMBER ALEX: I think that another way to say
3	it is that we can take judicial or administrative notice
4	of the existence of them and what's in them, but not to
5	take notice of them for purposes of the claim for which
6	the jurisdiction does not exist. Those are two different
7	things, I think.
8	MR. PALKOWITZ: But also Government Code
9	section 17554 allows an equitable amendment of a claim.
10	And that could be another way for the regulations to be
11	part of the test claim.
12	MS. SHELTON: That allows a stipulation to
13	waive any procedural requirement, and jurisdiction is not
14	procedural.
15	MR. PALKOWITZ: Well, procedural would be the
16	filing of something timely. That, to me, is not a
17	substantive; that's a procedural requirement.
18	MS. SHELTON: The law is pretty clear on that
19	point, and the example
20	MR. PALKOWITZ: I agree, it is clear.
21	MS. SHELTON: and the example provided in
22	17554 is talking about setting matters for hearing or
23	consolidating existing claims. Those are procedural
24	matters, not dealing with issues that are jurisdictional
25	and dealing with issues related to the statute of

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1 limitations. 2 CHAIR GILLIHAN: With that, is there any more 3 questions? 4 Ms. Olsen? 5 MEMBER OLSEN: I want to go back to the issue 6 of compulsion. 7 So in the absence of funding being provided by 8 the Legislature, is it your contention that the school 9 districts must still comply with this requirement for 10 remediation? 11 MR. PALKOWITZ: Correct. 12 MEMBER OLSEN: And where does that compulsion 13 come from? Does it come from the law or from 14 practicality? MR. PALKOWITZ: Both. I believe the statute, 15 16 as it reads, the districts -- on page --17 CHAIR GILLIHAN: While he is looking that up, 18 though, isn't it true that funding has been provided? 19 MR. PALKOWITZ: There has been funding 20 provided, correct. 21 Once again, the funding has been provided. And 22 I think they refer to it as a tier 3, where it is 23 provided with other funding, and the district decides 24 locally how to spend that money. Whether that funding is 25 adequate or not has not been shown here. It hasn't been

1 shown that it's inadequate.

2 CHAIR GILLIHAN: But if funding is provided for 3 a specific purpose but the school district has 4 flexibility to use that funding in discretionary ways, 5 doesn't that sort of undercut your case, that money was given, but the districts chose to use it for other 6 7 purposes, even though it was provided for this purpose? 8 So it seems as though the funding test has been met; and 9 what the District chose to do with it was a discretionary 10 decision on the district. MR. PALKOWITZ: And that could be correct as 11 12 far as the district is not going to have a claim for any 13 reimbursement during that period. 14 MEMBER OLSEN: The issue for me is, is this an 15 issue for a finding of a reimbursable claim, or is this 16 an issue for a P's & G's? Because we have had ones 17 before that are in this sort of murky area. And I'm just 18 trying to find out, how murky is the murky area? 19 MR. PALKOWITZ: And to follow up in a question 20 you asked before, on page 8, the subdivisions require 21 school districts to perform the following activities: 22 Ensure that pupils receive intensive instruction, ensure 23 that they pass both parts, ensure that if they don't pass 24 it by grade 12, it's up to two years of additional --25 But, Mr. Palkowitz --MEMBER OLSEN:

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1	MR. PALKOWITZ: Yes.
2	MEMBER OLSEN: if you go to the very top
3	line of that, of page 8, it says, "as a condition of
4	receiving funds."
5	MR. PALKOWITZ: Right. But, see, it's
6	flowing through the tier 3. So they're giving that
7	money, anyway.
8	MS. SHELTON: This statute was enacted before
9	the administration relieved or took away the categorical
10	restrictions. So you're talking about current budget,
11	not what was occurring when they enacted this statute.
12	MR. FELLER: And the statute that takes away
13	the categorical restrictions, I believe, sunsets in 2015.
14	It's a temporary.
15	MS. SHELTON: And it's not really relevant.
16	Because the issue when you're talking about mandates,
17	you're talking about what the Legislature intended when
18	they wrote the statute and when they appropriated the
19	money for the particular purpose; not necessarily how the
20	school district decides to spend the money.
21	CHAIR GILLIHAN: Okay, what is the pleasure of
22	the Commission?
23	MEMBER ALEX: I move the staff recommendation.
24	MEMBER SAYLOR: Second.
25	CHAIR GILLIHAN: We have a motion and a second.

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1	Heather, please call the roll.
2	MS. HALSEY: Mr. Alex?
3	MEMBER ALEX: Aye.
4	MS. HALSEY: Mr. Placet?
5	MEMBER PLACET: Aye.
6	MS. HALSEY: Mr. Gillihan?
7	CHAIR GILLIHAN: Aye.
8	MS. HALSEY: Ms. Olsen?
9	MEMBER OLSEN: Aye.
10	MS. HALSEY: Ms. Ramirez?
11	MEMBER RAMIREZ: Aye.
12	MS. HALSEY: Mr. Rivera?
13	MEMBER RIVERA: Aye.
14	MS. HALSEY: Mr. Saylor?
15	MEMBER SAYLOR: Aye.
16	CHAIR GILLIHAN: The motion carries.
17	MS. HALSEY: Item 4, Senior Commission Counsel
18	Tyler Asmundson will present Item 4, a test claim on
19	Immunization Records - Pertussis.
20	(Off record from 10:36 a.m. to 10:37 a.m.)
21	MR. ASMUNDSON: Good morning.
22	This test claim requests reimbursement for
23	cost incurred by school districts for activities
24	pertaining to a new pertussis or whooping-cough
25	immunization requirement for adolescent students.

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1	As discussed in the final staff analysis, staff
2	recommends that the Commission deny this test claim. The
3	only statutes pled in this test claim are Health and
4	Safety Code sections 120325 and 120335. These code
5	sections do not mandate school districts to engage in any
6	activity or task. Although the activities identified by
7	the claimant are addressed in emergency regulations
8	adopted by the Department of Public Health in June 2011,
9	those regulations were not identified or specifically
10	pled in the test claim as required by Government Code
11	sections 17521, 17551, and 17553.
12	In addition, the claimant's subsequent requests
13	to amend the test claim to add the DPH regulations was
14	not timely filed.
15	Staff recommends that the Commission adopt the
16	proposed decision to deny the test claim.
17	Will the parties and witnesses please state
18	your names for the record?
19	MR. PALKOWITZ: Good morning. Arthur Palkowitz
20	on behalf of the claimant, Twin Rivers School District.
21	MS. MALLORY: And Bonita Mallory, coordinator
22	of Student Health, Wellness, and Prevention, Twin Rivers.
23	MR. ROACH: Robert Roach, mandated cost analyst
24	for Twin River Unified School District.
25	MS. GEANACOU: Susan Geanacou for the

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1	Department of Finance.
2	CHAIR GILLIHAN: Thank you.
3	Mr. Palkowitz?
4	MR. PALKOWITZ: Yes, thank you.
5	The test claim before you is an Immunization
6	Records test claim. There have been several before the
7	Commission over the years that have been approved. This
8	immunization is for what is described as whooping cough.
9	What this test-claim legislation requires as
10	previous Immunization Records test claim, is that the
11	districts of California are to take safeguards to protect
12	the students from catching whooping cough while in a
13	school environment.
14	That requirement of safeguarding children has
15	been going on for decades in California; and that burden
16	has been on school districts during that period of time.
17	The test claim requires that the district
18	inform parents regarding this requirement of immunization
19	for whooping cough. The test claim requires schools to
20	train staff, to have the ability to review the records;
21	if necessary, provide the immunization, and to exclude
22	students that are not fully vaccinated.
23	Ms. Mallory has been kind enough to come today
24	and explain to you how this has worked in her district.
25	CHAIR GILLIHAN: Mr. Alex?

1	MEMBER ALEX: I wonder if we can get you to
2	respond directly to the specific staff determinations by
3	particular provisions, so it's a very clear-cut
4	determination that was made. One that 120325 simply
5	does not mandate any activity, and that 120335 is a
6	prohibition and not a mandate. If you could just go
7	directly to those, I think we can kind of move to the
8	issues here.
9	MR. PALKOWITZ: Are you referring to me here,
10	sir?
11	MEMBER ALEX: Whoever wishes to proceed, but
12	I'd like you to address the staff report.
13	MR. PALKOWITZ: Go ahead.
14	MS. MALLORY: Should we just do my stuff?
15	MR. PALKOWITZ: Yes.
16	Can you phrase or repeat what you just said,
17	sir, so we are clear on what you are asking?
18	MEMBER ALEX: Sure. The staff report is, in my
19	view, very clear that there were two provisions pled from
20	the legislation.
21	The first one, section 120325, the staff has
22	determined that it does not contain a mandate; and the
23	second is section 120335, and that the staff has
24	determined that it contains a prohibition, not a mandate.
25	And those are you know, in terms of the

jurisdiction of this Commission, that would be the 1 2 beginning and end of our inquiry. So I just want to see 3 where we are. 4 MR. ROACH: Can I answer that question for you? 5 The Assembly bill that brought about this new 6 law is AB 354. That law basically says that before a 7 student can enter seventh, eighth, ninth, tenth, 8 eleventh, and twelfth grades in the fiscal year 2011-12, 9 the student must have a Tdap immunization. What that 10 essentially meant for our school district is that we had 11 to review 14,000 cum. files and immunization records for 12 our students. That means in the '10-11 school year and 13 the '11-12 school year, that physically 14,000 files were 14 reviewed, if not more. 15 Now, as far as the staff analysis of whether the law -- the way the law is written, it was written 16 17 to say that the students could not enter school after 18 July 1st. That, of course, would be when we're in our 19 summer break. 20 However, subsequent to AB 354, SB 614 was 21 enacted, which caused school districts to have a 30-day 22 grace period. In other words, students returned to 23 school for 30 days, and then school districts had to make 24 the assumption that they could either allow the students 25 to attend or we had to exclude them.

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1	Now, I will add that these students that were
2	excluded from our district were not eligible for ADA,
3	average daily apportionment. So we're at the situation
4	where we either provide the service as required by law or
5	we lose those students.
6	And this was a very, very significant loss to
7	our district. We had to exclude 290 students. We lost
8	\$1.6 million due to ADA loss.
9	MS. MALLORY: Do you want me to talk about
10	process?
11	MR. PALKOWITZ: Yes, I would like you to cover
12	the activities and the process that the district has gone
13	through since implementing this statute.
14	MS. MALLORY: Okay, in implementation of the
15	Tdap 7/12 requirement for 2010 and 2011, like Mr. Roach
16	said, that meant that we had to ensure that 14,000
17	students were vaccinated for Tdap. And in the spring
18	of 2011, we conducted multiple tele-parent messages from
19	the district and individual school sites in a variety
20	of languages to all seventh through twelfth grade homes.
21	Information was provided on our district Web site, school
22	loop. Health assistants and nurses checked the
23	California immunization registry. And coincidentally,
24	when we go to that California immunization registry, a
25	significant percentage of our students are not in that

registry. Either they haven't obtained the vaccine or 1 the providers aren't entering their records. So it's not 2 3 a great resource for us in tracking down student 4 immunizations. 5 Maintaining and tracking spreadsheets, and we provide individual notice to parents, also phone notice 6 7 regarding noncompliance. 8 I personally work closely with the district 9 attendance in tracking personnel, monitoring the Tdap 10 compliance, and following up with the site health 11 assistants and nurses. And our health staff, we have 12 12 RN credentialed school nurses for 30,000 students, and 13 we have 23 health assistants. 14 During that process, we were a new district. 15 We had only been organized for two years. We became a 16 district July 1st, 2008. So consequently, we didn't have the resources that established districts have as far as 17 18 our own immunization clinics, and so that was not part of 19 our resource base. But we did work closely in providing 20 five clinics for our students specifically related to the 21 Tdap requirement in conjunction with Sacramento County 22 Health Department. 23 We did joint staffing with my staff, including 24 health assistants, nurses, and also some of their staff 25 and volunteers.

1	So this was a tremendous burden, in that trying
2	to get that many students compliant in that short amount
3	of time was overwhelming for our staff. And we worked
4	on that for the entire fall part of that school year.
5	And then beginning on July 1^{st} , 2012, students entering
6	just seventh grade were required to have that.
7	And based on my experience 35 years as an
8	R.N. in California, and I worked for Sacramento County
9	Public Health for 11 years as a public health nurse,
10	and I've been a credentialed school nurse for 23 years,
11	and I've been coordinator in my district since the
12	inception knowing that requirement was coming, I knew
13	it was going to be a tremendous task for us to undertake.
14	And getting 2,000 students compliant was a much easier
15	task than getting 14,000 students compliant.
16	I think our registration process in our
17	district, we do not have central registration, like some
18	districts. And we have a variety of school
19	configurations: We have K-8s, 5-8s, 6-8s, 7-8s, and
20	9-12s. So we have school secretaries, office assistants,
21	or registrars who receive immunization records. So there
22	is no central registration.
23	Immunization records vary. When students and
24	parents bring them in, they can be on the California
25	immunization card or an out-of-state immunization card

1	or an out-of-country immunization card. Sometimes
2	translation is necessary. And those services have been
3	cut in our district to where it's really difficult to get
4	a translator.
5	And historically, we would send the parents
6	to providers in the community and, you know, have them
7	translate. And some of those resources have gone as
8	well.
9	When immunization records come in from out of
10	country, usually those are incomplete. They do not meet
11	California requirements. So those students, nine times
12	out of ten, will have to be referred to area resources to
13	become compliant. So if their immunizations are
14	incomplete, the student cannot start school. They are
15	referred to their private provider, the Child Health
16	Disability Prevention Program or the County Immunization
17	Program.
18	We also provide a county resource list. And
19	for your information, these services have declined over
20	the last five to ten years.
21	Our two area county clinics, the one at Rusch
22	Park in Citrus Heights and also the one in North
23	Sacramento, the Del Paso Health Center, have both closed.
24	Our families, we have about 40 to 50 percent
25	of our families receive Medi-Cal or are eligible and

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1	they meet the requirements for eligibility. And our
2	free and reduced-meal rate is 90 percent. And that
3	results in approximately 40 to 45 percent of our students
4	are probably uninsured, so they have no primary-care
5	provider.
6	So with the cuts in the county programs, these
7	families
8	CHAIR GILLIHAN: Ms. Mallory?
9	MS. MALLORY: Yes.
10	CHAIR GILLIHAN: Thank you for that explanation
11	of the process you're going through, but I don't think
12	that's necessarily on topic with the decision before the
13	Commission today. So we do appreciate the background on
14	that.
15	Before we move on, is there anything you'd like
16	to add in closing?
17	MR. PALKOWITZ: Myself?
18	CHAIR GILLIHAN: No, I was talking to
19	Ms. Mallory.
20	MS. MALLORY: Well, I just think and
21	students, when they are excluded you know, if we
22	exclude students, often parents will just keep them
23	home. It's not like they go and get the shot. They will
24	keep them home so students are missing school, and also
25	they become behind academically. So that's another

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issue, that truancy becomes an issue.
CHAIR GILLIHAN: Thank you.
Ms. Olsen?
MEMBER OLSEN: It seems to me that when I
listen to this I mean, it's troubling, but much of it
doesn't have to do with the issue of does a mandate
exist. But I am somewhat swayed by the idea that the
prohibition does not necessarily mean that there isn't
that a prohibition can almost be a program.
And it seems to me that prohibiting the
unconditional oh, I just lost my screen the
unconditional advancement of a student suggests that you,
therefore, have created a program a requirement for
some sort of conditional evaluation, which I'm somewhat
swayed by what's being said, has costs related to it.
So I would like staff to address why that wouldn't be a
mandate.
MS. SHELTON: Well, we certainly discussed that
at our office. You know, a lot of us are parents with
junior-high kids who had to very much go through this
program when it was urgency and for those first group of
kids that had to submit their immunizations into their
school.
All of the activities that were discussed are
required by the regulations that have not been pled.

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1	And in the past, the Commission has approved a mandate
2	when statutory language is written in a prohibitory
3	manner. But in those cases, the State had not yet acted
4	on what it meant. So it was up to the Commission to
5	determine, "Okay, what does this really mean?"
6	Here, the State has acted. And those
7	regulations were adopted three months before the test
8	claim was filed. And when you look at the leg. history,
9	the leg. history itself says the statutes don't create
10	the mandate; the regulations would create the mandate.
11	And so because we have very specific statutory
12	requirements on test-claim filings, that you are required
13	to specifically plead your statute, regulations, and
14	register numbers for each one of those regulations and
15	they have not been filed, we presented the conservative
16	view, which is legally correct, that the Commission does
17	not have jurisdiction over regulations that have not been
18	pled. It is, I think, a mistake in pleading.
19	I do think that if this were a court, you could
20	file a motion to get relief from that mistake. But the
21	courts have statutory authority to grant that relief, and
22	the Commission doesn't have that authority.
23	MEMBER OLSEN: So, really, the option for this
24	is to wait for the Commission to decide against the
25	mandate and then go to court?

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1	MS. SHELTON: Yes, they can do that.
2	It's a different case presented with this
3	prohibition because there are requirements that do
4	implement it. Where, in the past, when we've approved a
5	prohibition, there haven't been any requirements in law
6	stated. Here, you do have stated requirements, and
7	they're very specific.
8	And the two prior test claims that
9	Mr. Palkowitz was referring to pled the regulations.
10	Here, there's just been a mistake in pleading.
11	CHAIR GILLIHAN: Mr. Alex?
12	MEMBER ALEX: Camille, can I ask on this
13	one, since we were having a lesson in judicial and
14	administrative notice today, this seems closer to the
15	idea that you can take into account the existence of
16	regulations.
17	Any thoughts on that?
18	MS. SHELTON: Well, let me just say you
19	know, Tyler and I have talked about this a lot. We
20	presented the view that I think is legally defensible,
21	okay. If we wrote it we can certainly, if the
22	Commission wants to go that direction to approve this
23	claim, we would have to write it that way. That, you
24	know, the actual prohibition makes you do something to
25	comply with the prohibition and that you would take

1	notice of those activities. You can do that. It's less
2	legally defensible than the other position. It's up to
3	the Commission.
4	It's gray.
5	CHAIR GILLIHAN: Ms. Ramirez?
6	MEMBER RAMIREZ: I also find it painful,
7	actually, to hear what the district personnel went
8	through.
9	I'm very concerned about if we were to go
10	ahead and approve the claim, what would be the precedent
11	for other organizations, other claims that would come
12	forward? Because, you know, if this was the only case,
13	I could say, "Yes, let's do it."
14	MS. SHELTON: It's happened a lot where they
15	have missed a statute or something. And we have
16	routinely said we don't have jurisdiction over those
17	because the Government Code statute requires specific
18	pleading.
19	So it is really gray. And if you do that for
20	one case, then what happens on the future cases? And
21	you really need to be very specific in your pleading.
22	CHAIR GILLIHAN: Ms. Olsen?
23	MEMBER OLSEN: So can we go completely to the
24	hypothetical now? Not talking about this case, but
25	talking about a hypothetical similar case. And if we

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1	find against the mandate, we deny the mandate, and let's
2	say this hypothetical claimant then goes to the court
3	and asks for some sort of relief, then does the case come
4	back here, or is it decided in the courts?
5	I'm just fascinated by the procedural issues
6	here.
7	MS. SHELTON: I don't know, it would be really
8	up to the judge's discretion. I mean, I could argue that
9	it would have to come back to the Commission, because the
10	Commission has exclusive jurisdiction to make those
11	determinations.
12	The courts have, though, if it's a
13	public-policy issue that's significant enough, could take
14	it, too. But the mistake wasn't made in court; the
15	mistake was made before the Commission. And I think the
16	Court would look to see: Does the Commission have any
17	authority to grant relief? We don't have those the
18	Commission doesn't have those equitable powers that a
19	court would have.
20	MS. HALSEY: The Court has found that we don't.
21	MS. SHELTON: Right. And the Court has found
22	that a mandate determination is not an equitable
23	proceeding, so
24	CHAIR GILLIHAN: Mr. Saylor?
25	MEMBER SAYLOR: Just practically speaking, in

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1	this case where there is a prohibition of unconditionally
2	admitting or advancing any pupil, doesn't that
3	practically require some activity on the part of a
4	district to fulfill that statutory obligation?
5	MS. SHELTON: I think you can absolutely, yes,
6	make that argument. And as I've said, the Commission has
7	approved test claims with prohibitions before and has
8	defined it when the State has not defined it.
9	Here, the State has defined it, and those
10	regulations have not been pled.
11	MEMBER OLSEN: It really is gray.
12	MEMBER RAMIREZ: May I ask a question, a
13	follow-up?
14	CHAIR GILLIHAN: Yes, Ms. Ramirez?
15	MEMBER RAMIREZ: If it's appropriate, what
16	would be the alternative for the District if we were to
17	deny? Is there any alternative out there? I'd just like
18	to know. This may be a little bit beyond topic, but
19	MS. HALSEY: No, I don't think Commission staff
20	is arguing that these aren't things required, or even
21	that there wouldn't be a mandate if it had been properly
22	pled. They are required. It just would mean that the
23	school districts would be out a lot of money.
24	CHAIR GILLIHAN: Mr. Alex?
25	MEMBER ALEX: Is there any ability to either

amend or re-file? Or are we past the time for that? 1 2 MS. SHELTON: That is the problem. 3 They were working on timing when all these laws 4 changed in the statute and the regulations that do 5 require that all your pleadings, including amendments, be filed within the statute of limitations. And I think 6 7 I noted that the regulations were adopted three months 8 before the first test claim was filed, so we're beyond 9 the statute of limitations. 10 CHAIR GILLIHAN: Ms. Geanacou, does the 11 Department of Finance have any comments? 12 MS. GEANACOU: Yes, thank you. 13 Number one, we support the staff's analysis 14 with regard to recommendation of the finding of 15 non-existence of a statutory mandate; and we also support 16 the staff analysis as it regards the jurisdiction over 17 the regulations at issue here. CHAIR GILLIHAN: Thank you. 18 19 MR. PALKOWITZ: May I respond briefly? 20 CHAIR GILLIHAN: Certainly, Mr. Palkowitz. 21 MR. PALKOWITZ: Thank you. Just to refresh the Commission's information 22 23 on this, this statute, the test-claim legislation refers 24 to the amended regulation. So it is included in the 25 test-claim statute in the filing.

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1	Second of all, the test-claim form that was
2	adopted by the Commission in accordance with Government
3	Code sections, Section 7 states, "Documentation to
4	support the written narrative, with copies of all the
5	following: test-claim statute, bill number, executive
6	order, relevant portions of provisions, federal statutes,
7	executive orders, administrative decision, court
8	decisions." It nowhere mentions regulations.
9	That form is guidance for the public in moving
10	forward on filing test claims.
11	MEMBER ALEX: I'm sorry, that's at least for
12	me, that doesn't grab me. But, okay, understood.
13	MR. ASMUNDSON: If I may respond?
14	The regulations are executive orders. And in
15	addition, his first comment that the regulations are
16	cited, they're not. Section 120335 says, "The Department
17	may adopt emergency regulations." It does not
18	specifically refer to any regulations.
19	MR. PALKOWITZ: But the regulations we're
20	talking about are emergency regulations, correct?
21	MR. ASMUNDSON: Yes. And they were not pled,
22	and the Commission doesn't have jurisdiction over those
23	regulations.
24	CHAIR GILLIHAN: Is there any public comment on
25	this item?

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1	(No response)
2	CHAIR GILLIHAN: Seeing none, what is the
3	pleasure of the Commission?
4	MEMBER SAYLOR: I would like to move staff
5	recommendation for the first section, 120325, but to
6	change the recommendation on the second code section,
7	120335, to find that the statute does, in fact, contain a
8	mandate.
9	CHAIR GILLIHAN: We have a motion
10	MEMBER OLSEN: I'll second. I just can't get
11	my button to work.
12	CHAIR GILLIHAN: We have a motion and a second.
13	MS. SHELTON: Can I just if the Commission
14	goes that direction, I would recommend that we bring that
15	decision back to be adopted at a second hearing, because
16	it's not written that way.
17	MEMBER SAYLOR: I accept that as the maker of
18	the motion.
19	MEMBER RAMIREZ: Could I ask for more
20	information from the maker of the motion?
21	MEMBER SAYLOR: Based on the testimony provided
22	here and the discussion, it is my conclusion that to
23	implement the statute requires activities that are
24	mandated.
25	MS. GEANACOU: May I ask a question, please?

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1	What would the mandated activities be? Would
2	they be those that are contained in the emergency
3	regulations?
4	MEMBER SAYLOR: Whether or not there are
5	regulations, in order to achieve the determination that
6	a student has been properly and fully immunized requires
7	an action by the district. The regulations are
8	irrelevant whether they happened or not. In order to
9	comply with the statute, actions had to be taken.
10	MEMBER RIVERA: And just another question.
11	As far as reimbursement of those costs, are we talking
12	about because I know we mentioned there was 290
13	students that
14	MS. SHELTON: It was 12,000, I think.
15	MEMBER RIVERA: Well, there was 290, I think
16	MR. ROACH: No, no, that may I respond to
17	that?
18	MEMBER RIVERA: Sure.
19	MR. ROACH: The 290 students that we had to
20	back out ADA on, those are students that those are not
21	costs that we are alleging in this claim.
22	MEMBER RIVERA: Okay, that's what I wanted to
23	find out.
24	MR. ROACH: Yes. Yes, we are alleging that is
25	down-the-stream cost to us.

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1	MEMBER RIVERA: Okay, that's what I want to be
2	clear about.
3	MR. ROACH: Okay.
4	MEMBER ALEX: Camille, I have another question,
5	which is, if the Commission were to turn it back to
6	staff, I guess I want to know I mean, there may be a
7	number of options. For example, we could say, we think
8	there is a mandate in the statute, we could also ask for
9	further evaluation of that. Is that true, and also the
10	implications of what it would mean to find a mandate in
11	the statute, as opposed to the emergency regs?
12	MS. SHELTON: Well, let me touch on the second
13	point first, because we sort of talked about that, too.
14	I mean, the regs are very specific. Yes, I
15	mean, you'd have to really ignore them, I think, and then
16	just look at the statute, and say, "What is minimally
17	mandated here just to comply with this prohibition?"
18	So you'd have to take a look at that and do it that way.
19	It would be a little bit squirrely, I think.
20	The option, though, going to your first point,
21	there are there is a motion on the table, and you need
22	to decide on that motion. If it fails for whatever
23	reason, you have opportunities to send the whole thing
24	back to the staff.
25	In the past, we could do something similar to

1 what we've done, where we present both options for you to decide, this one and a next one, and then you can do that 2 3 as well, if you don't feel comfortable with maybe what it 4 would look like now. 5 MEMBER ALEX: We could ask staff to provide some different options. 6 7 MS. SHELTON: Yes, absolutely. 8 MEMBER ALEX: Okay, so what I would say about 9 the pending motion is that I'm uncomfortable finding, 10 as we sit here, that there is a statutory mandate. But 11 I would like -- I share the same distress that everybody 12 on the Commission has expressed, and I'd like to see if 13 there are different options, whether they're in 14 conjunction with recognizing the emergency regulations or 15 the statute itself, to at least explore that. That would 16 be -- that's my position. 17 MEMBER SAYLOR: Do you want to make a 18 substitute motion? 19 MEMBER ALEX: I would -- can I do that, or do 20 we have to --21 MS. SHELTON: There is a second. There's a 22 second on the motion, so you need to vote on that. 23 MEMBER OLSEN: We need to vote on that. 24 MEMBER SAYLOR: Do we have procedures that 25 prohibit substitute motions?

Commission on State Mandates – May 24, 2013 1 MS. SHELTON: No. 2 MEMBER SAYLOR: So you could do that. 3 MEMBER RAMIREZ: Withdraw your second. 4 MEMBER OLSEN: I can withdraw my second, if 5 that's a problem, yes. 6 MEMBER ALEX: Do you want to? 7 MEMBER OLSEN: Sure. Go ahead. 8 MEMBER ALEX: Okay, so I would make a 9 substitute motion that we remand the entire proceeding, 10 both parts of it, to staff, to evaluate options for a 11 potential mandate, either in connection with the statute 12 or the possibility of including incorporation of the 13 regulations to determine if that's a possibility. MEMBER SAYLOR: Second. 14 15 CHAIR GILLIHAN: We have a motion and a second. Is there any more discussion? 16 17 (No response) 18 CHAIR GILLIHAN: Heather, please call the roll. 19 MS. HALSEY: Mr. Alex? 20 MEMBER ALEX: Aye. 21 MS. HALSEY: Mr. Placet? 22 MEMBER PLACET: Aye. 23 MS. HALSEY: Mr. Gillihan? 24 CHAIR GILLIHAN: Aye. 25 MS. HALSEY: Ms. Olsen?

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1	MEMBER OLSEN: Aye.
2	MS. HALSEY: Ms. Ramirez?
3	MEMBER RAMIREZ: Aye.
4	MS. HALSEY: Mr. Rivera?
5	MEMBER RIVERA: Aye.
6	MS. HALSEY: Mr. Saylor?
7	MEMBER SAYLOR: Aye.
8	CHAIR GILLIHAN: The motion carries.
9	MR. PALKOWITZ: Thank you.
10	MS. MALLORY: Thank you.
11	MR. ROACH: Thank you.
12	MS. HALSEY: Item 6, parameters and guidelines
13	for POBR II has been postponed to January 2014 at the
14	request of claimant.
15	Item 7, Chief Legal Counsel Camille Shelton
16	will present Item 7, a request for reconsideration of
17	statement of decision and parameters and guidelines on
18	the California Public Records Act.
19	MS. SHELTON: Good morning. This is request
20	for reconsideration filed by the California Special
21	Districts Association on the statement of decision and
22	parameters and guidelines that were adopted April 19^{th} ,
23	2013, for the Public Records Act program.
24	The Association contends that the decision and
25	the parameters and guidelines contain an error of law

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1 with respect to the description of eligible claimants 2 which omits special districts required to comply with the 3 Public Records Act. 4 Pursuant to the Commission's regulations, 5 reconsidering a statement of decision is a two-step 6 hearing process. The first step is to determine whether 7 to grant the request for reconsideration and schedule the 8 matter for a hearing on the merits. Five affirmative 9 votes are required to grant the request or 10 reconsideration. 11 Staff recommends that the Commission grant the 12 request in this case. Except for certain provisions 13 relating only to school districts, the activities 14 mandated by the Public Records Act apply equally to all 15 levels of government. The test-claim statement of 16 decision correctly acknowledges that local agencies are 17 eligible for reimbursement under the program. And local 18 agencies are defined in the mandate statutes to include 19 special districts. 20 The decision on the parameters and guidelines, 21 however, authorized reimbursement for cities, counties, 22 and school districts only, but did not address the issue 23 of special districts, which will require further legal 24 analysis. Not all special districts are eligible to 25 claim reimbursement under the Constitution because they

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1	receive their revenues from fees, and are not subject to
2	the tax-and-spend provisions of the Constitution.
3	Staff recommends that the Commission grant the
4	request for reconsideration and direct staff to schedule
5	a second hearing on the merits of the request.
6	Will the parties please state your names for
7	the record?
8	MS. HOLZEM: Good morning. Dorothy Holzem with
9	the California Special Districts Association.
10	MR. KAYE: Good morning. Leonard Kaye with the
11	County of Los Angeles.
12	MR. WARD: Randy Ward, Department of Finance.
13	CHAIR GILLIHAN: Thank you.
14	Ms. Olsen?
15	MEMBER OLSEN: I'd love to move the staff's
16	recommendation.
17	CHAIR GILLIHAN: We have a motion on the staff
18	recommendation.
19	Is there a second?
20	MEMBER RIVERA: Second.
21	CHAIR GILLIHAN: We have a motion and multiple
22	seconds.
23	Is there any public comment on this item?
24	(No response)
25	CHAIR GILLIHAN: Seeing none, Heather, please

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1
     call the roll.
2
                MS. HALSEY: Mr. Alex?
3
                MEMBER ALEX: Aye.
4
                MS. HALSEY: Mr. Placet?
5
                MEMBER PLACET: Aye.
6
                MS. HALSEY: Mr. Gillihan?
7
                CHAIR GILLIHAN: Aye.
8
                MS. HALSEY: Ms. Olsen?
9
                MEMBER OLSEN: Aye.
10
                MS. HALSEY: Ms. Ramirez?
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                MEMBER RAMIREZ: Aye.
                MS. HALSEY: Mr. Rivera?
12
13
                MEMBER RIVERA: Aye.
14
                MS. HALSEY: Mr. Saylor?
15
                (No response)
16
                CHAIR GILLIHAN: The motion carries.
17
                Thank you.
18
                MS. HOLZEM: Thank you.
19
                MR. KAYE: Thank you.
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                MS. HALSEY: Item 9 is reserved for County
21
     applications for a finding of significant financial
22
     stress, or SB 1033. No SB 1033 applications have been
23
     filed.
24
                Item 10, Assistant Executive Director Jason
25
     Hone will present Item 10, the Legislative Update.
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1	MR. HONE: Good morning. Staff has identified
2	two bills introduced this session related to the mandates
3	process, and those are AB 392 and AB 1292.
4	AB 1292 is a spot bill, and staff will continue
5	to monitor the legislation. There has been no updates
6	to this bill since it was first read on the floor in
7	February 25 th .
8	AB 392 is sponsored by the State Controller and
9	proposes changes to the allocation method and reporting
10	requirement for prorated state mandate claims. This bill
11	has passed the Assembly, and just yesterday was referred
12	to the Senate Governance and Finance Committee.
13	CHAIR GILLIHAN: Thank you.
14	MS. HALSEY: Item 11, Chief Legal Counsel
15	Camille Shelton will present the Chief Legal Counsel
16	report.
17	MS. SHELTON: Just a report that that hearing
18	case on the Water Permit matter for L.A. County, the
19	Court this week, on its own motion, moved that up to
20	July 24 th .
21	Also, to report in the Grad Requirements
22	litigation, there were no appeals filed. So that became
23	a final decision.
24	CHAIR GILLIHAN: Thank you, Heather.
25	MS. HALSEY: Item 12 is the Executive

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Director's report. And I have an update on workload, 1 2 budget, and our tentative agenda items for next meeting. 3 The written report contains a summary of 4 pending claims, including a breakdown of the claims filed and completed this fiscal year. 5 After this hearing, the Commission will have 6 7 25 -- is that right? No, sorry, 26 pending test claims 8 remaining, ten of which are Stormwater Permit test 9 claims. 10 The budget update on the Assembly and Senate 11 Sub 4 committees both met in May and unanimously approved 12 the Commission's BCP for one new attorney III and a 13 senior legal analyst. We're currently in the recruitment 14 process, and will fill these positions effective July 1st 15 upon budget approval. 16 These new positions will help the Commission to 17 work the backlog more quickly and come closer to meeting 18 the statutory deadline for adoption of statewide cost 19 estimates. 20 Also, in the budget, the subcommittees took up 21 suspension of mandates. The Senate Sub 4 committee voted 22 to suspend all of the mandates proposed for suspension by 23 the Governor, and the Assembly Sub 4 did likewise, except 24 for the four mandates that were proposed for suspension, 25 for which there was no adopted statewide cost estimate.

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1	And those include the California Public Records Act,
2	Local Agency Ethics, ICAN, and Tuberculosis Control
3	mandates.
4	And then on May 21^{st} , Assembly Sub 4 voted to
5	reject the suspension of the four mandates without
6	statewide cost estimates, and also conform with the
7	Subcommittee 1 action to reject suspension of the ICAN
8	mandate and establish a working group to evaluate ICAN.
9	On May 22^{nd} , the Senate Sub 4 rescinded its
10	vote on ICAN, to rescind the suspension and conform to
11	the Assembly actions. So they're creating a working
12	group on ICAN reform.
13	At the end of my report, you can see the
14	tentative agenda items for July and September. If you
15	represent any of the parties in these matters, please
16	review the claims and comments on file which you can find
17	on our Web site, and make sure they're complete. If you
18	have anything you want to add, the sooner the better, so
19	that staff can consider that in their analysis.
20	And if you have any questions or need help
21	finding anything, just give us a call.
22	Thank you.
23	CHAIR GILLIHAN: Thank you.
24	So we're on to the closed-session item?
25	MS. HALSEY: Yes.

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1	All right, moving on to closed-session.
2	CHAIR GILLIHAN: Okay, the Commission will meet
3	in closed executive session pursuant to Government Code
4	section 11126(e) to confer and receive advice from legal
5	counsel for consideration and action, as necessary and
6	appropriate, upon the pending litigation listed on the
7	published notice and agenda; and to confer with and
8	receive advice from legal counsel regarding potential
9	litigation.
10	The Commission will also confer on personnel
11	matters pursuant to section 11126, subdivision (a)(1).
12	We will reconvene in open session in
13	approximately 15 minutes.
14	(The Commission met in closed executive
15	session from 11:14 a.m. to 11:22 a.m.)
16	CHAIR GILLIHAN: The Commission met in closed
17	session pursuant to Government Code section 11126(e)(2)
18	to confer with and receive advice from legal counsel for
19	consideration and action, as necessary and appropriate,
20	upon the pending litigation listed on the published
21	notice and agenda, and to confer with and receive advice
22	from legal counsel regarding potential litigation, and
23	pursuant to Government Code section 11126, subdivision
24	(a)(1), to confer on personnel matters.
25	With no further business to discuss, I'll

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1	entertain a motion to adjourn.
2	MEMBER PLACET: So moved.
3	CHAIR GILLIHAN: We have a motion
4	MEMBER OLSEN: Second.
5	CHAIR GILLIHAN: We have a motion and a second.
6	All in favor, say "aye."
7	(A chorus of "ayes" was heard.)
8	CHAIR GILLIHAN: All opposed?
9	(No response)
10	CHAIR GILLIHAN: No?
11	(No response)
12	CHAIR GILLIHAN: Appearing none, the meeting is
13	adjourned.
14	(The meeting concluded at 11:23 a.m.)
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REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE

I hereby certify:

That the foregoing proceedings were duly reported by me at the time and place herein specified; and

That the proceedings were reported by me, a duly certified shorthand reporter and a disinterested person, and was thereafter transcribed into typewriting by computer-aided transcription.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand on the $15^{\rm th}$ of June 2012.

Daniel P. Feldhaus California CSR #6949 Registered Diplomate Reporter Certified Realtime Reporter