ITEM 6

PROPOSED PARAMETERS AND GUIDELINES AS MODIFIED BY STAFF

FINAL STAFF ANALYSIS

Government Code Sections 56425, Subdivision (i)(1) (formerly Subdivision (h)(1))
Statutes 2000, Chapter 761 (AB 2838)

Local Agency Formation Commissions 02-TC-23

Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District, Claimant

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

On September 27, 2007, the Commission on State Mandates (Commission) adopted the Statement of Decision for the Local Agency Formation Commissions program finding that Government Code section 56425, subdivision (i)(1), constitutes a reimbursable state-mandated program for independent special districts that are subject to the tax and spend provisions of articles XIII A and XIII B of the California Constitution to file written statements specifying the functions or classes of service provided by those districts with local agency formation commissions (LAFCOs) when the LAFCO adopts or updates the spheres of influence during the following periods of time and circumstances:

- July 1, 2001 through December 31, 2001 when a LAFCO adopts or updates any sphere of influence or sphere of influence that includes a special district.
- On and after January 1, 2002 when a LAFCO adopts or updates a sphere of influence for a special district.

The LAFCO is required to develop and determine the sphere of influence of each local governmental agency within the county and enact policies designed to promote the logical and orderly development of areas within the sphere in order to carry out its responsibilities "for planning and shaping the logical and orderly development and coordination of local governmental agencies to advantageously provide for the present and future needs of the county and its communities." Every five years, the LAFCO is required to review and update, as necessary, each sphere of influence, and shall require the special districts within its jurisdiction to file the written statements described above.

Staff reviewed the claimant's initial and revised proposed parameters and guidelines and the comments received from the parties. Non-substantive, technical changes were made for purposes of clarification, consistency with language in recently adopted parameters and guidelines, and conformity to the Statement of Decision and statutory language.

In addition, the claimant filed comments on the draft staff analysis addressing the proposed reimbursable activities and is requesting reimbursement for other related activities it alleges are the most reasonable methods of complying with the mandate.

Section 1183.1 of the Commission's regulations describes the content of parameters and guidelines. Pursuant to section 1183.1, subdivision (a)(4), the reimbursable activities shall consist of the activities approved by the Commission in the Statement of Decision as reimbursable state-mandated activities, and activities found to constitute the most reasonable methods of complying with the mandate. "The most reasonable methods of complying with the mandate" are those methods not specified in statute that are necessary to carry out the mandated program."

Staff finds that the activities proposed by the claimant, as modified by staff to conform to the approved test claim statute, constitute reasonable methods of complying with the mandate. Staff recommends that the Commission adopt the following language in Section IV, Reimbursable Activities (proposed modifications are reflected with underline and strikeout):

A. On-going Activities:

For Filing written statements to the LAFCO pursuant to Government Code section 56425, subdivision (i)(1) (formerly numbered subdivision (h)(1).), specifying the functions or classes of service provided by the district, for the following time periods and types of spheres of influence:

- July 1, 2001 through December 31, 2001 when a LAFCO adopts or updates any sphere of influence or sphere of influence that includes a special district.
- On and after January 1, 2002 when a LAFCO adopts or updates a sphere of influence for a special district:

The following activities are reimbursable:

- 1. Gather information on the functions or classes of services provided by the special district from within the special district and from outside sources, as needed to prepare the written statements required by Government Code section 56425, subdivision (i)(1).
- 2. Draft written statements, including but not limited to, the initial draft, reviews and revisions as needed.
- 3. File written statements with the LAFCO.
- 4. Prepare for, attend, and present written statements as required by Government Code section 54625, subdivision (i)(1), at LAFCO meeting hearing.

(Government Code section 56425, subdivision (h)(1) (subsequently renumbered to subdivision (i)(1).)

Staff Recommendation

Staff recommends that the Commission adopt the proposed parameters and guidelines, as modified by staff, beginning on page 9.

Staff also recommends that the Commission authorize staff to make any non-substantive, technical corrections to the parameters and guidelines following the hearing.

STAFF ANALYIS

Claimant

Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District

Chronology

9	
05/29/2003	Claimant files test claim with the Commission on State Mandates (Commission)
07/0720/03	Department of Finance requests extension of time to file comments on the test claim
07/08/2003	Commission staff approves extension of time to August 18, 2003, to file
	comments
07/18/2003	Department of Finance submits comments
09/25/2003	Claimant submits response to Department of Finance comments
06/28/2007	Commission staff issues draft staff analysis
07/24/2007	Department of Finance submits comments on draft staff analysis
07/25/2007	Claimant requests extension of time to file comments on the draft staff
•	analysis
07/25/2007	Commission staff approves extension of time to August 9, 2007, to file
	comments on the draft staff analysis
08/09/2007	Claimant files comments on the draft staff analysis
09/17/2007	Commission staff issues final staff analysis
09/27/2007	Commission adopts Statement of Decision
03/20/2008	Commission staff notifies claimant that claimant's proposed parameters and
	guidelines were required to be submitted on November 2, 2007, and to date,
	no parameters and guidelines have been filed
06/25/2008	Commission staff notifies claimant that claimant's proposed parameters and
	guidelines have not been filed and requests claimant to advise if claim has
	been abandoned
08/14/2008	Claimant submits proposed parameters and guidelines
09/12/2008	Department of Finance files comments
07/20/2009	Claimant responds to Finance comments and submits revised proposed
	parameters and guidelines
08/12/09	Draft staff analysis and proposed parameters and guidelines issued for
	comment
09/02/09	Claimant files comments on the draft staff analysis and proposed parameters
	and guidelines

Summary of the Mandate

This test claim addressed representation on the Sacramento County Local Agency Formation Commission ("LAFCO"), changes to funding mechanisms for LAFCOs with independent special district representation, and modifications to the process for LAFCOs to adopt and update the "sphere of influence" for each local government agency within a county.

¹ "Sphere of influence" means a plan for the probable physical boundaries and service area of a local agency, as determined by the LAFCO. (Gov. Code § 56076.)

On September 27, 2007, the Commission on State Mandates (Commission) adopted the Statement of Decision for the *Local Agency Formation Commissions* program (02-TC-23). ² The Commission found that the test claim statute constitutes a new program or higher level of service and imposes a state-mandated program on certain independent special districts within the meaning of article XIII B, section 6, of the California Constitution and Government Code section 17514 for the following activities:

Requiring independent special districts to file written statements with the LAFCO specifying the functions or classes of service provided by those districts, for the following time periods and types of spheres of influence:

- July 1, 2001 through December 31, 2001 when a LAFCO adopts or updates any sphere of influence or sphere of influence that includes a special district.
- On and after January 1, 2002 when a LAFCO adopts or updates a sphere of influence for a special district.

The Commission also found that only those independent special districts that are subject to the tax and spend limitations of article XIII A and article XIII B are eligible claimants.

The Commission concluded that Government Code section 56001 declares legislative findings and is helpful to interpret the test claim statutes, but does not mandate any activities. The Commission further concluded that Government Code sections 56326.5, 56381, 56381.6, 56425 (except subdivision (h)(1), subsequently renumbered to subdivision (i)(1)), 56426.5, and 56430, and the Municipal Service Review Guidelines and Appendices developed by OPR, as pled, along with any other test claim statutes, alleged executive orders, guidelines and allegations not specifically approved above, do not mandate a new program or higher level of service subject to article XIII B, section 6.

Discussion

Claimant submitted the proposed parameters and guidelines on July 20, 2009.³ On September 12, 2008, Department of Finance submitted comments on the claimant's proposed parameters and guidelines.⁴ On July 20, 2009, claimant responded to Finance's comments, and submitted revised proposed parameters and guidelines.⁵ Staff reviewed the claimant's initial and revised proposed parameters and guidelines and the comments received. Non-substantive, technical changes were made for purposes of clarification, consistency with language in recently adopted parameters and guidelines, and conformity to the Statement of Decision and statutory language.

Substantive changes were made to the following sections of the claimant's revised proposed parameters and guidelines.

II. Eligible Claimants Were Modified to Clarify that LAFCOs are Not Eligible Claimants

The Commission found that independent special districts participating in a LAFCO and which are subject to the tax and spend limitations of articles XIII A and XIII B of the California

² Exhibit A.

³ Exhibit B.

⁴ Exhibit C.

⁵ Exhibit D.

Constitution, and not LAFCOs, are eligible claimants. Therefore, staff clarified that LAFCOs are not eligible claimants.

III. Period of Reimbursement Was Modified to Add One Year

Government Code section 17557, subdivision (e), states that a test claim shall be submitted on or before June 30 following a given fiscal year to establish eligibility for that fiscal year. This test claim was file on May 29, 2003, establishing reimbursement for the 2001-2002 fiscal year.

The proposed parameters and guidelines state that reimbursement begins on July 1, 2002. Staff corrected this sentence to clarify that reimbursement begins on July 1, 2001.

Estimated Claims

Prior to 2008, claimants were authorized to file estimated reimbursement claims for the current fiscal year. In 2008, ABX3 8 (Stats. 2008, ch. 6) repealed the authority for claimants to file and be paid for estimated reimbursement claims. Therefore, staff removed any references to estimated reimbursement claims from this section of the proposed parameters and guidelines.

IV. Reimbursable Activities Were Narrowed

Pursuant to Government Code section 56425, the LAFCO is required to develop and determine the sphere of influence of each local governmental agency within the county and enact policies designed to promote the logical and orderly development of areas within the sphere in order to carry out its responsibilities "for planning and shaping the logical and orderly development and coordination of local governmental agencies to advantageously provide for the present and future needs of the county and its communities." Every five years, the LAFCO is required to review and update, as necessary, each sphere of influence. Pursuant to Government Code section 56425, subdivision (i)(1), the LAFCO, when adopting, amending, or updating a sphere of influence, shall require existing special districts to file written statements with the LAFCO specifying the functions or classes of service provided by those districts.

The Commission approved the test claim for the following reimbursable activity mandated by Government Code section 56425, subdivision (i)(1):

Requiring independent special districts to file written statements with the LAFCO specifying the functions or classes of service provided by those districts, for the following time periods and types of spheres of influence:

- July 1, 2001 through December 31, 2001 when a LAFCO adopts or updates any sphere of influence or sphere of influence that includes a special district.
- On and after January 1, 2002 when a LAFCO adopts or updates a sphere of influence for a special district.

Section 1183.1 of the Commission's regulations describes the content of parameters and guidelines. Pursuant to section 1183.1, subdivision (a)(4), the reimbursable activities shall consist of the activities approved by the Commission in the Statement of Decision as reimbursable state-mandated activities, and activities found to constitute the most reasonable methods of complying with the mandate. "The most reasonable methods of complying with the mandate" are those methods not specified in statute that are necessary to carry out the mandated program.

On July 20, 2009, the claimant submitted revised proposed parameters and guidelines, requesting reimbursement for the following activities:

- 1. Gather information from within the special district and from outside sources, as needed to prepare the written statements.
- 2. Draft written statements, including but not limited to, the initial draft, reviews and revisions as needed.
- 3. File do written statements with the LAFCO.
- 4. Prepare for, attend, and present written statements at LAFCO meeting.

On August 12, 2009, a draft staff analysis and proposed parameters and guidelines were issued for comment, denying reimbursement for activities 1 and 4 on the ground that they go beyond the scope of the mandated activity and, therefore, are not reasonable methods of complying with the mandate.⁶

On September 2, 2009, the claimant filed comments on the draft staff analysis⁷ (certified under penalty of perjury by the general counsel for Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District), arguing that activities 1 and 4 are reasonable methods of complying with the mandated activity. With respect to activity 1, the claimant states the following:

Few, if any, of us can say that we could, without gathering any information, draft a written statement concerning our respective businesses or departments. Even if one can name all the services their business or department provides without assistance, there remain questions about what was filed before, what do other districts file, who drafted the prior document, the format of the document, or the method of filing. This information is not only necessary to the drafting and filing of the written statement, it is also the most reasonable method of compliance as it allows for accurate drafting and the mere updating of any prior statement. Thus time spent gathering information can yield time saving in the process of drafting that statement.

The language proposed by the claimant ("gather information from within the special district and from outside sources") is vague and ambiguous, and can apply to activities that go beyond the scope of the mandated activity. Staff recommends that the language be narrowed to apply to the mandated activity, as follows:

1. Gather information on the functions or classes of services provided by the special district from within the special district and from outside sources, as needed to prepare the written statements required by Government Code section 56425, subdivision (i)(1).

Based on the evidence in the record, staff finds that activity 1, as modified by staff, is the most reasonable method of complying with the mandated activity to file written statements on the functions or classes of service provided by the district, pursuant to Government Code section 56425, subdivision (i)(1).

With respect to activity 4 (prepare for, attend, and present written statements at LAFCO meeting), the claimant filed a declaration from Allan P. Burdick of MAXIMUS, Inc., which states in relevant part the following:

2. I spoke to representatives of three LAFCo's in an effort to establish whether representatives are required to attend LAFCO meeting where the agency had a matter on

⁶ Exhibit E.

⁷ Exhibit F

the agenda. Similar to a Commission on State Mandates meeting, all agreed there is no requirement for agency representatives to attend meetings. They are, however, invited and encouraged to attend. With rare exceptions, the local agency's staff are in contact with the LAFCo staff before the meetings, and they discuss, among other things, the value or benefit to either the local agency or LAFCo from their attendance.

3. I have spoke [sic] to a number of LAFCo staff members over the years, and LAFCo meetings are similar to most other local government meetings, such as city council and county board of supervisor meetings. Since LAFCo commissioners are made up of elected representative [sic] of cities, counties and special districts, their policies, procedures and practices are based on those of their parent organizations. Similar to governing board meetings of local government, while there is no statutory or regulatory requirement to attend a meeting, an agency has an obligation to its taxpayers to insure they are represented if the outcome may have consequences on its constituents.

In comments on the draft staff analysis, the claimant states the following with respect to activity 4:

Government Code section 56425, subdivision (a) states:

In order to carry out its purposes and responsibilities for planning and shaping the logical and orderly development and coordination of local governmental agencies so as to advantageously provide for the present and future needs of the county and its communities, the commission shall develop and determine the sphere of influence of each local governmental agency within the county and enact policies designed to promote the logical and orderly development of areas within the sphere.

To further this purpose, the mandate legislation, Government Code section 56425, subdivision (h)(1) (subsequently renumbered to subdivision (i)(1)) "requires independent special districts to file written statements with the LAFCO, specifying the functions or classes of service provided by those districts ... when a LAFCO adopts or updates a sphere of influence for a special district ..." This Commission found that this activity is a reimbursable state mandate. Filing statements is a method by which agencies communicate with their LAFCO. This communication requires the preparation of the statements to be filed, the drafting and filing of statements and, to bring the matter to its natural close, the appearance at the public meeting where those written statements are discussed and reviewed by the LAFCO. Since these discussions can raise questions, delineate unforeseen issues and lead the LAFCO in new directions, written statements alone are not always sufficient for the LAFCO to complete its business.

Staff finds that activity 4 is a reasonable method of complying with the mandated activity. Government Code section 56427 requires that the LAFCO adopt, amend, or revise spheres of influence only after a public hearing called and held for that purpose. Notice of the hearing is mailed to each affected local agency. At the hearing, the LAFCO is required to hear and consider oral and written testimony presented by the affected local agency. Staff recommends that the language be amended to include a reference to the state-mandated activity and to change the phrase "LAFCO meeting" to "LAFCO hearing" to make it consistent with Government Code section 56427, as follows:

4. Prepare for, attend, and present written statements as required by Government Code section 54625, subdivision (i)(1), at LAFCO meeting hearing.

In summary, staff recommends that the Commission adopt the following revisions to Section IV, reimbursable activities:

A. On-going Activities:

For Filing written statements to the LAFCO pursuant to Government Code section 56425, subdivision (i)(1) (formerly numbered subdivision (h)(1).), specifying the functions or classes of service provided by the district, for the following time periods and types of spheres of influence:

- July 1, 2001 through December 31, 2001 when a LAFCO adopts or updates any sphere of influence or sphere of influence that includes a special district.
- On and after January 1, 2002 when a LAFCO adopts or updates a sphere of influence for a special district:

The following activities are reimbursable:

- 1. Gather information on the functions or classes of services provided by the special district from within the special district and from outside sources, as needed to prepare the written statements required by Government Code section 56425, subdivision (i)(1).
- 2. Draft written statements, including but not limited to, the initial draft, reviews and revisions as needed.
- 3. File written statements with the LAFCO.
- 4. Prepare for, attend, and present written statements as required by Government Code section 54625, subdivision (i)(1), at LAFCO meeting hearing.

(Government Code section 56425, subdivision (h)(1) (subsequently renumbered to subdivision (i)(1).)

Staff Recommendation -

Staff recommends that the Commission adopt the proposed parameters and guidelines, as modified by staff, beginning on page 9.

Staff also recommends that the Commission authorize staff to make any non-substantive, technical corrections to the parameters and guidelines following the hearing.

Proposed for Adoption: September 25, 2009

CLAIMANT'S REVISED PROPOSED PARAMETERS AND GUIDELINES AS MODIFIED BY STAFF

Government Code Sections 56001, 56326.5, 56381, 56381.6, 56425. Subdivision (i)(1) (formerly Subdivision (h)(1)) and 56430

Chapter 439, Statutes of 1991 Chapter 761, Statutes of 2000 Chapter 493, Statutes of 2002 LAFCO Municipal Services Review Guidelines

LAFCO Municipal Services Review Guidelines Appendices

Local Agency Formation Commissions

02-TC-23

Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District, Claimant

I. SUMMARY OF THE MANDATE

On September 27, 2007, the Commission on State Mandates (Commission) adopted a Statement of Decision finding that the test claim legislation imposes a partially reimbursable statemandated program upon certain independent special districts within the meaning of article XIII B, section 6 of the California Constitution and Government Code section 17514. Specifically, the Commission found that only one statutory provision, Government Code section 56425, subdivision (h) (subsequently renumbered to subdivision (i)(1)),— constitutes a statemandated "new program or higher level of service" in an existing program. As the claimant is an independent special district, Tthe findings of for this test claim apply to independent special districts only and not LAFCOs or other local government agencies. Furthermore, only independent special districts that are subject to the tax and spend limitations of articles XIII A and XIII B of the California Constitution are eligible claimants. Local agency formation commissions (LAFCOs) are not eligible claimants. All other activities claimed for sphere of influence reviews or municipal service reviews are either required of the LAFCO and not special districts, or the activities are not mandated since the Municipal Service Review Guidelines and Appendices do not constitute executive orders.

The Commission approved this test claim for the following reimbursable activities:

Filing written statements with the LAFCO specifying the functions or classes of service provided by independent special districts, for the following time periods and types of spheres of influence:

- July 1, 2001 through December 31, 2001 when a LAFCO adopts or updates any sphere of influence or sphere of influence that includes a special district.
- On and after January 1, 2002 when a LAFCO adopts or updates a sphere of influence for a special district.

II. ELIGIBLE CLAIMANTS

Any independent special district participating in the LAFCO which is subject to the tax and spend limitations of articles XIII A and XIII B of the California Constitution and that incurs increased costs as a result of this reimbursable state-mandated program is eligible to claim reimbursement of those costs. -LAFCOs are not eligible claimants.

III. PERIOD OF REIMBURSEMENT

Government Code section 17557, subdivision (e), states that a test claim shall be submitted on or before June 30 following a given fiscal year to establish eligibility for that fiscal year. The Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District filed the test claim on May 29, 2003, establishing eligibility for reimbursement for fiscal year 2001-2002. Therefore, costs incurred pursuant to Government Code section 56425, subdivision (h) are reimbursable on or after July 1, 2001 2002.

Actual costs for one fiscal year shall be included in each claim. Estimated costs of the subsequent year may be included on the same claim, if applicable. Pursuant to Government Code section 17561, subdivision (d)(1)(A), all claims for reimbursement of initial fiscal year costs shall be submitted to the State Controller within 120 days of the issuance date for the claiming instructions.

If the total costs for a given fiscal year do not exceed \$1,000, no reimbursement shall be allowed except as otherwise allowed by Government Code section 17564.

IV. REIMBURSABLE ACTIVITIES

To be eligible for mandated cost reimbursement for any fiscal year, only actual costs may be claimed. Actual costs are those costs actually incurred to implement the mandated activities. Actual costs must be traceable and supported by source documents that show the validity of such costs, when they were incurred, and their relationship to the reimbursable activities. A source document is a document created at or near the same time the actual cost was incurred for the event or activity in question. Source documents may include, but are not limited to, employee time records or time logs, sign-in sheets, invoices, and receipts.

Evidence corroborating the source documents may include, but is not limited to, worksheets, cost allocation reports (system generated), purchase orders, contracts, agendas, training packets, and declarations. Declarations must include a certification or declaration stating, "I certify (or declare) under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct," and must further comply with the requirements of Code of Civil Procedure section 2015.5. Evidence corroborating the source documents may include data relevant to the reimbursable activities otherwise in compliance with local, state, and federal government requirements. However, corroborating documents cannot be substituted for source documents.

The claimant is only allowed to claim and be reimbursed for increased costs for reimbursable activities identified below. Increased cost is limited to the cost of an activity that the claimant is required to incur as a result of the mandate.

For each eligible claimant, the following activities are reimbursable:

A. On-going Activities:

For Filing written statements to the LAFCO <u>pursuant to Government Code section 56425</u>, <u>subdivision (i)(1) (formerly numbered subdivision (h)(1).</u>), specifying the functions or classes of service provided by the district, for the following time periods and types of spheres of influence:

- July 1, 2001 through December 31, 2001 when a LAFCO adopts or updates any sphere of influence or sphere of influence that includes a special district.
- On and after January 1, 2002 when a LAFCO adopts or updates a sphere of influence for a special district:

The following activities are reimbursable:

- 1. Gather information on the functions or classes of services provided by the special district from within the special district and from outside sources, as needed to prepare the written statements required by Government Code section 56425, subdivision (i)(1).
- 2. Draft written statements, including but not limited to, the initial draft, reviews and revisions as needed.
- 3. File written statements with the LAFCO.
- 4. Prepare for, attend, and present written statements as required by Government Code section 54625, subdivision (i)(1), at LAFCO meeting hearing.

(Government Code section 56425, subdivision (h)(1) (subsequently renumbered to subdivision (i)(1).)

V. CLAIM PREPARATION AND SUBMISSION

Each of the following cost elements must be identified for each reimbursable activity identified in Section IV, Reimbursable Activities, of this document. Each claimed reimbursable cost must be supported by source documentation as described in Section IV. Additionally, each reimbursement claim must be filed in a timely manner.

A. Direct Cost Reporting

Direct costs are those costs incurred specifically for the reimbursable activities. The following direct costs are eligible for reimbursement.

1. Salaries and Benefits

Report each employee implementing the reimbursable activities by name, job classification, and productive hourly rate (total wages and related benefits divided by productive hours). Describe the specific reimbursable activities performed and the hours devoted to each reimbursable activity performed.

2. Materials and Supplies

Report the cost of materials and supplies that have been consumed or expended for the purpose of the reimbursable activities. Purchases shall be claimed at the actual price

after deducting discounts, rebates, and allowances received by the claimant. Supplies that are withdrawn from inventory shall be charged on an appropriate and recognized method of costing, consistently applied.

3. Contracted Services

Report the name of the contractor and services performed to implement the reimbursable activities. If the contractor bills for time and materials, report the number of hours spent on the activities and all costs charged. If the contract is a fixed price, report the services that were performed during the period covered by the reimbursement claim. If the contract services are also used for purposes other than the reimbursable activities, only the pro-rata portion of the services used to implement the reimbursable activities can be claimed. Submit contract consultant and attorney invoices with the claim and a description of the contract scope of services.

4. Fixed Assets and Equipment

Report the purchase price paid for fixed assets and equipment (including computers) necessary to implement the reimbursable activities. The purchase price includes taxes, delivery costs, and installation costs. If the fixed asset or equipment is also used for purposes other than the reimbursable activities, only the pro-rata portion of the purchase price used to implement the reimbursable activities can be claimed.

5. Travel

Report the name of the employee traveling for the purpose of the reimbursable activities. Include the date of travel, destination point, the specific reimbursable activity requiring travel, and related travel expenses reimbursed to the employee in compliance with the rules of the local jurisdiction. Report employee travel time according to the rules of cost element A.1., Salaries and Benefits, for each applicable reimbursable activity.

B. Indirect Cost Rates

Indirect costs are costs that are incurred for a common or joint purpose, benefiting more than one program, and are not directly assignable to a particular department or program without efforts disproportionate to the result achieved. Indirect costs may include both (1) overhead costs of the unit performing the mandate; and (2) the costs of the central government services distributed to the other departments based on a systematic and rational basis through a cost allocation plan.

Compensation for indirect costs is eligible for reimbursement utilizing the procedure provided in the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-87. Claimants have the option of using 10% of direct labor, excluding fringe benefits, or preparing an Indirect Cost Rate Proposal (ICRP) if the indirect cost rate claimed exceeds 10%.

If the claimant chooses to prepare an ICRP, both the direct costs (as defined and described in OMB Circular A-87 Attachments A and B) and the indirect costs shall exclude capital expenditures and unallowable costs (as defined and described in OMB Circular A-87 Attachments A and B). However, unallowable costs must be included in the direct costs if they represent activities to which indirect costs are properly allocable.

The distribution base may be (1) total direct costs (excluding capital expenditures and other distorting items, such as pass-through funds, major subcontracts, etc.), (2) direct salaries and wages, or (3) another base which results in an equitable distribution.

In calculating an ICRP, the claimant shall have the choice of one of the following methodologies:

- 1. The allocation of allowable indirect costs (as defined and described in OMB Circular A-87 Attachments A and B) shall be accomplished by (1) classifying a department's total costs for the base period as either direct or indirect, and (2) dividing the total allowable indirect costs (net of applicable credits) by an equitable distribution base. The result of this process is an indirect cost rate which is used to distribute indirect costs to mandates. The rate should be expressed as a percentage which the total amount allowable indirect costs bears to the base selected; or
- 2. The allocation of allowable indirect costs (as defined and described in OMB Circular A-87 Attachments A and B) shall be accomplished by (1) separating a department into groups, such as divisions or sections, and then classifying the division's or section's total costs for the base period as either direct or indirect, and (2) dividing the total allowable indirect costs (net of applicable credits) by an equitable distribution base. The result of this process is an indirect cost rate that is used to distribute indirect costs to mandates. The rate should be expressed as a percentage which the total amount allowable indirect costs bears to the base selected.

VI. RECORD RETENTION

Pursuant to Government Code section 17558.5, subdivision (a), a reimbursement claim for actual costs filed by a local agency or school district pursuant to this chapter¹ is subject to the initiation of an audit by the Controller no later than three years after the date that the actual reimbursement claim is filed or last amended, whichever is later. However, if no funds are appropriated or no payment is made to a claimant for the program for the fiscal year for which the claim is filed, the time for the Controller to initiate an audit shall commence to run from the date of initial payment of the claim. In any case, an audit shall be completed not later than two years after the date that the audit is commenced. All documents used to support the reimbursable activities, as described in Section IV, must be retained during the period subject to audit. If an audit has been initiated by the Controller during the period subject to audit, the retention period is extended until the ultimate resolution of any audit findings.

VII. OFFSETTING REVENUES AND REIMBURSEMENTS

Any offsets the claimant experiences in the same program as a result of the same statutes or executive orders found to contain the mandate shall be deducted from the costs claimed. In addition, reimbursement for this mandate from any source, including but not limited to, service fees collected, federal funds, and other state funds, shall be identified and deducted from this claim.

VIII. STATE CONTROLLER'S CLAIMING INSTRUCTIONS

Pursuant to Government Code section 17558, subdivision (b), the Controller shall issue claiming instructions for each mandate that requires state reimbursement not later than 60 days after receiving the adopted parameters and guidelines from the Commission, to assist local agencies and school districts in claiming costs to be reimbursed. The claiming instructions shall be

¹ This refers to Title 2, division 4, part 7, chapter 4 of the Government Code.

derived from the test claim decision and the parameters and guidelines adopted by the Commission.

Pursuant to Government Code section 17561, subdivision (d)(1), issuance of the claiming instructions shall constitute a notice of the right of the local agencies and school districts to file reimbursement claims, based upon parameters and guidelines adopted by the Commission.

IX. REMEDIES BEFORE THE COMMISSION

Upon request of a local agency or school district, the Commission shall review the claiming instructions issued by the State Controller or any other authorized state agency for reimbursement of mandated costs pursuant to Government Code section 17571. If the Commission determines that the claiming instructions do not conform to the parameters and guidelines, the Commission shall direct the Controller to modify the claiming instructions and the Controller shall modify the claiming instructions to conform to the parameters and guidelines as directed by the Commission.

In addition, requests may be made to amend parameters and guidelines pursuant to Government Code section 17557, subdivision (d), and California Code of Regulations, title 2, section 1183.2.

X. LEGAL AND FACTUAL BASIS FOR THE PARAMETERS AND GUIDELINES

The Statement of Decision is legally binding on all parties and provides the legal and factual basis for the parameters and guidelines. The support for the legal and factual findings is found in the administrative record for the test claim. The administrative record, including the Statement of Decision, is on file with the Commission.

ITEM 6 PROPOSED PARAMETERS AND GUIDELINES

Government Code Sections 56425, Subdivision (i)(1) (formerly Subdivision (h)(1))

Statutes 2000, Chapter 761 (AB 2838)

Local Agency Formation Commissions 02-TC-23

Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District, Claimant

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BEFORE THE COMMISSION ON STATE MANDATES STATE OF CALIFORNIA

IN RE TEST CLAIM:

Government Code Sections 56001, 56326.5, 56381, 56381.6, 56425, 56426.5, and 56430;

LAFCO Municipal Services Review Guidelines (Final Draft, October 3, 2002, Governor's Office of Planning and Research), and LAFCO Municipal Services Review Guidelines Appendices (Final Draft, October 3, 2002, Governor's Office of Planning and Research);

Statutes 1991, Chapter 439 (AB 748), Statutes 2000, Chapter 761 (AB 2838), and Statutes 2002, Chapter 493 (AB 1948)

Filed on May 29, 2003, by the Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District, Claimant.

Case No.: 02-TC-23

Local Agency Formation Commissions

STATEMENT OF DECISION PURSUANT TO GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 17500 ET SEQ.; CALIFORNIA CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 2, DIVISION 2, CHAPTER 2.5, ARTICLE 7

(Adopted on September 27, 2007)

STATEMENT OF DECISION

The Commission on State Mandates ("Commission") heard and decided this test claim during a regularly scheduled hearing on September 27, 2007. Juliana Gmur from MAXIMUS, and Joe Chavez, Associate General Counsel for Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District, appeared on behalf of Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District. Allan Burdick appeared on behalf of the CSAC SB 90 Service. Carla Castaneda and Susan Geanacou appeared on behalf of the Department of Finance.

The law applicable to the Commission's determination of a reimbursable state-mandated program is article XIII B, section 6 of the California Constitution, Government Code section 17500 et seq., and related case law.

The Commission adopted the staff analysis at the hearing by a vote of 4-3 to partially approve this test claim.

Summary of Findings

This test claim addresses changes to Local Agency Formation Commissions ("LAFCOs"), which are statutorily-created local administrative bodies that make determinations regarding formation and development of local agencies. The test claim statutes modify representation on the Sacramento County LAFCO, mechanisms for funding LAFCO operations when independent special districts are represented, and the process for LAFCOs to adopt and update the "sphere of influence" for each local agency within all California counties. The claimant is an independent special district, thus the findings of this test claim apply to independent special districts only and not LAFCOs or other local government agencies. Furthermore, only those

independent special districts that are subject to the tax and spend limitations of article XIII A and article XIII B are eligible claimants.

The Commission finds that only one of the alleged test claim statutes – Government Code section 56425, subdivision (h)(1) (subsequently renumbered to subdivision (i)(1)) – constitutes a reimbursable state-mandated program within the meaning of article XIII B, section 6, and Government Code section 17514. That section requires independent special districts to file written statements with the LAFCO, specifying the functions or classes of service provided by those districts, for the following time periods and types of spheres of influence:

- July 1, 2001 through December 31, 2001 when a LAFCO adopts or updates any sphere of influence or sphere of influence that includes a special district.
- On and after January 1, 2002 when a LAFCO adopts or updates a sphere of influence for a special district.

The Commission concludes that Government Code section 56001 declares legislative findings and is helpful to interpret the test claim statutes, but does not mandate any activities. The Commission further concludes that Government Code sections 56326.5, 56381, 56381.6, 56425 (except subdivision (h)(1), subsequently renumbered to subdivision (i)(1)), 56426.5, and 56430, and the Municipal Service Review Guidelines and Appendices developed by the Governor's Office of Planning and Research, as pled, along with any other test claim statutes, alleged executive orders, guidelines and allegations not specifically approved above, do not mandate a new program or higher level of service subject to article XIII B, section 6.

BACKGROUND

This test claim addresses representation on the Sacramento County Local Agency Formation Commission ("LAFCO"), changes to funding mechanisms for LAFCOs with independent special district representation, and modifications to the process for LAFCOs to adopt and update the "sphere of influence" for each local government agency within a county.

Historical Development of LAFCOs

In light of competing urban, social and economic interests affected by land annexation, and "[a]fter years of failure to cope with these problems to any meaningful extent ..., the Legislature finally acknowledged 'the need for a supra-local agency to intervene in boundary decisions' affecting local governments, and, in 1963, established a LAFCO in each [California] county to serve this purpose."^{2,3} Thus, LAFCOs are statutorily-created administrative bodies which make quasi-legislative determinations⁴ regarding formation and development of local

¹ "Sphere of influence" means a plan for the probable physical boundaries and service area of a local agency, as determined by the LAFCO. (Gov. Code § 56076.)

² Tillie Lewis Foods, Inc. v. City of Pittsburg (Tillie Lewis) (1975) 52 Cal. App.3d 983, 995.

³ Statutes 1963, chapter 1808.

⁴ Sierra Club v. San Joaquin Local Agency Formation Commission (1999) 21 Cal.4th 489, 495.

agencies.⁵ The courts have referred to LAFCOs as the Legislature's "watchdogs" over local boundaries.⁶

The LAFCOs' purposes have evolved over the years, and in 1985, the laws governing local boundary changes were consolidated into the Cortese-Knox Local Government Reorganization Act ("Cortese-Knox Act"), which provided the "sole and exclusive authority and procedure for the initiation, conduct, and completion of changes of organization and reorganization for cities and districts." The Cortese-Knox Act stated the following purposes for LAFCOs:

Among the purposes of a [LAFCO] are the discouragement of urban sprawl and the encouragement of the orderly formation and development of local agencies based upon local conditions and circumstances. One of the objects of the [LAFCO] is to make studies and to obtain and furnish information which will contribute to the logical and reasonable development of local agencies in each county and to shape the development of local agencies so as to advantageously provide for the present and future needs of each county and its communities.⁹

The Cortese-Knox Act charged LAFCOs with a variety of powers and duties, including but not limited to: reviewing proposals for changes of organization or reorganization; ¹⁰ approving annexation of unincorporated, noncontiguous territory in certain instances; ¹¹ adopting written procedures, regulations and standards; ¹² and developing, determining, adopting and periodically updating the sphere of influence of each local governmental agency within the county. ¹³

By June 30, 1985, each LAFCO was required to adopt a sphere of influence for each local governmental agency within its jurisdiction, ¹⁴ in order to carry out its purposes and responsibilities for planning and shaping the logical and orderly development and coordination of local governmental agencies. ¹⁵ In determining the sphere of influence of each local agency,

⁵ Government Code section 56301.

⁶ Tillie Lewis, supra, 52 Cal.App.3d 983, 1005.

⁷ Statutes 1985, chapter 541; Government Code sections 56000 et seq.

⁸ Government Code section 56100.

⁹ Government Code section 56301, as enacted by Statutes 1985, chapter 541.

¹⁰ Government Code section 56375, subdivision (a).

¹¹ Government Code section 56375, subdivision (e), subsequently renumbered to subdivision (d).

¹² Government Code section 56375, subdivisions (i), (j), and (k), subsequently renumbered to subdivisions (g), (h), and (i).

¹³ Government Code section 56425.

¹⁴ Government Code section 56426.

¹⁵ Government Code sections 56076 and 56425.

the LAFCO was required to consider and prepare a written statement of its determination with respect to the following points:

- 1) The present and planned land uses in the area, including agricultural and open-space lands.
- 2) The present and probable need for public facilities and services in the area.
- 3) The present capacity of public facilities and adequacy of public services which the agency provides or is authorized to provide.
- 4) The existence of any social or economic communities of interest in the area if the LAFCO determines that they are relevant to the agency. ¹⁶

LAFCOs were originally established with representatives from the county, cities in the county and the general public, ¹⁷ with the option of adding independent special districts. ¹⁸ The term of office for each member is generally four years, but if independent special districts are added to the LAFCO, the first term of one of those members is only two years. ¹⁹ The body who originally appointed any member whose term has expired appoints his or her successor for a full term of four years, and any member may be removed at any time and without cause by the body appointing that member. ²⁰ The expiration date of all terms of office is the first Monday in May in the year the term expires; vacancies in the membership are required to be filled for the unexpired term by appointment by the body originally appointing the member. ²¹ Provision is also made for appointing alternate members in each category, who are allowed to serve and vote in place of their member who is absent or disqualifies himself or herself from participating in a meeting of the LAFCO, and to fill vacancies in unexpired terms until a new member is appointed. ²²

LAFCO members and alternates are reimbursed for the actual amount of their reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in attending meetings and in performing the duties of their office and the LAFCO may authorize per diem payments to members or alternates for each day of attendance of LAFCO meetings.²³

Any county having or choosing to have independent special district representation on the LAFCO is required to establish an independent special district selection committee to choose such members, which must consist of the presiding officer of the legislative body of each

¹⁶ Ibid.

¹⁷ Former Government Code section 54780, repealed and renumbered to Government Code section 56325. (Stats. 1985, ch. 541.)

¹⁸ Government Code section 56332, subdivision (a), as enacted by Statutes 1985, chapter 541.

¹⁹ Government Code section 56334.

²⁰ Ibid.

²¹ Ibid.

²² Government Code sections 56325, 56331, 56331.3, 56332 and 56335.

²³ Ibid.

independent special district.²⁴ Meetings of the independent special district selection committee are required *only* when a vacancy of an independent special district member on the LAFCO occurs,²⁵ or when requested by one or more members of the selection committee representing 10 percent or more of the assessed value of taxable property within the county.²⁶ Where such meetings are not feasible, the executive officer of the committee may conduct the business of the committee in writing.²⁷

LAFCOs are authorized to charge fees for the cost of specified proceedings undertaken by the LAFCO, ²⁸ and funding and facilities for LAFCOs have historically been provided by the county served. ²⁹

In recognition of the fact that nearly 35 years had passed since a thorough investigation of the policies, practices, and statutes affecting the organization and boundaries of California's local agencies had been conducted, in 1997 the Legislature created the Commission on Local Governance for the 21st Century. The 21st Century Commission, as it came to be known, was charged with reviewing current statutes regarding policies, criteria, procedures and precedents for city, county and special district boundary changes, to solicit the views and advice of the public, to propose criteria to increase citizen and community participation in city, county, and special district governments consistent with federal law, and to recommend any appropriate statutory changes.³¹

On January 20, 2000, after extensive hearings and deliberation, the 21st Century Commission released its final report, entitled *Growth Within Bounds*. The report made the following recommendations:

- 1. LAFCO policies and procedures should be streamlined.
- 2. LAFCOs should be neutral, independent, and provide balanced representation for counties, cities and special districts, with funding provided from each of those categories.
- 3. LAFCO powers should be strengthened to prevent sprawl and ensure the orderly extension of government services.

²⁴ Government Code section 56332, subdivision (a), as enacted by Statutes 1985, chapter 541.

²⁵ Government Code section 56332, subdivision (c)(1), as enacted by Statutes 1985, chapter 541, subsequently renumbered to subdivision (b)(1).

²⁶ Government Code section 56332, subdivision (c)(2), as enacted by Statutes 1985, chapter 541, subsequently renumbered to subdivision (b)(2).

²⁷ Government Code section 56332, subdivision (d), as enacted by Statutes 1985, chapter 541, subsequently renumbered to subdivision (c).

²⁸ Government Code section 56383.

²⁹ Government Code section 56381, as enacted by Statutes 1985, chapter 541.

³⁰ AB 1484 (Hertzberg), Statutes 1997, chapter 943.

³¹ Government Code section 56302, subdivision (c), as enacted by Statutes 1997, chapter 943.

- 4. Policies to protect agricultural and open space lands and other resources should be strengthened.
- 5. The state-local fiscal relationship should be comprehensively revised.
- 6. The state should develop incentives to encourage compatibility and coordination of plans and actions of all local agencies, including school districts, within each region as a way to encourage an integrated approach to public service delivery and improve overall governance.
- 7. Communication, coordination, and procedures of LAFCOs and local governments should be enhanced to promote government efficiency.
- 8. Opportunities for public involvement, active participation, and information regarding government decision-making should be increased.

The Legislature responded by enacting many of the 21st Century Commission's recommendations into the Cortese-Knox-Hertzberg Local Government Reorganization Act of 2000.³² The act expands the purposes of the LAFCO to include preserving open space and agricultural lands, efficiently providing government services, and, when formation of a new government entity is proposed, making a determination as to whether existing agencies can feasibly provide the needed services in a more efficient and accountable manner.³³

This Test Claim is Limited to the Following Statutes and Alleged Executive Orders Sacramento County LAFCO Representation (Stats, 1991, Ch. 439):

• Section 56326.5 was added to the Government Code in 1991 to provide that, for the Sacramento County LAFCO only, in addition to the basic representation of five members, — i.e., two county members, two members representing cities in the county, and one general public member³⁴ — one of the city members must be from the City of Sacramento and two members representing independent special districts in the County must sit on the LAFCO. The record for this legislation indicates that Sacramento County LAFCO, prior to the enactment of section 56326.5, chose to include special district representation as authorized by Government Code section 56332. The independent special district selection committee selects the two independent special district members.

Cortese-Knox-Hertzberg Local Government Reorganization Act (Stats. 2000, Ch. 761):

- The legislative findings and declarations for the Act were amended to include:
 - 1) discouraging urban sprawl; 2) preserving open space and prime agricultural lands; and
 - 3) efficiently extending government services. 36

³² AB 2838, Statutes 2000, chapter 761.

³³ Government Code section 56301.

³⁴ Government Code section 56325, as enacted by Statutes 1985, chapter 541.

³⁵ Senate Rules Committee, Office of Senate Floor Analyses, Third Reading Analysis for AB 748, June 18, 1991, page 1.

³⁶ Government Code section 56001.

- Changes were made in funding for LAFCOs; instead of the existing requirement of being entirely funded by the county, LAFCOs with representation by cities and special districts are now funded by a one-third share each from the county, cities and special districts.³⁷ The independent special districts' share was apportioned according to each district's revenues for general purpose transactions, as reported in the most recent edition of the "Financial Transactions Concerning Special Districts" published by the State Controller, or by an alternative method approved by a majority of the independent special districts representing a majority of their combined populations.³⁸
- The provisions regarding the sphere of influence for each local government agency were changed as follows:
 - o The LAFCO shall review and update the sphere of influence not less than once every five years;³⁹
 - o For any sphere of influence or sphere of influence that includes a special district, the LAFCO shall:
 - require existing districts to file written statements specifying functions or classes of service provided;
 - establish the nature, location, and extent of any functions or classes of service provided by existing districts; and
 - determine that, except as otherwise authorized by regulations, no new or different function or class of service shall be provided by any existing district unless approved by the LAFCO.⁴⁰ (Emphasis added.)
 - O A review and update to the sphere of influence requires LAFCOs to conduct a municipal service review. In conducting a municipal service review, a LAFCO shall prepare a written statement of its determinations with respect to each of the following nine topics:
 - 1. infrastructure needs or deficiencies;
 - 2. growth and population projections for the affected area;
 - 3. financing constraints and opportunities;
 - 4. cost avoidance opportunities;
 - 5. opportunities for rate restructuring;
 - 6. opportunities for shared facilities;
 - 7. government structure options, including advantages and disadvantages of consolidation or reorganization of service providers;
 - 8. evaluation of management efficiencies; and

³⁷ Government Code section 56381, subdivision (a).

³⁸ Government Code section 56381, subdivision (b)(1).

³⁹ Government Code section 56425, subdivision (f).

⁴⁰ Government Code section 56425, subdivision (h), as enacted in Statutes 2000, chapter 761, subsequently renumbered to Government Code section 56425, subdivision (i).

⁴¹ Government Code section 56430, subdivision (a).

- 9. local accountability and governance. 42
- o Not later than July 1, 2001, the Governor's Office of Planning and Research (OPR), in consultation with LAFCOs, the California Association of Local Agency Formation Commissions, and other local governments, was required to prepare guidelines for municipal service reviews to be conducted by LAFCOs. 43

LAFCO Revenues from Independent Special Districts (Stats. 2002, Ch. 493):

• This statute revised the method for calculating independent special district revenues to be paid to LAFCOs, basing the calculation on nonenterprise revenues and enterprise revenues rather than general purpose transactions.⁴⁴ It also capped the share of any one independent special district to 50% of the total independent special districts' share of operating costs.⁴⁵ Additionally, revenue relief was provided for health care districts with negative net revenue and for those operating under public entity bankruptcy.⁴⁶

Municipal Service Review Guidelines and Municipal Service Review Appendices Issued by the Governor's Office of Planning and Research (Final Drafts Issued 10/03/02):

- OPR developed the Guidelines and Appendices as directed by the test claim statutes, 47 which require OPR to prepare *guidelines* rather than regulations. Hence the documents should be considered advisory rather than regulatory.
- The Guidelines and Appendices describe the statutory framework and requirements of the municipal service review, and provide guidance on:
 - 1. how the LAFCO, service provider agencies and the public can prepare to most effectively engage in the process;
 - 2. integrating municipal service reviews with other LAFCO actions, application of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) and federal and state anti-discrimination statutes, and development of the nine statutorily-required determinations;⁴⁸ and
 - 3. how to draft the final individual municipal service review report and how to ensure adequate public participation opportunities, including statutory meeting requirements.⁴⁹

⁴² Ibid.

⁴³ Government Code section 56430, subdivision (d).

⁴⁴ Government Code section 56381, subdivision (b)(1)(C).

⁴⁵ Government Code section 56381, subdivision (b)(1)(F).

⁴⁶ Government Code section 56381, subdivision (b)(1)(D).

⁴⁷ Government Code section 56430, subdivision (d).

⁴⁸ Government Code section 56430.

⁴⁹ Municipal Service Review Guidelines, Executive Summary, page 2.

Claimant's Position

The claimant states that the test claim statutes and executive orders impose a reimbursable state-mandated program within the meaning of article XIII B, section 6 of the California Constitution and Government Code section 17514.

Claimant asserts that the following activities and costs are reimbursable:

- 1. Time and expense of representing Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District on the Sacramento County LAFCO, if chosen by the independent special district selection committee, pursuant to Government Code section 56326.5.50
- Time and expense of representing Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District on the independent special district selection committee. These activities were mentioned in the narrative section of the test claim, but Government Code section 56332 which governs the independent special district selection committee was not specifically pled by claimant.
- 3. Costs to fund Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District's share of the operating budget for the Sacramento County LAFCO, pursuant to Government Code sections 56326.5, 56381 and 56381.6, and/or as suggested by the LAFCO Municipal Service Guidelines Appendices, pages 26-27.
- 4. Time and expense of providing information to the LAFCO when the LAFCO determines a sphere of influence, pursuant to Government Code section 56425, subdivision (g).⁵¹
- 5. Pursuant to page 12 of the LAFCO Municipal Service Review Guidelines, time and expense of providing the following information, depending on the type of service provided, to the LAFCO when the LAFCO conducts a municipal service review: 52

⁵⁰ Test claim, page 3; comments by Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District, submitted August 9, 2007, page 2.

⁵¹ So claimed; however, subdivision (g) did not require these activities but subdivision (h) had similar language: "For any sphere of influence or a sphere of influence that includes a special district, the [LAFCO] shall do all of the following: (1) Require existing districts to file written statements with the [LAFCO] specifying the functions or classes of service provided by those districts. (2) Establish the nature, location, and extent of any functions or classes of service provided by existing districts. (3) Determine that, except as otherwise authorized by the regulations, no new or different function or class of service shall be provided by any existing district, except upon approval by the [LAFCO]." (Emphasis added.)

Service Review Guidelines actually states: "Below is a list of the types of information a service provider [i.e., independent special district] may wish to gather to expedite the municipal service review process. It is not necessary to collect all types of data listed below. Select only those items that are relevant to the type of services under review." Furthermore, on page 13 the Guidelines state: "Don't Reinvent the Wheel Service providers [i.e., independent special districts] may regularly submit reports to a regulatory or financing agency which contain the information LAFCO needs to complete the municipal service review. Use the information in these reports to respond to information requests by LAFCO. ... Early

- a list of relevant statutory and regulatory obligations;
- a copy of the most recent master services plan;
- a metes and bounds legal description of the agency's boundary;
- service area maps (to the extent already prepared) including:
 - o a service boundary map;
 - o a map indicating parcel boundaries (GIS maps may be available from the land use jurisdiction);
 - o a vicinity or regional map with provider's boundary, major landmarks, freeways or highways, and adjacent or overlapping service provider boundaries (note: more than one map may need to be prepared to show all data); and
 - o maps indicating existing land uses within city or district boundaries and on adjacent properties.
- applicable excerpts from regional transportation, water, air quality, fair share housing allocation, airport land use, open space or agricultural plans or policies, or other environmental policies or programs;
- copies of regulatory and operating permits;
- number of acres or square miles included within the service area;
- type of sphere or sphere boundaries;
- assessed valuation;
- estimate of population within district boundaries;
- as appropriate, the number of people, households, parcels or units currently receiving service, or the number of service connections;
- projected growth in service demand or planned new service demand/capacity;
- special communities of interest or neighborhoods affected by service;
- capital improvement plans;
- current service capacity;
- call volume;
- response time; and
- annual operating budget.
- 6. Pursuant to page 17 of the LAFCO Municipal Service Review Guidelines, time and expense for the LAFCO to prepare a workplan when a LAFCO conducts a municipal service review, which includes the following elements:
 - list of services to be reviewed;
 - service providers that will be affected/involved;
 - study area boundaries for the municipal service review;
 - data collection process;
 - public participation process; and
 - public hearing process.
- 7. Pursuant to Chapter 7, commencing on page 24, of the LAFCO Municipal Service Review Guidelines, time and expense for the LAFCO to prepare an Environmental

consultation with LAFCO and meaningful input by the service provider can reduce the time and cost to both parties."

- Impact Report when the municipal services review is considered a "project" which must comply with the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA"), and if future land use determinations are to be based on the municipal service review.
- 8. Pursuant to Government Code section 56430 and pages 29 through 36 of the LAFCO Municipal Service Review Guidelines, time and expense for the LAFCO when conducting a municipal service review to prepare a written statement of its determinations with respect to each of the following nine issues:
 - infrastructure needs or deficiencies;
 - growth and population projections for the affected area;
 - financing constraints and opportunities;
 - cost avoidance opportunities;
 - opportunities for rate restructuring;
 - opportunities for shared facilities;
 - government structure options, including advantages and disadvantages of consolidation or reorganization of service providers;
 - · evaluation of management efficiencies; and
 - local accountability and governance.
- 9. Pursuant to page 35 of the Municipal Service Review Guidelines, time and expense of the LAFCO, when conducting a municipal service review and evaluating an agency's or district's management efficiencies, to obtain information from the agency or district with respect to the following factors or issues:⁵³
 - evaluation of the agency's capacity to assist with and/or assume services provided by other agencies;
 - evaluation of agency's spending on mandatory programs;
 - comparison of agency's mission statement and published customer service goals and objectives;
 - availability of master service plan(s);
 - contingency plans for accommodating existing and planned growth;
 - publicized activities;
 - implementation of continuous improvement plans and strategies for budgeting, managing costs, training and utilizing personnel, and customer service and involvement;
 - personnel policies;
 - availability of resources (fiscal, manpower, equipment, adopted service or work plans) to provide adequate service;
 - available technology to conduct an efficient business;
 - collection and maintenance of pertinent data necessary to comply with state laws and provide adequate services;
 - opportunities for joint powers agreements, Joint Powers Authorities, and/or regional planning opportunities;

⁵³ Leading into the list of factors or issues, the Guidelines actually state: "In evaluating an agency's management efficiencies, LAFCO may wish to address the following factors in its review: ..."

- evaluation of agency's system of performance measures;
- capital improvement projects as they pertain to Government Code sections 65401 and 65103, subdivision (c);
- accounting practices;
- maintenance of contingency reserves;
- written policies regarding the accumulation and use of reserves and investment practices;
- impact of agency's policies and practices on environmental objectives and affordable housing;
- environment and safety compliance; and
- current litigation and/or grand jury inquiry involving the service under LAFCO review.
- 10. Pursuant to Government Code section 56820.5⁵⁴ and the LAFCO Municipal Service Review Guidelines Appendices, time and expense of the Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District to provide information regarding the municipal service review required under regulations adopted by the LAFCO. This provision was mentioned in the narrative but was not specifically pled by claimant.
- 11. Costs paid to the LAFCO for reviewing the District's component of a municipal service review.

Claimant estimates the following costs to implement the program: 1) \$20,000 - \$30,000 for claimant's portion of the annual LAFCO budget for the period January 1, 2001 through December 31, 2001; 2) \$50,000 - \$80,000 for claimant's portion of the annual LAFCO budget for the period of January 1, 2002 and beyond; 3) in excess of \$20,000 to provide to the LAFCO the information required for a municipal service review; and 4) \$5,000 to the LAFCO for its review of claimant's component of the municipal service review.

Claimant filed additional comments in response to the Department of Finance's comments and the draft staff analysis, which are addressed, as necessary, in the analysis.

Position of Department of Finance

The Department of Finance states that the test claim statutes may have resulted in costs mandated by the state, but points out the following:

- A special district may lawfully decline to sit as a member of its LAFCO.
- Although LAFCO independent special district selection committee membership is required by law, special districts are not required to participate in the committee's activities; many are members in name only.
- LAFCOs have existing statutory fee authority that may be used to cover their operating costs. To the extent that LAFCOs elect to make use of this authority, LAFCO members would be relieved of the need to contribute toward the LAFCO's annual budget.

⁵⁴ Government Code section 56820.5, renumbered from Government Code section 56451 in Statutes 2000, chapter 761.

- LAFCOs have had statutory authority to require information of local agencies since 1965.
- OPR's Municipal Service Review Guidelines and Appendices do not carry the force of law.

The Department filed additional comments concurring with the draft staff analysis.

COMMISSION FINDINGS

The courts have found that article XIII B, section 6 of the California Constitution⁵⁵ recognizes the state constitutional restrictions on the powers of local government to tax and spend.⁵⁶ "Its purpose is to preclude the state from shifting financial responsibility for carrying out governmental functions to local agencies, which are 'ill equipped' to assume increased financial responsibilities because of the taxing and spending limitations that articles XIII A and XIII B impose."⁵⁷

A test claim statute or executive order may impose a reimbursable state-mandated program if it orders or commands a local agency or school district to engage in an activity or task. In addition, the required activity or task must be new, constituting a "new program," or it must create a "higher level of service" over the previously required level of service. ⁵⁹

The courts have defined a "program" subject to article XIII B, section 6, of the California Constitution, as one that carries out the governmental function of providing public services, or a law that imposes unique requirements on local agencies or school districts to implement a state policy, but does not apply generally to all residents and entities in the state. To determine if the program is new or imposes a higher level of service, the test claim requirements must be compared with the legal requirements in effect immediately before the enactment of the test claim statutes. A "higher level of service" occurs when there is "an increase in the actual level or quality of governmental services provided."

Article XIII B, section 6, subdivision (a), (as amended by Proposition 1A in November 2004) provides: "Whenever the Legislature or any state agency mandates a new program or higher level of service on any local government, the State shall provide a subvention of funds to reimburse that local government for the costs of the program or increased level of service, except that the Legislature may, but need not, provide a subvention of funds for the following mandates: (1) Legislative mandates requested by the local agency affected. (2) Legislation defining a new crime or changing an existing definition of a crime. (3) Legislative mandates enacted prior to January 1, 1975, or executive orders or regulations initially implementing legislation enacted prior to January 1, 1975."

⁵⁶ Department of Finance v. Commission on State Mandates (Kern High School Dist.) (2003) 30 Cal.4th 727, 735.

⁵⁷ County of San Diego v. State of California (County of San Diego) (1997) 15 Cal.4th 68, 81.

⁵⁸ Long Beach Unified School Dist. v. State of California (1990) 225 Cal. App. 3d 155, 174.

⁵⁹ San Diego Unified School Dist. v. Commission on State Mandates (2004) 33 Cal.4th 859, 878 (San Diego Unified School Dist.); Lucia Mar Unified School District v. Honig (1988) 44 Cal.3d 830, 835-836 (Lucia Mar).

⁶⁰ San Diego Unified School Dist., supra, 33 Cal.4th 859, 874, (reaffirming the test set out in County of Los Angeles v. State of California (1987) 43 Cal.3d 46, 56 (County of Los Angeles); Lucia Mar, supra, 44 Cal.3d 830, 835).

⁶¹ San Diego Unified School Dist., supra, 33 Cal.4th 859, 878; Lucia Mar, supra, 44 Cal.3d 830, 835.

⁶² San Diego Unified School Dist., supra, 33 Cal.4th 859, 877.

Finally, the newly required activity or increased level of service must impose costs mandated by the state.⁶³

The Commission is vested with exclusive authority to adjudicate disputes over the existence of state-mandated programs within the meaning of article XIII B, section 6.⁶⁴ In making its decisions, the Commission must strictly construe article XIII B, section 6 and not apply it as an "equitable remedy to cure the perceived unfairness resulting from political decisions on funding priorities."

The analysis addresses the following issues:

- Which independent special districts are eligible claimants under article XIII B, section 6 of the California Constitution?
- Do the test claim statutes or alleged executive orders mandate a "new program or higher level of service" within the meaning of article XIII B, section 6 of the California Constitution?
- Do Government Code sections 56326.5, subdivision (d), and 56425, subdivision (h)(1), impose "costs mandated by the state" within the meaning of article XIII B, section 6 of the California Constitution and Government Code section 17514?

Issue 1: Which independent special districts are eligible claimants under article XIII B, section 6 of the California Constitution?

Not all independent special districts are subject to article XIII B, section 6. Article XIII B, section 6 was adopted in recognition of the state constitutional restrictions on the powers of local government to tax and spend, and requires a subvention of funds to reimburse local agencies when the state imposes a new program or higher level of service upon those agencies. The Third District Court of Appeal in *County of Placer v. Corin* (1980) 113 Cal.App.3d 443 explained the reasoning behind Article XIII B as follows:

Article XIII B was adopted less than 18 months after the addition of article XIII A to the state Constitution, and was billed as "the next logical step to Proposition 13" [article XIII A]. While article XIII A was generally aimed at controlling ad valorem property taxes and the imposition of new "special taxes" [citations], the thrust of article XIII B is toward placing certain limitations on the growth of appropriations at both the state and local government level ... ⁶⁶

⁶³ County of Fresno v. State of California (1991) 53 Cal.3d 482, 487; County of Sonoma v. Commission on State Mandates (2000) 84 Cal.App.4th 1265, 1284 (County of Sonoma); Government Code sections 17514 and 17556.

⁶⁴ Kinlaw v. State of California (1991) 54 Cal.3d 326, 331-334; Government Code sections 17551, 17552.

⁶⁵ County of Sonoma, supra, 84 Cal.App.4th 1264, 1280, citing City of San Jose v. State of California (1996) 45 Cal.App.4th 1802, 1817 (City of San Jose).

⁶⁶ County of Placer, supra, 113 Cal.App.3d 443, 446.

The court further described this concept:

[A]rticle XIII B does not limit the ability to expend government funds collected from all sources. Rather, the appropriations limit is based on "appropriations subject to limitation," which consists primarily of the authorization to expend during a fiscal year the "proceeds of taxes." (§ 8, subd. (a).) As to local governments, limits are placed only on the authorization to expend the proceeds of taxes levied by that entity, in addition to the proceeds of state subventions (§ 8, subd. (c)); no limitation is placed on the expenditure of those revenues that do not constitute "proceeds of taxes."

Thus, since taxing and spending limitations are placed only on the proceeds of taxes, "[n]o state duty of subvention is triggered where the local agency is not required [by the test claim statutes] to expend the proceeds of taxes." Section 9 of Article XIII B sets forth specific circumstances wherein the costs in question are not "appropriations subject to limitation," and therefore subvention is not required. One such exclusion to the limitation is found in subdivision (c), which applies to special districts:

Appropriations of any special district which existed on January 1, 1978, and which did not as of the 1977-78 fiscal year levy an ad valorem tax on property in excess of 12 ½ cents per \$100 of assessed value; or the appropriations of any special district then existing or thereafter created by a vote of the people, which is totally funded by other than the proceeds of taxes.

The claimant, Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District, is a special district that was formed by reorganization of the Sacramento County Fire District and the American River Fire District on December 1, 2000.⁶⁹ Therefore, the district did not exist on January 1, 1978 and its appropriations do not meet the first criteria that excludes their appropriations from the spending limit of article XIII B.

The claimant's revenues consist of, among other things, property taxes, fines, and fees for services. Thus, the claimant is not a district "which is totally funded by other than the proceeds of taxes" and its appropriations do not meet the second criteria. Consequently, the article XIII B, section 9, subdivision (c), exclusion to the appropriations limit is not applicable to the appropriations of Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District. The District is therefore an eligible claimant within the meaning of article XIII B, section 6.

For any other independent special district in California to be an eligible claimant under this test claim, that district must be subject to the tax and spend limitations of article XIII A and

⁶⁷ Id. at 447.

⁶⁸ Redevelopment Agency of the City of San Marcos v. Commission on State Mandates (1997) 55 Cal. App. 4th 976, 987.

⁶⁹ Department History, http://www.smfd.ca.gov/.

⁷⁰ Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District, Final Budget for Fiscal Year 2007, page A-29.

article XIII B, and not subject to the appropriations limit exclusions in article XIII B, section 9, subdivision (c).

Issue 2: Do the test claim statutes or alleged executive orders mandate a "new program or higher level of service" within the meaning of article XIII B, section 6 of the California Constitution?

Courts have recognized the purpose of article XIII B, section 6 is "to preclude the state from shifting financial responsibility for carrying out governmental functions to local agencies, which are 'ill-equipped' to assume increased financial responsibilities because of the taxing and spending limitations that articles XIII A and XIII B impose." The cases have held that a test claim statute may impose a reimbursable state-mandated program in two ways.

First is where the test claim statute orders or commands a local agency or school district to engage in an activity or task, ⁷² and the required activity or task is new, constituting a "new program," or creates a "higher level of service" over the previously required level of service. ⁷³

Second, in light of the intent of article XIII B, section 6, a reimbursable state-mandated program has been found to exist in some instances when the state shifts fiscal responsibility for a mandated program to local agencies but no actual activities have been imposed by the test claim statute or executive order. Additionally, as of November 3, 2004, article XIII B, section 6, subdivision (c), of the California Constitution defines a "mandated new program or higher level of service" as including "a transfer by the Legislature from the State to cities, counties, cities and counties, or special districts of complete or partial financial responsibility for a required program for which the State previously had complete or partial financial responsibility."

Thus, a mandated "new program or higher level of service" may be found under either circumstance cited above, that is, where the test claim statutes mandate activities that are new in comparison to the preexisting scheme that result in providing a service to the public, or where the state shifts from itself to local agencies the cost for a required program but no activities are imposed.

Claimant is seeking reimbursement for the following:

- 1. time and expense of representing Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District on the Sacramento LAFCO, if that district is chosen by the independent special district selection committee;
- 2. time and expense of representing Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District on the independent special district selection committee;

⁷¹ County of San Diego, supra, 15 Cal. 4th 68, 81 (citing Lucia Mar, supra, 44 Cal.3d 830).

⁷² Long Beach, supra, 225 Cal.App.3d 155, 174.

⁷³ San Diego Unified School Dist., supra, 33 Cal.4th 859, 878; Lucia Mar, supra, 44 Cal.3d 830, 835-836.

⁷⁴ Lucia Mar, supra, 44 Cal.3d 830, 836.

⁷⁵ Enacted by the voters as Proposition 1A, November 2, 2004.

- 3. costs for the Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District to fund its share of the operating budget for the Sacramento LAFCO;
- 4. time and expense of providing information to the LAFCO when the LAFCO determines a sphere of influence;
- 5. time and expense of providing information to the LAFCO when the LAFCO conducts a municipal service review;
- 6. time and expense for the LAFCO to prepare a workplan when the LAFCO conducts a municipal service review;
- 7. when the municipal service review is considered a "project" under the California Environmental Quality Act, time and expense for the LAFCO to prepare an Environmental Impact Report;
- 8. when the LAFCO conducts a municipal service review, the LAFCO shall prepare a written statement with regard to nine specified issues;
- 9. when the LAFCO conducts a municipal service review and the LAFCO is evaluating an agency's or district's management efficiencies, time and expense for the LAFCO to obtain specified information from the agency or district;
- 10. time and expense of providing information required under regulations adopted by the LAFCO and by the Municipal Service Review Guidelines Appendices; and
- 11. costs paid to the LAFCO for reviewing the District's component of a municipal service review.

In the analysis below, the alternative tests for a "new program or higher level of service" are applied as appropriate to the test claim statutes and to the items identified by claimant. However, any activities of the *LAFCO itself* are not addressed since LAFCOs are not represented in this claim; instead, the claimant is an independent special district and represents only independent special districts in the claim.

Legislative Findings and Declarations (Gov. Code, § 56001)

Government Code section 56001 sets forth the legislative findings and declarations with regard to the Cortese-Knox-Hertzberg Local Government Reorganization Act of 2000. This section is helpful in understanding the purposes for LAFCOs and the scope of LAFCO operations, but does not mandate any activities on local agencies in California. Therefore, Government Code section 56001 does not mandate a "new program or higher level of service" on independent special districts.

Representation on LAFCO and Independent Special District Selection Committee in Sacramento County (Gov. Code, § 56326.5, subd. (d))

The Government Code sets forth provisions for the composition and selection of members of LAFCOs. There are general provisions for most counties, ⁷⁶ and some counties have specific

⁷⁶ Government Code section 56325.

statutory provisions for the composition of their LAFCOs. The test claim statute pled by the claimant, section 56326.5, enacted in 1991, specifies the composition of the Sacramento County LAFCO. The analysis is limited to subdivision (d) of that section, since it is the only subdivision dealing with independent special districts.

For this test claim statute, the question is whether subdivision (d) mandates new activities that constitute a "new program or higher level of service" over an existing program. For the reasons stated below, the Commission finds that representation by two independent special districts on the Sacramento County LAFCO, selected by the independent special district selection committee pursuant to section 56332, mandates a "new program or higher level of service" on those independent special districts that serve on the LAFCO.

The Commission further finds that since the section of the Government Code which sets forth the requirements for the committee that selects the independent special districts for the LAFCO – Government Code section 56332 – was not pled in the test claim, the Commission does not have jurisdiction to make any findings with regard to that provision.⁷⁸

Prior to the test claim statute, Sacramento County was governed by Government Code section 56325 which provided that the LAFCO shall consist of five or seven members, seven if there was special district representation. The addition of special districts to LAFCOs pursuant to that section was *voluntary* on the part of the LAFCO.⁷⁹

Because of the test claim statute enacted in 1991, Sacramento County is now one of the counties with a statutory provision setting forth a more specific composition of members on its LAFCO. Government Code section 56326.5, as added by the test claim statute in 1991, states:

In Sacramento County, the [LAFCO] shall consist of seven members, selected as follows:

- (a) Two representing the county, appointed by the board of supervisors from their own membership. ...
- (b) One representing the City of Sacramento who is a member of the city council, appointed by the mayor and confirmed by the city council. ...
- (c) One representing the cities in the county, who is a city officer appointed by the city selection committee. ...
- (d) Two representing special districts selected by an independent special district selection committee pursuant to Section 56332....⁸⁰

⁷⁷ Counties with LAFCO membership and selection criteria set forth in *special* provisions of the Government Code: Kern County (section 56328.5), Los Angeles County (section 56326), Sacramento County (56326.5), Santa Clara County (sections 56327 and 56327.3), and San Diego County (section 56328).

⁷⁸ Nor did claimant plead any costs associated with section 56332.

⁷⁹ Government Code section 56332, as enacted by Statutes 1985, chapter 541.

⁸⁰ This subdivision was amended by Statutes 2000, chapter 761, pled in the test claim, to state: "(d) Two presiding officers or members of legislative bodies of independent special districts selected by an independent special district selection committee pursuant to Section 56332."

(e) One representing the general public, appointed by the other six members of the [LAFCO]. ... (Emphasis added.)

The plain language of subdivision (d) requires two members representing independent special districts in Sacramento County, selected by the independent special district selection committee pursuant to Government Code section 56332, to sit on the Sacramento County LAFCO. In Sacramento County there are 66 independent special districts eligible to be represented on the LAFCO. However, there is no other requirement specifying a particular independent special district is required to sit on the Sacramento County LAFCO.

Claimant argues that choosing the district via the independent special district selection committee is merely a mechanism by which the members are selected. ⁸² "[A]nd, use of this mechanism does not change the mandatory language of the statute that ensures that two special districts must be members of the LAFCO."

The Department of Finance states that, in the event a district is chosen by the selection committee, "[a] district may lawfully decline to sit as a member of its LAFCO."⁸⁴ In response, claimant argues that "[e]ven if each district in turn makes the voluntary decision not to participate, eventually some district will be forced to become a member," which amounts to legal compulsion. 85

The Commission finds that section 56326.5, subdivision (d), constitutes a state mandate. Since the independent special district selection committee selects the members, there is discretion at the local level as to which independent special districts will be selected to serve on the LAFCO. And there are no statutory requirements stating that a chosen independent special district must actually sit as a member of the LAFCO or participate in LAFCO proceedings. Nevertheless, the Commission finds the plain language of the test claim statute legally compels two independent special districts in Sacramento County to be represented on the LAFCO, regardless of which two are selected.

The legislative history for Statutes 1991, chapter 439, indicates that the Sacramento County LAFCO chose to add independent special district representatives for to enactment of the test claim statute. However, Government Code section 17565 addresses this issue:

If a local agency or a school district, at its option, has been incurring costs which are subsequently mandated by the state, the state shall reimburse the

⁸¹ http://www.saclafco.org/.

⁸² Comments by Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District, submitted August 9, 2007, page 2.

⁸³ Ibid.

⁸⁴ Letter from Connie Squires, Program Budget Manager, Department of Finance, submitted July 18, 2003, page 2.

⁸⁵ Comments by Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District, submitted August 9, 2007, page 2.

⁸⁶ Pursuant to Government Code section 56332, which establishes the independent special district selection committee and sets forth its operating procedures.

⁸⁷ Senate Rules Committee, Office of Senate Floor Analyses, Third Reading Analysis for AB 748, June 18, 1991, page 1.

local agency or school district for those costs incurred after the operative date of the mandate.

Thus, the prior voluntary action of the Sacramento County LAFCO to include independent special district representation on its LAFCO does not preclude a state-mandate finding for the activity.

Moreover, the new requirement of having independent special district representation on the Sacramento LAFCO provides an enhanced service to the public by improving the process for ensuring orderly growth and development in Sacramento County, efficiently extending governmental services and ensuring fair representation of special districts in those processes. Therefore, this activity mandates a "new program or higher level of service" within the meaning of article XIII B, section 6 of the California Constitution.

Therefore, the Commission finds that Government Code section 56326.5, subdivision (d), requiring two representatives of independent special districts to be Sacramento County LAFCO members, mandates a "new program or higher level of service" within the meaning of article XIII B, section 6 of the California Constitution.

Independent Special Districts' Costs to Fund LAFCOs (Gov. Code, §§ 56381 and 56381.6)

Government Code section 56381, subdivision (b)(1)(A), as added by Statutes 2000, chapter 761, provides that in counties in which there is a city and independent special district representation on the LAFCO, the county, cities, and independent special districts are required to pay a one-third share of the LAFCO's operational costs. ⁸⁹ Section 56381.6 establishes how those costs are apportioned among classes of public agencies for certain LAFCOs, including the Sacramento County LAFCO, but allows for an alternative cost apportionment by the affected LAFCOs.

The Commission finds that LAFCOs with independent special district representation pursuant to their discretionary authority in Government Code sections 56325, 56332, and 56332.5, have made a discretionary decision to include special districts on the LAFCO. As a consequence, the requirement for districts to pay a proportionate share of costs for funding the LAFCO pursuant to sections 56381 and 56381.6 flows from that initial local discretionary decision and does not impose a state-mandated new program or higher level of service. 90

The Commission further finds that sections 56381 and 56381.6 require independent special districts in counties that are required to have independent special districts on the LAFCO to pay their proportionate share of costs for funding the LAFCO. These are the LAFCOs in Los Angeles County (section 56326), San Diego County (section 56328) and Sacramento County (56326.5).

The Commission finds, however, that Government Code sections 56381 and 56381.6 do not mandate a new program or higher level of service on these independent special districts. The

⁸⁸ Government Code sections 56001, 56301 and 56326.5.

⁸⁹ If the county has no cities, then the county and independent special districts each pay a one-half share of the LAFCO's budget. (Gov. Code, § 56381, subd. (b)(3).)

⁹⁰ Kern High School Dist., supra, 30 Cal.4th 727, 743 (citing City of Merced, supra, 153 Cal.App.3d 777).

plain language of sections 56381 and 56381.6 does not require independent special districts to engage in any activity or task. Moreover, as described below these statutes do not shift fiscal responsibility from the *state* to independent special districts.

In the case of Lucia Mar, the Supreme Court recognized that a "new program or higher level of service" within the meaning of article XIII B, section 6 could include a shift in costs from the state to a local entity for a required program. As of November 3, 2004, Article XIII B, section 6, subdivision (c), also requires reimbursement when the Legislature transfers from the state to local agencies "complete or partial financial responsibility for a required program for which the State previously had complete or partial financial responsibility."

However, the cost shift here is not from the *state* to the districts but from the *county* to the districts. Since 1963, prior to adoption of article XIII B, section 6, counties have been responsible for providing the entire budget for LAFCOs. The Sixth District Court of Appeal in *City of San Jose v. State of California* (1996) 45 Cal.App.4th 1802, specifically addressed the issue of a cost shift among local agencies. In that case, the test claim statutes authorized counties to charge cities and other local agencies the costs of booking into county jails persons who had been arrested by employees of the cities or local agencies. The court rejected the City's reliance on the holding of *Lucia Mar*, stating:

The flaw in City's reliance on Lucia Mar is that in our case the shift in funding is not from the State to the local entity but from county to city. In Lucia Mar, prior to the enactment of the statute in question, the program was funded and operated entirely by the state. Here, however, at the time [the test claim statute] was enacted, and indeed long before that statute, the financial and administrative responsibility associated with the operation of county jails and detention of prisoners was borne entirely by the county.

The City of San Jose also unsuccessfully argued that, although counties have traditionally borne those expenses, "they do so only in their role as agents of the State." However, the court noted that characterizing the county as an agent of the state "is not supported by recent case authority, nor does it square with definitions particular to subvention analysis." The court found it relevant to point out that fiscal responsibility for the program in question had

⁹¹ Lucia Mar, supra, 44 Cal.3d 830, 836.

⁹² Former Government Code sections 54771 (Stats. 1963, ch.1810), 54776 (Stats. 1965, ch.587), and 54776.1 (Stats. 1969, ch. 1301).

⁹³ City of San Jose, supra, 45 Cal. App. 4th 1802, 1806.

⁹⁴ *Id.* at 1812.

⁹⁵ Id. at 1814.

⁹⁶ Ibid.

long rested with the county and not with the state. ⁹⁷ In the instant case, counties have similarly had sole fiscal responsibility for LAFCOs since their inception. ⁹⁸

With regard to definitions peculiar to subvention analysis, the San Jose court stated:

... [I]n analyzing a question involving reimbursement under section 6, the definitions contained in California Constitution, article XIII B and in the legislation enacted to implement it must be deemed controlling. Article XIII B treats cities and counties alike as "local government." Under section 8, subdivision (d), this term means "any city, county, city and county, school district, special district, authority or other political subdivision of or within the state." Furthermore, Government Code section 17514 defines "costs mandated by the state" to mean any increased costs that a "local agency" or school district is required to incur. "Local agency" means "any city, county, special district, authority, or other political subdivision of the state." (Gov. Code § 17518.) Thus for purposes of subvention analysis, it is clear that counties and cities were intended to be treated alike as part of "local government"; both are considered local agencies or political subdivisions of the State. Nothing in article XIII B prohibits the shifting of costs between local governmental entities.99

Since the definitions for "local government" in the Constitution and "local agency" in the Government Code also include "special districts," the same principles apply to special districts. Therefore, a shift of funding from a county to a special district is likewise not subject to state subvention.

Claimant argues that City of San Jose is inapplicable in this instance because there is an increased level of service in the LAFCO which did not occur in the funding shift from the county to the City of San Jose. Citing background language in the draft staff analysis regarding historical development of LAFCOs, claimant concludes that "the scope and authority of LAFCO has been expanding" and "the members of LAFCO have been providing an increasing higher level of service" which has resulted in new costs. Then claimant argues: "The fact that this higher level of service and associated costs have been spread amongst many new claimants is not relevant. The legislation required a higher level of service and then established the manner in which the costs from the services are to be paid." 102

The Commission finds claimant's argument inapposite for this test claim, since the assertion is that actual activities were imposed on the LAFCO, yet the LAFCO is not a claimant here. Only

⁹⁷ *Id.* at 1815.

⁹⁸ Former Government Code sections 54771 (Stats. 1963, ch.1810), 54776 (Stats. 1965, ch.587), and 54776.1 (Stats. 1969, ch. 1301).

⁹⁹ City of San Jose, supra, 45 Cal. App. 4th 1802, 1815.

¹⁰⁰ Comments by Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District, submitted August 9, 2007, page 4.

¹⁰¹ *Ibid*.

¹⁰² Ibid.

independent special districts are represented in this test claim. Thus, the Commission has no jurisdiction to make any findings with regard to the assertion that a new program or higher level of service was imposed on *LAFCOs*. Moreover, as previously noted, Government Code sections 56381 and 56381.6 do not impose any actual activities on *special districts*. The cases are clear that increasing *costs* of providing services cannot be equated with requiring an increased level of service under a section 6 analysis, ¹⁰³ and no activities are imposed on special districts in relation to their share of funding the LAFCO.

Thus, the only alternative to finding a new program or higher level of service for affected special districts is under the cost-shift analysis established in *Lucia Mar* and *City of San Jose*, and article XIII B, section 6, subdivision (c). Under this alternative, the test for determining whether a new program or higher level of service was imposed centers upon whether the *state* or the *local agency* previously had primary responsibility for the program. Here, LAFCO operations have been funded by the counties since 1963. Therefore, the primary holding of *City of San Jose* is directly on point for this analysis: "Nothing in article XIII B prohibits the shifting of costs between local governmental entities." 105

Accordingly, any independent special district's share of costs to fund the LAFCO pursuant to Government Code sections 56381 and 56381.6 does not mandate a "new program or higher level of service" within the meaning of article XIII B, section 6.

Costs Paid to LAFCO for Reviewing District's Component of Municipal Service Review

There is no requirement in statute, nor is there any other evidence in the record, to support claimant's assertion that Sacramento County independent special districts are required by the state to pay the LAFCO for reviewing the district's component of the municipal service review. Any such requirement would have been established by the LAFCO itself, not the state via the test claim statutes. Therefore, the alleged costs do not result from a state-mandated "new program or higher level of service" within the meaning of article XIII B, section 6.

Gather and Provide Information to the LAFCO for Sphere of Influence Review and Municipal Service Review (Gov. Code, §§ 56425, 56426.5 and 56430; Municipal Service Review Guidelines and Appendices)¹⁰⁶

Claimant asserts that various activities are required of independent special districts when the LAFCO conducts a sphere of influence review or a municipal service review, as set forth in Government Code sections 56425, 56426.5 and 56430, as well as the Municipal Service Review Guidelines and Appendices, resulting in a reimbursable state-mandated program being imposed on independent special districts. However, the Commission finds that, with one

¹⁰³ San Diego Unified School Dist., supra, 33 Cal.4th 859, 876-877 (citing City of Richmond v. Commission on State Mandates (1998) 64 Cal.App.4th 1190).

¹⁰⁴ City of San Jose, supra, 45 Cal.App.4th 1802, 1813.

^{· 105} Id. at 1815.

¹⁰⁶ Claimant mentioned Government Code section 56820.5 in the narrative section of the test claim with regard to information the LAFCO requires of districts. However, claimant did not specifically plead the section, and, therefore, the Commission makes no findings with regard to it.

exception addressed below, the claimed activities are *not* imposed on independent special districts, but rather on the *LAFCO* itself. Moreover, as discussed further below, the Municipal Service Review Guidelines and Appendices, to the extent that they do address special districts, do not meet the definition of "executive order" found in Government Code section 17516, since they do not "order" special districts to do anything.

Government Code section 56425:

Government Code section 56425, subdivision (f), as enacted by the test claim statutes, states the following:

(f) Upon determination of a sphere of influence, the [LAFCO] shall adopt that sphere, and shall review and update, as necessary, the adopted sphere not less than once every five years.

Pre-existing law required LAFCOs to "develop and determine the sphere of influence of each local governmental agency within the county" and, upon determination of a sphere of influence, the LAFCO was required to adopt the sphere and periodically review and update the adopted sphere. Although this review must now occur every five years, it is the LAFCO that is required to review and update the sphere of influence. Thus, the plain language of this provision does not mandate any activities on independent special districts.

Government Code section 56425, subdivision (h), ¹⁰⁹ as enacted by the test claim statutes, states the following:

- (h) For any sphere of influence or a sphere of influence that includes a special district, the [LAFCO] shall do all of the following:
- (1) Require existing districts to file written statements with the LAFCO specifying the functions or classes of service provided by those districts.
- (2) Establish the nature, location, and extent of any functions or classes of service provided by existing districts.
- (3) Determine that, except as otherwise authorized by the regulations, no new or different function or class of service shall be provided by any existing district, except upon approval by the LAFCO. (Emphasis added.)

Based on the plain language of this provision, only subdivision (h)(1) imposes a state-mandated requirement for LAFCOs to require *special districts* to file written statements with the LAFCO specifying the functions or classes of service provided by the districts. The plain language of subdivisions (h)(2) and (h)(3) does not mandate any activities on independent special districts.

The prior law authorized LAFCOs to adopt, amend or repeal regulations affecting the functions and services of special districts, including the ability to enact regulations to require existing

¹⁰⁷ Government Code section 56425, subdivision (a), as enacted by Statutes 1985, chapter 541.

¹⁰⁸ Government Code section 56425, subdivision (b), as enacted by Statutes 1985, chapter 541.

Government Code section 56425, subdivision (h), as enacted by Statutes 2000, chapter 761, subsequently renumbered to section 56425, subdivision (i), by Statutes 2005, chapter 347.

districts to file written statements with the LAFCO specifying the functions or classes of service provided by those districts. Because of this prior law, the Department of Finance states that LAFCOs had pre-existing statutory authority to require information of local agencies. The Commission agrees, but notes that having authority to require the information be provided by existing districts is not the same as being required to require the information. The pre-existing statutory authority gave LAFCOs discretion as to whether to enact regulations to require the information. Here, as a result of enacting subdivision (h)(1), it is the state that has made the decision to require the LAFCO to require existing districts to provide the information.

Hence, the activity of an independent special district filing written statements to the LAFCO, which specify the functions or classes of service provided by the district, is state-mandated. The activity was authorized but not required by the pre-existing statutory scheme. Furthermore, the activity provides an enhanced service to the public by improving the process for ensuring orderly growth and development in California, efficiently extending governmental services, ¹¹² and advantageously providing for the present and future needs of the county and its communities. ¹¹³ Therefore, this activity mandates a "new program or higher level of service" within the meaning of article XIII B, section 6 of the California Constitution.

In comments on the draft staff analysis, the claimant requested clarification as to whether the requirement to provide information under Government Code section 56425, subdivision (h)(1), includes *updates* that are necessary for the reviews by the LAFCO under subdivision (f). As modified by the test claim statutes, 115 subdivision (f) stated:

Upon determination of a sphere of influence, the [LAFCO] shall adopt that sphere, and shall, as necessary, review and update the adopted sphere not less than once every five years. (Emphasis added.)

Since subdivision (f) required the LAFCO to adopt, and review and update spheres of influence, the question is whether the spheres of influence identified in subdivision (h), i.e., "any sphere of influence" or "a sphere of influence that includes a special district," include updates to the identified spheres of influence.

In statutory construction cases, the fundamental task is to determine the Legislature's intent so as to effectuate the purpose of the statute. The first step is to examine the statutory

¹¹⁰ Government Code section 56451, subdivision (b), as enacted by Statutes 1985, chapter 541.

San Diego Unified School Dist., supra, 33 Cal.4th at 880, found that a provision in the Education Code constituted a state mandate, "in that it establishes conditions under which the state, rather than local officials, has made the decision requiring a school district to incur the costs..."

¹¹² Government Code sections 56001 and 56301.

¹¹³ Government Code section 56425, subdivision (a).

¹¹⁴ Comments by Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District, submitted August 9, 2007, page 5.

¹¹⁵ Statutes 2000, chapter 761.

Estate of Griswold (2001) 25 Cal.4th 904, 910 (citing Day v. City of Fontana (2001) 25 Cal.4th 268, 272.).

language, "giving the words their usual and ordinary meaning," and if the terms of the statute are unambiguous, it is presumed the lawmakers meant what they said and the plain meaning of the language governs. However, if there is ambiguity in the plain language the inquiry must go further to extrinsic sources, including the objects to be achieved and the legislative history. In that case, courts must select the construction that "comports most closely with the apparent intent of the Legislature, with a view to promoting rather than defeating the general purpose of the statute, and avoid an interpretation that would lead to absurd consequences." 119

Here, "any" sphere of influence, given its ordinary meaning in this context would include "one or another [sphere of influence] without restriction or exception." Thus, "any sphere of influence" would include updated spheres of influence, since updated spheres of influence are a type of sphere of influence contemplated by the statute pursuant to subdivision (f).

Furthermore, "a sphere of influence that includes a special district" must also be updated pursuant to subdivision (f), since nothing in the statute excludes such a sphere of influence from the requirement for updating. Therefore, "a sphere of influence that includes a special district" likewise includes *updated* spheres of influence.

The time frame for the above requirements is limited, however, because section 56425 was changed the following year. Statutes 2001, chapter 667, narrowed the spheres of influence affected by the requirements of subdivision (h). The 2001 statute replaced "any sphere of influence or a sphere of influence that includes a special district" with "a sphere of influence for a special district." Thus, beginning January 1, 2002, the subdivision (h)(1) requirement – that LAFCOs require special districts to file written statements with the LAFCO specifying the functions or classes of service provided by the districts – is *only* applicable when LAFCOs adopt or update a sphere of influence for a special district, and not any other sphere of influence.

Therefore, for the six-month period of July 1, 2001, through December 31, 2001, Government Code section 56425, subdivision (h)(1), mandates a new program or higher level of service for independent special districts to file written statements with the LAFCO specifying the functions or classes of service provided by the districts for any sphere of influence or sphere of influence that included a special district, including any *update* to a sphere of influence or any *update* to a sphere of influence that included a special district. On and after January 1, 2002, subdivision (h)(1) mandates a new program or higher level of service for independent special districts to file written statements to the LAFCO specifying the functions or classes of service provided by the districts, but only when LAFCOs adopt or update a sphere of influence for a special district.

¹¹⁷ Id. at 911

¹¹⁸ Ibid.

¹¹⁹ *Ihid*.

¹²⁰ Webster's II New College Dictionary (1999) page 51, column 2.

¹²¹ This statute was not pled by claimant.

Government Code section 56426.5:

Although the claimant pled Government Code section 56426.5, the statutes that added and amended it were not pled. Section 56426.5 was added by Statutes 1989, chapter 1384, and repealed and added again in Statutes 2002, chapter 614. Therefore, the Commission does not have jurisdiction to make any findings with regard to it.

Government Code section 56430:

Section 56430, as enacted by the test claim statutes, addresses developing and updating the sphere of influence, and states the following:

- (a) In order to prepare and to update spheres of influence in accordance with section 56425, the [LAFCO] shall conduct a service review of the municipal services provided in the county or other appropriate area designated by the [LAFCO]. The [LAFCO] shall include in the area designated for service review the county, the region, the subregion, or any other geographic area as is appropriate for an analysis of the service or services to be reviewed, and shall prepare a written statement of its determinations with respect to each of the following:
- (1) Infrastructure needs or deficiencies.
- (2) Growth and population projections for the affected area.
- (3) Financing constraints and opportunities.
- (4) Cost avoidance opportunities.
- (5) Opportunities for rate restructuring.
- (6) Opportunities for shared facilities.
- (7) Government structure options, including advantages and disadvantages of consolidation or reorganization of service providers.
- (8) Evaluation of management efficiencies.
- (9) Local accountability and governance.
- (b) In conducting a service review, the [LAFCO] shall comprehensively review all of the agencies that provide the identified service or services within the designated geographic area.
- (c) The [LAFCO] shall conduct a service review before, or in conjunction with, but no later than the time it is considering an action to establish a sphere of influence in accordance with Section 56425 or Section 56426.5 or to update a sphere of influence pursuant to Section 56425.

The plain language of this section does not mandate any activities on independent special districts.

Municipal Service Review Guidelines and Appendices:

With regard to the Municipal Service Review Guidelines and Appendices, as the Department of Finance notes, these documents do not have the force of law. Government Code section 17516 defines executive order as "any order, plan, requirement, rule or regulation" issued by the Governor, any officer or official serving at the pleasure of the Governor, or any

agency, department, board, or commission of state government. Government Code section 56430, subdivision (d), states:

(d) Not later than July 1, 2001, the Office of Planning and Research, in consultation with [LAFCOs], the California Association of Local Agency Formation Commissions, and other local governments, shall prepare guidelines for the service review to be conducted by [LAFCOs] pursuant to this section.

The Executive Summary of the Guidelines states the following:

Existing law requires OPR to prepare guidelines, not regulations. This document should therefore be considered advisory and not regulatory. ...

This document provides general guidance. LAFCOs may need to modify these recommendations to reflect local conditions, circumstances and types of services which are being reviewed. ...

Throughout the Guidelines, OPR has identified those actions which are required by law and those where OPR recommends a particular process or policy when undertaking the municipal service review.

The Guidelines do not order independent special districts to engage in any activities. The Appendices to the Municipal Service Review support the Guidelines and likewise do not order special districts to engage in any activities. Thus, the Guidelines and Appendices are not "executive orders" pursuant to Government Code section 17516, and are not subject to article XIII B, section 6.

Claimant argues, however, that *all* activities necessary for independent special districts to cooperate with the LAFCO when it conducts a municipal service review should be reimbursed:

For LAFCO to "conduct service reviews of the municipal services provided in the county" and to "comprehensively review all of the agencies that provide ... services", it requires the co-operation of those entities. The participation of District in these reviews is not a voluntary act: It is mandated upon District as it is upon LAFCO. To hold otherwise is to void the purpose of the law. 122

Here, claimant is asserting that special districts are "practically compelled" – if not legally compelled – to cooperate with the LAFCO in providing information the LAFCO requests. The appropriate test for "voluntariness," according to claimant, is found in *San Diego Unified School Dist.*, ¹²³ wherein the Supreme Court cautioned "there is reason to question an extension of the holding of *City of Merced* so as to preclude reimbursement ... whenever an entity makes an initial discretionary decision that in turn triggers mandated costs." ¹²⁴ In that passage, the court referenced the case of *Carmel Valley Fire Protection Dist. v. State of California* (1987)

¹²² Comments by Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District, submitted August 9, 2007, page 5.

¹²³ Comments by Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District, submitted August 9, 2007, page 5 referencing pages 3-4.

¹²⁴ San Diego Unified School Dist., supra, 33 Cal.4th 859, 887.

190 Cal.App.3d 521, which found a reimbursable state mandate was created by an executive order that required county firefighters to be provided with protective clothing and safety equipment. The San Diego court theorized that, because the local agency possessed discretion concerning how many firefighters it would employ and could in that sense control costs, a strict application of the City of Merced rule could foreclose reimbursement in such a situation "for the simple reason that the local agency's decision to employ firefighters involves an exercise of discretion concerning, for example, how many firefighters are needed to be employed, etc." The court found it "doubtful that the voters who enacted article XIII B, section 6, or the Legislature that adopted Government Code section 17514, intended that result..." 127

The Commission finds, however, the San Diego Unified School Dist. citation is not on point. The Carmel Valley case involved actual legal compulsion for fire districts to provide fire safety equipment; the San Diego court warned prohibiting reimbursement based on the original discretionary decisions by the fire district on how many firefighters to employ, which could theoretically control costs, would not likely carry out the intent of article XIII B, section 6. In this case there is neither an initial discretionary decision at issue, nor actual legal compulsion. It is the LAFCO that is required to conduct the service review and obtain the information, and in only one instance, set forth above, does the statute actually require anything of the independent special district.

Instead, the test here for practical compulsion lies with Kern High School Dist., i.e., whether "certain or severe" penalties or other "draconian" consequences would result if the district failed to provide information that is not statutorily required to the LAFCO for municipal service reviews. There is nothing in law or the record to indicate any such consequences would ensue if a special district does not provide all information requested by the LAFCO, nor is there anything in the record to indicate that all information must be obtained directly from the affected special district.

Summary:

The following statutes mandate a "new program or higher level of service" in an existing program on independent special districts that are subject to the tax and spend limitations in article XIII A and article XIII B:

- 1. Two representatives of independent special districts selected by the independent special district selection committee must be members of the Sacramento County LAFCO (Government Code section 56326.5, subdivision (d)).
- 2. File written statements to the LAFCO, when required by the LAFCO, specifying the functions or classes of service provided by the district, for the following time periods and types of spheres of influence:

¹²⁵ Ibid.

¹²⁶ *Ibid.*

¹²⁷ Ibid.

¹²⁸ Kern High School Dist., supra, 30 Cal.4th 727, 751.

- July 1, 2001 through December 31, 2001 when a LAFCO adopts or updates any sphere of influence or sphere of influence that includes a special district.
- On and after January 1, 2002 when a LAFCO adopts or updates a sphere of influence for a special district.

(Government Code section 56425, subdivision (h)(1) (subsequently renumbered to subdivision (i)(1).)

Issue 3: Do Government Code sections 56326.5, subdivision (d), and 56425, subdivision (h)(1), impose "costs mandated by the state" within the meaning of article XIII B, section 6 of the California Constitution and Government Code section 17514?

For these statutes to impose a reimbursable, state-mandated program, two additional elements must be satisfied. First, the statutes must impose "costs mandated by the state" pursuant to Government Code section 17514. Second, the statutory exceptions to reimbursement listed in Government Code section 17556 cannot apply.

Government Code section 17514 defines "costs mandated by the state" as any increased cost a local agency is required to incur as a result of a statute that mandates a new program or higher level of service. The claimant alleged in the test claim:

The Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District does not have the total estimate of costs for discharging this program. However, the claimant is informed and believes that with the enactment of Chapter 761, Statutes of 2000, it cost between \$20,000 to \$30,000 to defray its portion of the LAFCO's annual budget, and it is estimated that because of the changes wrought by Chapter 493, Statutes of 2002, it will cost between \$50,000 and \$80,000 per year to so fund. Regarding the municipal services review, the LAFCO has indicated it will charge the claimant upwards of \$5,000 to review its component, and it will cost the claimant in excess of \$20,000 to provide the information required to the LAFCO.

Thus, there is evidence in the record, signed under penalty of perjury, that there are increased costs for the activities mandated by Government Code section 56425, subdivision (h)(1) – providing specified information to the LAFCO as required by the LAFCO for specified sphere of influence reviews.

However, there is no evidence in the record that there are increased costs for the activities mandated by Government Code section 56326.5, subdivision (d) – representation by two independent special districts on the Sacramento County LAFCO. The test claim citation above alleging estimated costs does not reference the 1991 test claim statute. And, even if costs are subsequently alleged, Government Code section 56334 provides that members and alternates are reimbursed by the LAFCO for their actual reasonable and necessary expenses:

[LAFCO] members and alternates shall be reimbursed for the actual amount of their reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in attending meetings and in performing the duties of their office. The [LAFCO] may authorize payment of a per diem to [LAFCO] members and alternates for each day while they are at meetings of the [LAFCO].

Therefore, the Commission finds Government Code section 56326.5, subdivision (d), does not impose "costs mandated by the state" pursuant to Government Code section 17514 and no reimbursement is required.

With regard to the activities mandated by Government Code section 56425, subdivision (h)(1), for the reasons stated below, the Commission finds that none of the statutory exceptions to reimbursement listed in Government Code section 17556 are applicable to deny reimbursement for these activities.

The Department of Finance states that LAFCOs have existing fee authority that may be used to cover their operating costs. The Department further states that, to the extent that LAFCOs elect to make use of this authority, LAFCO members would be relieved of the need to contribute toward the LAFCO's annual budget.

Government Code section 17556 states that:

The commission shall not find costs mandated by the state, as defined in Section 17514, in any claim submitted by a local agency ..., if, after a hearing, the commission finds that:

... (d) The local agency or school district has the authority to levy service charges, fees, or assessments sufficient to pay for the mandated program or increased level of service.

Government Code section 56383 allows *LAFCOs* to establish a schedule of fees for the *costs of proceedings* such as filing and processing applications filed with the LAFCO, proceedings undertaken by the LAFCO and any reorganization committee, amending a sphere of influence or reconsidering a resolution. LAFCOs, however, are not represented in this claim, and the state-mandated program is imposed on independent special districts. Moreover, section 56383, subdivision (b), prohibits the schedule of fees from exceeding "the estimated reasonable cost of providing the service for which the fee is charged and shall be imposed pursuant to Section 66016." Thus, authority for charging fees under section 56383 for *costs of proceedings* does not equate to authority for charging fees to cover *operating costs*. Instead, Government Code section 56381 establishes the funding mechanisms for LAFCO's operating costs, i.e., one third from counties, one third from cities, and one third from special districts. Thus, the LAFCO's fee authority under section 56383 is not designed to pay for the mandated program and therefore is not "sufficient to pay for the mandated program or increased level of service" pursuant to section 17556, subdivision (d).

Although many independent special districts, including Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District, have fee authority for specified purposes as well as the ability to levy special taxes, ¹³⁰ the

Government Code section 66016 requires local agencies to hold a public meeting prior to levying a new fee or service charge or increasing an existing fee or service charge, and the fees or service charges cannot exceed the estimated amount required to provide the service for which the service charge or fee is levied.

¹³⁰ Although some districts have the ability to levy special taxes, article XIII B was "intended to protect the tax revenues of local governments from state mandates that would require expenditure of such revenues... [and] requires subvention only when the costs in question can be recovered solely from tax revenues." (County of Fresno v. State of California (1991)

question here is whether the claimant has authority to levy service charges or fees that can be used to pay for the mandated activity of filing written statements to the LAFCO specifying the functions or classes of service provided by the district, and, if so, whether those fees are sufficient to pay for that mandated activity.

The authority to charge fees or service charges varies by special district, and fire districts have authority to charge fees for "any service which the district provides or the cost of enforcing any regulation for which the fee is charged" in addition to other specified fees. These fees are likewise limited, however, to the costs of providing the specified services. More importantly, there are no fees authorized specifically for the *purpose* of the mandated activity of filing written statements to the LAFCO under Government Code section 56425, subdivision (h)(1). Therefore, section 17556, subdivision (d) is not applicable to deny the test claim.

CONCLUSION

The Commission finds that Government Code section 56425, subdivision (h)(1) (subsequently renumbered to subdivision (i)(1)), constitutes a reimbursable state-mandated program within the meaning of article XIII B, section 6, and Government Code section 17514, in that it requires independent special districts to file written statements with the LAFCO specifying the functions or classes of service provided by those districts, for the following time periods and types of spheres of influence:

- July 1, 2001 through December 31, 2001 when a LAFCO adopts or updates any sphere of influence or sphere of influence that includes a special district.
- On and after January 1, 2002 when a LAFCO adopts or updates a sphere of influence for a special district.

Only those independent special districts that are subject to the tax and spend limitations of article XIII A and article XIII B are eligible claimants.

The Commission concludes that Government Code section 56001 declares legislative findings and is helpful to interpret the test claim statutes, but does not mandate any activities. The Commission further concludes that Government Code sections 56326.5, 56381, 56381.6, 56425 (except subdivision (h)(1), subsequently renumbered to subdivision (i)(1)), 56426.5, and 56430, and the Municipal Service Review Guidelines and Appendices developed by OPR, as

⁵³ Cal.3d 482, 487, in determining the constitutionality of Government Code section 17556, subdivision (d).) Therefore, any special taxes that can be levied by the special district are protected by article XIII B, whereas fees or service charges for specified purposes are not.

¹³¹ Health and Safety Code section 13916, subdivision (a).

¹³² Health and Safety Code sections 13143.5, 13146, 13146.2 and 13869.7.

Health and Safety Code section 13916, subdivision (a) states in relevant part: "No fee shall exceed the costs reasonably borne by the district in providing the service or enforcing the regulation for which the fee is charged." See also Health and Safety Code sections 13143.5, 13146 and 13869.7 for similar limitations.

pled, along with any other test claim statutes, alleged executive orders, guidelines and allegations not specifically approved above, do not mandate a new program or higher level of service subject to article XIII B, section 6.

PROOF OF SERVICE BY MAIL

AUG 14 2003 COMMISSION ON STATE MANDATES

I, the undersigned, declare as follows:

I am a resident of the County of Sacramento, and I am over the age of 18 years and not a party to the within action. My place of employment is 4320 Auburn Blvd., Suite 2000, Sacramento, CA 95841.

On August 14, 2008, I served:

PROPOSED PARAMETERS AND GUIDELINES

Chapter 439, Statutes of 1991
Chapter 761, Statutes of 2000
Chapter 493, Statutes of 2002
LAFCO Municipal Services Review Guidelines
LAFCO Municipal Services Review Guidelines Appendices

Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCO)

Claim no. 02-TC-23

Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District, Claimant

by placing a true copy thereof in an envelope addressed to each of the persons listed on the mailing list attached hereto, and by sealing and depositing said envelope in the United States mail at Sacramento, California, with postage thereon fully prepaid.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct, and that this declaration was executed this 14th day of August, 2008, at Sacramento, California.

PROPOSED PARAMETERS AND GUIDELINES

Chapter 439, Statutes of 1991
Chapter 761, Statutes of 2000
Chapter 493, Statutes of 2002
LAFCO Municipal Services Review Guidelines
LAFCO Municipal Services Review Guidelines Appendices

Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCO)

Claim no. 02-TC-23

Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District, Claimant

I. SUMMARY OF THE MANDATE

On September 27, 2007, the Commission on State Mandates (Commission) adopted a Statement of Decision finding that the test claim legislation imposes a partially reimbursable statemandated program upon independent special districts within the meaning of article XIII B, section 6 of the California Constitution and Government Code section 17514. Specifically, the Commission found that only one statutory provision, Government Code section 56425, subdivision (h) (subsequently renumbered to subdivision (i)(1)) – constitutes a state-mandated "new program or higher level of service" in an existing program. As the claimant is an independent special district, the findings of this test claim apply to independent special districts only and not LAFCOs or other local government agencies. Furthermore, only independent special districts that are subject to the tax and spend limitations of articles XIII A and XIII B of the California Constitution are eligible claimants. All other activities claimed for sphere of influence reviews or municipal service reviews are either required of the LAFCO and not special districts, or the activities are not mandated since the Municipal Service Review Guidelines and Appendices do-not constitute executive orders.

The Commission approved this test claim for the following reimbursable activities:

Filing written statements with the LAFCO specifying the functions or classes of service provided by independent special districts, for the following time periods and types of spheres of influence:

- July 1, 2001 through December 31, 2001 when a LAFCO adopts or updates any sphere of influence or sphere of influence that includes a special district.
- On and after January 1, 2002 when a LAFCO adopts or updates a sphere of influence for a special district.

II. ELIGIBLE CLAIMANTS

Any independent special district participating in the LAFCO which is subject to the tax and spend limitations of articles XIII A and XIII B of the California Constitution and that incurs increased costs as a result of this reimbursable state-mandated program is eligible to claim reimbursement of those costs.

III. PERIOD OF REIMBURSEMENT

Government Code section 17557, subdivision (e), states that a test claim shall be submitted on or before June 30 following a given fiscal year to establish eligibility for that fiscal year. The Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District filed the test claim on May 29, 2003. Therefore, costs incurred pursuant to Government Code section 56425, subdivision (h) are reimbursable on or after July 1, 2002.

Actual costs for one fiscal year shall be included in each claim. Estimated costs of the subsequent year may be included on the same claim, if applicable. Pursuant to Government Code section 17561, subdivision (d)(1)(A), all claims for reimbursement of initial fiscal year costs shall be submitted to the State Controller within 120 days of the issuance date for the claiming instructions.

If the total costs for a given fiscal year do not exceed \$1,000, no reimbursement shall be allowed except as otherwise allowed by Government Code section 17564.

IV. REIMBURSABLE ACTIVITIES

To be eligible for mandated cost reimbursement for any fiscal year, only actual costs may be claimed. Actual costs are those costs actually incurred to implement the mandated activities. Actual costs must be traceable and supported by source documents that show the validity of such costs, when they were incurred, and their relationship to the reimbursable activities. A source document is a document created at or near the same time the actual cost was incurred for the event or activity in question. Source documents may include, but are not limited to, employee time records or time logs, sign-in sheets, invoices, and receipts.

Evidence corroborating the source documents may include, but is not limited to, worksheets, cost allocation reports (system generated), purchase orders, contracts, agendas, training packets, and declarations. Declarations must include a certification or declaration stating, "I certify (or declare) under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct," and must further comply with the requirements of Code of Civil Procedure section 2015.5. Evidence corroborating the source documents may include data relevant to the reimbursable activities otherwise in compliance with local, state, and federal government requirements. However, corroborating documents cannot be substituted for source documents.

The claimant is only allowed to claim and be reimbursed for increased costs for reimbursable activities identified below. Increased cost is limited to the cost of an activity that the claimant is required to incur as a result of the mandate.

For each eligible claimant, the following activities are reimbursable:

A. On-going Activities:

For written statements to the LAFCO, when required by the LAFCO, specifying the functions or classes of service provided by the district, for the following time periods and types of spheres of influence:

- July 1, 2001 through December 31, 2001 when a LAFCO adopts or updates any sphere of influence or sphere of influence that includes a special district.
- On and after January 1, 2002 when a LAFCO adopts or updates a sphere of influence for a special district:
- 1. Gather information from within the special district and from outside sources, as needed.
- 2. Draft statements and/or spheres of influence, including but not limited to, the initial draft, reviews and revisions as needed.
- 3. File documentation with the LAFCO.
- 4. Prepare for, attend, and present documentation at LAFCO meeting.

(Government Code section 56425, subdivision (h)(1) (subsequently renumbered to subdivision (i)(1).)

V. CLAIM PREPARATION AND SUBMISSION

Each of the following cost elements must be identified for each reimbursable activity identified in Section IV, Reimbursable Activities, of this document. Each claimed reimbursable cost must be supported by source documentation as described in Section IV. Additionally, each reimbursement claim must be filed in a timely manner.

A. Direct Cost Reporting

Direct costs are those costs incurred specifically for the reimbursable activities. The following direct costs are eligible for reimbursement.

1. Salaries and Benefits

Report each employee implementing the reimbursable activities by name, job classification, and productive hourly rate (total wages and related benefits divided by productive hours). Describe the specific reimbursable activities performed and the hours devoted to each reimbursable activity performed.

2. Materials and Supplies

Report the cost of materials and supplies that have been consumed or expended for the purpose of the reimbursable activities. Purchases shall be claimed at the actual price after deducting discounts, rebates, and allowances received by the claimant. Supplies that are withdrawn from inventory shall be charged on an appropriate and recognized method of costing, consistently applied.

3. Contracted Services

Report the name of the contractor and services performed to implement the reimbursable activities. If the contractor bills for time and materials, report the number of hours spent on the activities and all costs charged. If the contract is a fixed price, report the services

that were performed during the period covered by the reimbursement claim. If the contract services are also used for purposes other than the reimbursable activities, only the pro-rata portion of the services used to implement the reimbursable activities can be claimed. Submit contract consultant and attorney invoices with the claim and a description of the contract scope of services.

4. Fixed Assets and Equipment

Report the purchase price paid for fixed assets and equipment (including computers) necessary to implement the reimbursable activities. The purchase price includes taxes, delivery costs, and installation costs. If the fixed asset or equipment is also used for purposes other than the reimbursable activities, only the pro-rata portion of the purchase price used to implement the reimbursable activities can be claimed.

5. Travel

Report the name of the employee traveling for the purpose of the reimbursable activities. Include the date of travel, destination point, the specific reimbursable activity requiring travel, and related travel expenses reimbursed to the employee in compliance with the rules of the local jurisdiction. Report employee travel time according to the rules of cost element A.1., Salaries and Benefits, for each applicable reimbursable activity.

B. Indirect Cost Rates

Indirect costs are costs that are incurred for a common or joint purpose, benefiting more than one program, and are not directly assignable to a particular department or program without efforts disproportionate to the result achieved. Indirect costs may include both (1) overhead costs of the unit performing the mandate; and (2) the costs of the central government services distributed to the other departments based on a systematic and rational basis through a cost allocation plan.

Compensation for indirect costs is eligible for reimbursement utilizing the procedure provided in the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-87. Claimants have the option of using 10% of direct labor, excluding fringe benefits, or preparing an Indirect Cost Rate Proposal (ICRP) if the indirect cost rate claimed exceeds 10%.

If the claimant chooses to prepare an ICRP, both the direct costs (as defined and described in OMB Circular A-87 Attachments A and B) and the indirect costs shall exclude capital expenditures and unallowable costs (as defined and described in OMB Circular A-87 Attachments A and B). However, unallowable costs must be included in the direct costs if they represent activities to which indirect costs are properly allocable.

The distribution base may be (1) total direct costs (excluding capital expenditures and other distorting items, such as pass-through funds, major subcontracts, etc.), (2) direct salaries and wages, or (3) another base which results in an equitable distribution.

In calculating an ICRP, the claimant shall have the choice of one of the following methodologies:

1. The allocation of allowable indirect costs (as defined and described in OMB Circular A-87 Attachments A and B) shall be accomplished by (1) classifying a department's total costs for the base period as either direct or indirect, and (2) dividing the total allowable indirect costs (net of applicable credits) by an equitable distribution base. The result of this process is an indirect cost rate which is used to distribute indirect

- costs to mandates. The rate should be expressed as a percentage which the total amount allowable indirect costs bears to the base selected; or
- 2. The allocation of allowable indirect costs (as defined and described in OMB Circular A-87 Attachments A and B) shall be accomplished by (1) separating a department into groups, such as divisions or sections, and then classifying the division's or section's total costs for the base period as either direct or indirect, and (2) dividing the total allowable indirect costs (net of applicable credits) by an equitable distribution base. The result of this process is an indirect cost rate that is used to distribute indirect costs to mandates. The rate should be expressed as a percentage which the total amount allowable indirect costs bears to the base selected.

VI. RECORD RETENTION

Pursuant to Government Code section 17558.5, subdivision (a), a reimbursement claim for actual costs filed by a local agency or school district pursuant to this chapter is subject to the initiation of an audit by the Controller no later than three years after the date that the actual reimbursement claim is filed or last amended, whichever is later. However, if no funds are appropriated or no payment is made to a claimant for the program for the fiscal year for which the claim is filed, the time for the Controller to initiate an audit shall commence to run from the date of initial payment of the claim. In any case, an audit shall be completed not later than two years after the date that the audit is commenced. All documents used to support the reimbursable activities, as described in Section IV, must be retained during the period subject to audit. If an audit has been initiated by the Controller during the period subject to audit, the retention period is extended until the ultimate resolution of any audit findings.

VII. OFFSETTING REVENUES AND REIMBURSEMENTS

Any offsets the claimant experiences in the same program as a result of the same statutes or executive orders found to contain the mandate shall be deducted from the costs claimed. In addition, reimbursement for this mandate from any source, including but not limited to, service fees collected, federal funds, and other state funds, shall be identified and deducted from this claim.

VIII. STATE CONTROLLER'S CLAIMING INSTRUCTIONS

Pursuant to Government Code section 17558, subdivision (b), the Controller shall issue claiming instructions for each mandate that requires state reimbursement not later than 60 days after receiving the adopted parameters and guidelines from the Commission, to assist local agencies and school districts in claiming costs to be reimbursed. The claiming instructions shall be derived from the test claim decision and the parameters and guidelines adopted by the Commission.

Pursuant to Government Code section 17561, subdivision (d)(1), issuance of the claiming instructions shall constitute a notice of the right of the local agencies and school districts to file reimbursement claims, based upon parameters and guidelines adopted by the Commission.

IX. REMEDIES BEFORE THE COMMISSION

¹ This refers to Title 2, division 4, part 7, chapter 4 of the Government Code.

Upon request of a local agency or school district, the Commission shall review the claiming instructions issued by the State Controller or any other authorized state agency for reimbursement of mandated costs pursuant to Government Code section 17571. If the Commission determines that the claiming instructions do not conform to the parameters and guidelines, the Commission shall direct the Controller to modify the claiming instructions and the Controller shall modify the claiming instructions to conform to the parameters and guidelines as directed by the Commission.

In addition, requests may be made to amend parameters and guidelines pursuant to Government Code section 17557, subdivision (d), and California Code of Regulations, title 2, section 1183.2.

X. LEGAL AND FACTUAL BASIS FOR THE PARAMETERS AND GUIDELINES

The Statement of Decision is legally binding on all parties and provides the legal and factual basis for the parameters and guidelines. The support for the legal and factual findings is found in the administrative record for the test claim. The administrative record, including the Statement of Decision, is on file with the Commission.

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Ms. Bonnie Ter Keurst County of San Bernardino Office of the Auditor/Controller-Recorder 222 West Hospitality Lane San Bernardino, CA 92415-0018

Mr. J. Bradley Burgess Public Resource Management Group 1380 Lead Hill Blvd., Suite 106 Roseville, CA 95661

Mr. Steve Keil California State Association of Counties 1100 K Street, Suite 101 Sacramento, CA 95814-3941

ARNOLD SCHWARZENEGGER, GOVERNOR

STATE CARLTOL & ROOM 1145 & BACRAMENTO CA & 95814-4995 & WWW.DOF.CA.GOV

RECEIVED

September 11, 2008

SEP 1.2 2008

Ms. Paula Higashi Executive Director Commission on State Mandates 980 Ninth Street, Suite 300 Sacramento, CA 95814 COMMISSION ON STATE MANDATES

Dear Ms. Higashi:

As requested in your letter of August 27, 2008, the Department of Finance (Finance) has reviewed the proposed parameters and guidelines submitted by the Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District (claimant) for Test Claim No. CSM-02-TC-23 "Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCO)."

As the result of our review, Finance recommends that the parameters and guidelines as submitted by the claimant be amended because they go beyond the scope of the statute imposing the reimbursable mandate. Finance recommends the following changes:

- 1. Gather information from within the special district and from outside sources, as needed, to prepare the written statements;
- 2. Draft <u>written</u> statements <u>and/or spheres of influence</u> including, but not limited to, the initial draft, reviews, and revisions as needed; <u>and</u>
- 3. File documentation written statements with the LAFCO.
- 4. Prepare for, attend, and present documentation at LAFCO meeting.

Pursuant to subdivision (h) (1) of Section 56425 of the Government Code, the existing districts are required to file written statements with the LAFCO specifying the functions or classes of services provided by those districts. There is no statutory requirement to prepare for, attend, or present documentation at the LAFCO meeting. Nor is there a statutory requirement on the districts to draft the sphere of influence. Subdivision (a) of Section 56425 of the Government Code provides that the LAFCO shall develop and determine the sphere of influence. Furthermore, these activities are not necessary to implement the mandate.

As required by the Commission's regulations, a "Proof of Service" has been enclosed indicating that the parties included on the mailing list which accompanied your August 27, 2008 letter have been provided with copies of this letter via either United States Mail or, in the case of other state agencies, Interagency Mail Service.

Ms. Paula Higashi September 11, 2008 Page 2

If you have any questions regarding this letter, please contact Carla Castañeda, Principal Program Budget Analyst at (916) 445-3274.

Sincerely,

Diana L. Ducay Program Budget Manager

Enclosure

Attachment A

DECLARATION OF CARLA CASTANEDA DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE CLAIM NO. CSM-02-TC-23

1. I am currently employed by the State of California, Department of Finance (Finance), am familiar with the duties of Finance, and am authorized to make this declaration on behalf of Finance.

I certify under penalty of perjury that the facts set forth in the foregoing are true and correct of my own knowledge except as to the matters therein stated as information or belief and, as to those matters, I believe them to be true.

September 11, 2008 at Sacramento, CA

Carla Castañeda

PROOF OF SERVICE

Test Claim Name:

Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCO)

Test Claim Number: CSM-02-TC-23

I, the undersigned, declare as follows:

i am employed in the County of Sacramento, State of California, I am 18 years of age or older and not a party to the within entitled cause; my business address is 915 L Street, 12 Floor. Sacramento, CA 95814.

On September 11, 2008, I served the attached recommendation of the Department of Finance in said cause, by facsimile to the Commission on State Mandates and by placing a true copy thereof: (1) to claimants and nonstate agencies enclosed in a sealed envelope with postage thereon fully prepaid in the United States Mail at Sacramento, California; and (2) to state agencies in the normal pickup location at 915 L Street, 12 Floor, for Interagency Mail Service. addressed as follows:

A-16

Ms. Paula Higashi, Executive Director Commission on State Mandates 980 Ninth Street, Suite 300 Sacramento, CA 95814 Facsimile No. 445-0278

Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District 2101 Hurley Way Sacramento, CA 95825

B-08

Mr. Jim Spano State Controller's Office Division of Audits 300 Capitol Mall, Suite 518 Sacramento, CA 95814 -

Mr. George B. Appel Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District 2101 Hurley Way Sacramento, CA 95825

Mr. Leonard Kaye, Esq. County of Los Angeles Auditor-Controller's Office 500 West Temple Street, Room 603 Los Angeles; CA 90012

B-08

Ms. Ginny Brummels State Controller's Office Division of Accounting and Reporting 3301 C Street, Suite 500 Sacramento, CA 95816

Mr. Peter Brandage Sacramento Local Agency Formation Commission: 1112 I Street, Suite 100 Sacramento, CA 95814

Mr. David Wellhouse David Wellhouse & Associates, Inc. 9175 Kiefer Boulevard, Suite 121 Sacramento, CA 95826

'A-15 Ms. Carla Castaneda Department of Finance 915 L Street, 11th Floor Sacramento, CA 95814

Ms. Susan Geanacou Department of Finance 915 L Street, Suite 1180 Sacramento, CA 95814

PROOF OF SERVICE Page 2

Mr. Glen Everroad City of Newport Beach 3300 Newport Boulevard P.O. Box 1768 Newport Beach, CA 92659-1768

Ms. Bonnie TerKeurst County of San Bernardino Office of the Auditor/Controller-Recorder 222 West Hospitality Lane San Bernardino, CA 92415-0018

Ms. Juliana F. Gmur MAXIMUS 2380 Houston Avenue Clovis, CA 93611

Ms. Jesse McGuinn Department of Finance 915 L Street, 8th Floor Sacramento, CA 95814

Mr. Robert Miyashiro Education Mandated Cost Network 1121 L Street, Suite 1060 Sacramento, CA 95814

Mr. Ernie Silva League of California Cities 1400 K Street Sacramento, CA 95814

Mr. Steve Shields Shields Consulting Group, Inc. 1536 36th Street Sacramento, CA 95816

Mr. Arthur Palkowitz San Diego Unified School District 4100 Normal Street, Room 3209 San Diego, CA 92103-8363

Mr. J. Bradley Burgess Public Resource Management Group 1380 Lead Hill Boulevard, Suite 106 Roseville, CA 95661 Ms. Jolene Tollenaar MGT of America 455 Capitol Mall, Suite 600 Sacramento, CA 95814

Mr. Allan Burdick MAXIMUS 4320 Auburn Boulevard, Suite 2000 Sacramento, CA 95841

Legislative Analyst's Office Attn: Marianne O'Malley 925 L Street, Suite 1000 Sacramento, CA 95814

Mr. Keith B. Peterson, President Six Ten and Associates 5252 Balboa Avenue, Suite 807 San Diego, CA 92117

Ms. Annette Chinn Cost Recovery Systems Inc. 705-2 East Bidwell Street #294 Folsom, CA 95630

Ms. Alexandra Condon California Teacher's Association 6 Red River Court Sacramento, CA 95831-3036

Mr. Gerald Shelton
California Department of Education
Fiscal and Administrative Services Division
1430 N Street, Suite 2213
Sacramento, CA 95814

Mr. Steve Keil
California Association of Counties
1100 K Street, Suite 101
Sacramento, CA 95814

PROOF OF SERVICE Page 3

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct, and that this declaration was executed on September 11, 2008 at Sacramento, California.

Keliy Montelongo

PROOF OF SERVICE BY MAIL



I, the undersigned, declare as follows:

I am a resident of the County of Sacramento, and I am over the age of 18 years and not a party to the within action. My place of employment is 3130 Kilgore Road, Suite 400, Rancho Cordova, CA 95670.

On July 17, 2009, I served:

RESPONSE TO DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE ON PROPOSED PARAMETERS AND GUIDELINES

Government Code Sections 56001, 56326.5, 56381, 56381.6, 56425, 56426.5, and 56430

Statutes 1991, Chapter 439 (AB 748)
Statutes 2000, Chapter 761 (AB 2838)
Statutes 2002, Chapter 493 (AB 1948)
LAFCO Municipal Services Review Guidelines
(Final Draft, October 3, 2002, Governor's Office of Planning and Research)
LAFCO Municipal Services Review Guidelines Appendices
(Final Draft, October 3, 2002, Governor's Office of Planning and Research)

Local Agency Formation Commissions

02-TC-23

Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District, Claimant

and

Declaration of Allan P. Burdick In Support of Test Claimant's Response to Department of Finance on Proposed Ps & Gs

and

CLAIMANT'S REVISED
PROPOSED PARAMETERS AND GUIDELINES

by placing a true copy thereof in an envelope addressed to each of the persons listed on the mailing list attached hereto, and by sealing and depositing said envelope in the United States mail at Rancho Cordova, California, with postage thereon fully prepaid.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct, and that this declaration was executed this 17th day of July, 2009, at Rancho Cordova, California.

Doclarant

wech

Legislative Analyst's Office Attention: Marianne O'Malley 925 L Street, Suite 1000 Sacramento, CA 95814

Ms. Susan Geanacou Department of Finance 915 L Street, Suite 1190 Sacramento, CA 95814

Ms. Ginny Brummels
State Controller's Office, Accounting & Reporting
3301 C Street, Suite 500
Sacramento, CA 95816

Ms. Jesse McGuinn Department of Finance 915 L Street, 8th Floor Sacramento, CA 95814

Mr. Leonard Kaye, Esq. County of Los Angeles Auditor-Controller's Office 500 West Temple Street, Room 603 Los Angeles, CA 90012

Mr. Robert Miyashiro Education Mandated Cost Network 1121 L Street; Suite 1060 Sacramento, CA 95814

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Ms. Alexandra Condon California Teacher's Association 6 Red River Court Sacramento, CA 95831-3036

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Mr. Geoffrey Neill California State Association of Counties 1100 K Street, Suite 101 Sacramento, CA 95814-3941



Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District

2101 Hurley Way • Sacramento, California 95825-3208 • Phone (916) 566-4000 • Fax (916) 566-4200

RESPONSE TO DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE ON PROPOSED PARAMETERS AND GUIDELINES

Government Code Sections 56001, 56326.5, 56381, 56381.6, 56425, 56426.5, and 56430

Statutes 1991, Chapter 439 (AB 748)
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(Final Draft, October 3, 2002, Governor's Office of Planning and Research)
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(Final Draft, October 3, 2002, Governor's Office of Planning and Research)

Local Agency Formation Commissions

02-TC-23

Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District, Claimant

Test claimant Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District (hereinafter "District") submits the following in response to the comments filed by the Department of Finance (hereinafter "Department") on September 11, 2008. The District partially concurs with the changes submitted by the Department. Those changes are incorporated in the attached, Claimant's Revised Proposed Parameters and Guidelines. The District, however, does not concur with the deletion of activity number four: Prepare for, attend and present written statements (documentation) at LAFCO meeting.

The Department, in its comments, disagrees with the inclusion of activity 4 regarding the LAFCO meetings on the grounds that there is no statutory requirement for this activity and it is not necessary to implement the mandate.

As to the first ground, the Department is correct. The attendance at LAFCO meeting where a special district's written statements are to be considered is not specifically mandated within the mandate legislation nor anywhere else in the codes. This, however,

is no bar to the consideration of an activity at the parameters and guidelines stage of the proceedings. As stated in regulation, in pertinent part:

- (a) The parameters and guidelines shall describe the claimable reimbursable costs and contain the following information:
- (4) Reimbursable Activities. A description of the specific costs and types of costs that are reimbursable, including one-time costs and on-going costs, and a description of the most reasonable methods of complying with the mandate. "The most reasonable methods of complying with the mandate" are those methods not specified in statute or executive order that are necessary to carry out the mandated program. (2 CCR § 1183.1, subd. (a)(4).)

Thus, inclusion of activities beyond those mandated is envisioned in and supported by the regulations.

The Department, too, is aware of this fact as it stated that the activity in question is not necessary to implement the mandate. The District disagrees. LAFCOs operate in a manner similar to Boards of Supervisors, City Councils, and even this Commission, in that the discussion of matters on the agenda with representatives before a final decision is reached is usual and customary. (See Declaration of Allan P. Burdick In Support of In Support of Test Claimant's Response to Department of Finance on Proposed Ps & Gs). LAFCOs invite and encourage the attendance of representatives at meetings to discuss matters on the LAFCO agenda. This give and take is the hallmark of such proceedings.

In looking at whether attendance at meetings is "necessary to carry out the mandate program", the analysis takes us to the *sine qua non* of the mandate: communication with the LAFCO so it can carry out its responsibilities in compliance with law.

Government Code section 56425, subdivision (a) states:

In order to carry out its purposes and responsibilities for planning and shaping the logical and orderly development and coordination of local governmental agencies so as to advantageously provide for the present and future needs of the county and its communities, the commission shall develop and determine the sphere of influence of each local governmental agency within the county and enact policies designed to promote the logical and orderly development of areas within the sphere.

To further this purpose, the mandate legislation, Government Code section 56425, subdivision (h)(1) (subsequently renumbered to subdivision (i)(1)) "requires independent special districts to file written statements with the LAFCO, specifying the functions or

classes of service provided by those districts ... when a LAFCO adopts or updates a sphere of influence for a special district...." This Commission found that this activity is a reimbursable state mandate. This filing of statements is a method by which agencies communicate with their LAFCO. This communication requires the preparation of the statements to be filed, the drafting and filing of statements and, to bring the matter to its natural close, the appearance at the public meeting where those written statements are discussed and reviewed by the LAFCO. Since these discussions can raise questions, delineate unforeseen issues and lead the LAFCO in new directions, written statements alone are not always sufficient for the LAFCO to complete its business. (See Declaration of Allan P. Burdick, supra.)

The essence of the mandate is meaningful communication between special districts and their LAFCO. As such, the attendance at meetings in not only necessary to carry out the mandated program; it is crucial to the purpose of the mandate. Therefore, the District requests that the Commission adopt Claimant's Revised Parameters and Guidelines attached hereto.

CERTIFICATION

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the statements made in this document are true and correct, except as to those matters stated upon information and belief and as to those matters, I believe them to be true.

Executed this 16 day of July, 2009, at Sacramento, California, by:

De soule

Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District

Declaration of Allan P. Burdick In Support of Test Claimant's Response to Department of Finance on Proposed Ps & Gs

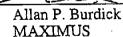
I, Allan P. Burdick, state as follows:

- 1. I am currently employed by MAXIMUS, Inc. and have worked with California's state mandate cost local program since 1978 as an employee of MAXIMUS or the California State Association of Counties. I have personal knowledge of the facts stated herein and if called upon to testify, I could do so competently.
- 2. I spoke to representatives of three LAFCo's in an effort to establish whether representatives are required to attend LAFCO meeting where the agency had a matter on the agenda. Similar to a Commission on State Mandates meeting, all agreed there is no requirement for agency representatives to attend meetings. They are, however, invited and encouraged to attend. With rare exceptions, the local agency's staff are in contact with the LAFCo staff before the meetings, and they discuss, among other things, the value or benefit to either the local agency or LAFCo from their attendance.
- 3. I have spoke to a number of LAFCo staff members over the years, and LAFCo meetings are similar to most other local government meetings, such as city council and county board of supervisor meetings. Since LAFCo commissioners are made up of elected representative of cities, counties and special districts, their policies, procedures and practices are based on those of their parent organizations. Similar to governing board meetings of local government, while there is no statutory or regulatory requirement to attend a meeting, an agency has an obligation to its taxpayers to insure they are represented if the outcome may have consequences on its constituents.
- 4. On July 7, 2009, I spoke to Kathleen Rollings-McDonald, Executive Officer, for the San Bernardino County LAFCO. She told me that they invite and encourage representatives from the districts to attend. In fact, they are currently requesting the grand jury to look into some irregularities with an independent cemetery district for which they did a municipal service

review and never got anyone from the district to participate. So, there is a possible negative impact for not participating. Also, they considered a municipal service review for four cities at its June meeting and, based on the response from the cities in this case, the Commission is making changes and staff is taking it back to the Commission later this month. So, attendance at the meetings can not only help the district but assists the LAFCO in its decision-making process.

- 5. On July 7, 2009, I spoke to Elisa Carvalho, Senior Management Analyst, for the Yolo County LAFCO. She confirmed that as I had been told by Ms. Rollings-McDonald that representatives are invited and encouraged to participate when they have a matter on the agenda. For example in Yolo County, if the City of Davis had an update to its sphere of influence on the agenda, the City would almost certainly have at least one representative attend. If was a small special district, such as the Clarksburg Fire District which had a proposed MSO on the LAFCo agenda and everything had been worked out with LAFCo staff and there were no issues, most likely no one would attend from the District.
- 6. On July 7, 2009, I spoke to Diane Thorpe, Commission Clerk, for the Sacramento County LAFCO who agreed that the participation of representatives who have something on the agenda is encouraged.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct as based upon my personal knowledge, information or belief, and that this declaration is executed this _____ day of July, 2009, at Rancho Cordova, California.



CLAIMANT'S REVISED PROPOSED PARAMETERS AND GUIDELINES

Government Code Sections 56001, 56326.5, 56381, 56381.6, 56425, 56426.5, and 56430

Statutes 1991, Chapter 439 (AB 748)
Statutes 2000, Chapter 761 (AB 2838)
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(Final Draft, October 3, 2002, Governor's Office of Planning and Research)

Local Agency Formation Commissions

02-TC-23

Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District, Claimant

I. SUMMARY OF THE MANDATE

On September 27, 2007, the Commission on State Mandates (Commission) adopted a Statement of Decision finding that the test claim legislation imposes a partially reimbursable statemandated program upon independent special districts within the meaning of article XIII B, section 6 of the California Constitution and Government Code section 17514. Specifically, the Commission found that only one statutory provision, Government Code section 56425, subdivision (h) (subsequently renumbered to subdivision (i)(1)) – constitutes a state-mandated "new program or higher level of service" in an existing program. As the claimant is an independent special district, the findings of this test claim apply to independent special districts only and not LAFCOs or other local government agencies. Furthermore, only independent special districts that are subject to the tax and spend limitations of articles XIII A and XIII B of the California Constitution are eligible claimants. All other activities claimed for sphere of influence reviews or municipal service reviews are either required of the LAFCO and not special districts, or the activities are not mandated since the Municipal Service Review Guidelines and Appendices do not constitute executive orders.

The Commission approved this test claim for the following reimbursable activities:

Filing written statements with the LAFCO specifying the functions or classes of service provided by independent special districts, for the following time periods and types of spheres of influence:

- July 1, 2001 through December 31, 2001 when a LAFCO adopts or updates any sphere of influence or sphere of influence that includes a special district.
- On and after January 1, 2002 when a LAFCO adopts or updates a sphere of influence for a special district.

II. ELIGIBLE CLAIMANTS

Any independent special district participating in the LAFCO which is subject to the tax and spend limitations of articles XIII A and XIII B of the California Constitution and that incurs increased costs as a result of this reimbursable state-mandated program is eligible to claim reimbursement of those costs.

III. PERIOD OF REIMBURSEMENT

Government Code section 17557, subdivision (e), states that a test claim shall be submitted on or before June 30 following a given fiscal year to establish eligibility for that fiscal year. The Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District filed the test claim on May 29, 2003. Therefore, costs incurred pursuant to Government Code section 56425, subdivision (h) are reimbursable on or after July 1, 2002.

Actual costs for one fiscal year shall be included in each claim. Estimated costs of the subsequent year may be included on the same claim, if applicable. Pursuant to Government Code section 17561, subdivision (d)(1)(A), all claims for reimbursement of initial fiscal year costs shall be submitted to the State Controller within 120 days of the issuance date for the claiming instructions.

If the total costs for a given fiscal year do not exceed \$1,000, no reimbursement shall be allowed except as otherwise allowed by Government Code section 17564.

IV. REIMBURSABLE ACTIVITIES

To be eligible for mandated cost reimbursement for any fiscal year, only actual costs may be claimed. Actual costs are those costs actually incurred to implement the mandated activities. Actual costs must be traceable and supported by source documents that show the validity of such costs, when they were incurred, and their relationship to the reimbursable activities. A source document is a document created at or near the same time the actual cost was incurred for the event or activity in question. Source documents may include, but are not limited to, employee time records or time logs, sign-in sheets, invoices, and receipts.

Evidence corroborating the source documents may include, but is not limited to, worksheets, cost allocation reports (system generated), purchase orders, contracts, agendas, training packets, and declarations. Declarations must include a certification or declaration stating, "I certify (or declare) under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct," and must further comply with the requirements of Code of Civil Procedure

section 2015.5. Evidence corroborating the source documents may include data relevant to the reimbursable activities otherwise in compliance with local, state, and federal government requirements. However, corroborating documents cannot be substituted for source documents.

The claimant is only allowed to claim and be reimbursed for increased costs for reimbursable activities identified below. Increased cost is limited to the cost of an activity that the claimant is required to incur as a result of the mandate.

For each eligible claimant, the following activities are reimbursable:

A. On-going Activities:

For written statements to the LAFCO, when required by the LAFCO, specifying the functions or classes of service provided by the district, for the following time periods and types of spheres of influence:

- July 1, 2001 through December 31, 2001 when a LAFCO adopts or updates any sphere of influence or sphere of influence that includes a special district.
- On and after January 1, 2002 when a LAFCO adopts or updates a sphere of influence for a special district:
- 1. Gather information from within the special district and from outside sources, as needed to prepare the written statements.
- 2. Draft <u>written</u> statements and/or spheres of influence, including but not limited to, the initial draft, reviews and revisions as needed.
- 3. File written statements documentation with the LAFCO.
- 4. Prepare for, attend, and present <u>written statements documentation</u> at LAFCO meeting.

(Government Code section 56425, subdivision (h)(1) (subsequently renumbered to subdivision (i)(1).)

V. CLAIM PREPARATION AND SUBMISSION

Each of the following cost elements must be identified for each reimbursable activity identified in Section IV, Reimbursable Activities, of this document. Each claimed reimbursable cost must be supported by source documentation as described in Section IV. Additionally, each reimbursement claim must be filed in a timely manner.

A. Direct Cost Reporting

Direct costs are those costs incurred specifically for the reimbursable activities. The following direct costs are eligible for reimbursement.

1. Salaries and Benefits

Report each employee implementing the reimbursable activities by name, job classification, and productive hourly rate (total wages and related benefits divided by productive hours). Describe the specific reimbursable activities performed and the hours devoted to each reimbursable activity performed.

2. Materials and Supplies

Report the cost of materials and supplies that have been consumed or expended for the purpose of the reimbursable activities. Purchases shall be claimed at the actual price after deducting discounts, rebates, and allowances received by the claimant. Supplies that are withdrawn from inventory shall be charged on an appropriate and recognized method of costing, consistently applied.

3. Contracted Services

Report the name of the contractor and services performed to implement the reimbursable activities. If the contractor bills for time and materials, report the number of hours spent on the activities and all costs charged. If the contract is a fixed price, report the services that were performed during the period covered by the reimbursement claim. If the contract services are also used for purposes other than the reimbursable activities, only the pro-rata portion of the services used to implement the reimbursable activities can be claimed. Submit contract consultant and attorney invoices with the claim and a description of the contract scope of services.

4. Fixed Assets and Equipment

Report the purchase price paid for fixed assets and equipment (including computers) necessary to implement the reimbursable activities. The purchase price includes taxes, delivery costs, and installation costs. If the fixed asset or equipment is also used for purposes other than the reimbursable activities, only the pro-rata portion of the purchase price used to implement the reimbursable activities can be claimed.

5. Travel

Report the name of the employee traveling for the purpose of the reimbursable activities. Include the date of travel, destination point, the specific reimbursable activity requiring travel, and related travel expenses reimbursed to the employee in compliance with the rules of the local jurisdiction. Report employee travel time according to the rules of cost element A.1., Salaries and Benefits, for each applicable reimbursable activity.

B. Indirect Cost Rates

Indirect costs are costs that are incurred for a common or joint purpose, benefiting more than one program, and are not directly assignable to a particular department or program without efforts disproportionate to the result achieved. Indirect costs may include both (1) overhead costs of the unit performing the mandate; and (2) the costs of the central government services distributed to the other departments based on a systematic and rational basis through a cost allocation plan.

Compensation for indirect costs is eligible for reimbursement utilizing the procedure provided in the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-87. Claimants have the option of using 10% of direct labor, excluding fringe benefits, or preparing an Indirect Cost Rate Proposal (ICRP) if the indirect cost rate claimed exceeds 10%.

If the claimant chooses to prepare an ICRP, both the direct costs (as defined and described in OMB Circular A-87 Attachments A and B) and the indirect costs shall exclude capital expenditures and unallowable costs (as defined and described in OMB Circular A-87 Attachments A and B). However, unallowable costs must be included in the direct costs if they represent activities to which indirect costs are properly allocable.

The distribution base may be (1) total direct costs (excluding capital expenditures and other distorting items, such as pass-through funds, major subcontracts, etc.), (2) direct salaries and wages, or (3) another base which results in an equitable distribution.

In calculating an ICRP, the claimant shall have the choice of one of the following methodologies:

- 1. The allocation of allowable indirect costs (as defined and described in OMB Circular A-87 Attachments A and B) shall be accomplished by (1) classifying a department's total costs for the base period as either direct or indirect, and (2) dividing the total allowable indirect costs (net of applicable credits) by an equitable distribution base. The result of this process is an indirect cost rate which is used to distribute indirect costs to mandates. The rate should be expressed as a percentage which the total amount allowable indirect costs bears to the base selected; or
- 2. The allocation of allowable indirect costs (as defined and described in OMB Circular A-87 Attachments A and B) shall be accomplished by (1) separating a department into groups, such as divisions or sections, and then classifying the division's or section's total costs for the base period as either direct or indirect, and (2) dividing the total allowable indirect costs (net of applicable credits) by an equitable distribution base. The result of this process is an indirect cost rate that is used to distribute indirect costs to mandates. The rate should be expressed as a percentage which the total amount allowable indirect costs bears to the base selected.

VI. RECORD RETENTION

Pursuant to Government Code section 17558.5, subdivision (a), a reimbursement claim for actual costs filed by a local agency or school district pursuant to this chapter is subject to the initiation of an audit by the Controller no later than three years after the date that the actual reimbursement claim is filed or last amended, whichever is later. However, if no funds are appropriated or no payment is made to a claimant for the program for the fiscal year for which the claim is filed, the time for the Controller to initiate an audit shall commence to run from the date of initial payment of the claim. In any case, an audit shall be completed not later than two years after the date that the audit is commenced. All documents used to support the reimbursable activities, as described in Section IV, must be retained during the period subject to audit. If an audit has been initiated by the Controller during the period subject to audit, the retention period is extended until the ultimate resolution of any audit findings.

VII. OFFSETTING REVENUES AND REIMBURSEMENTS

Any offsets the claimant experiences in the same program as a result of the same statutes or executive orders found to contain the mandate shall be deducted from the costs claimed. In addition, reimbursement for this mandate from any source, including but not limited to, service fees collected, federal funds, and other state funds, shall be identified and deducted from this claim.

VIII. STATE CONTROLLER'S CLAIMING INSTRUCTIONS

Pursuant to Government Code section 17558, subdivision (b), the Controller shall issue claiming instructions for each mandate that requires state reimbursement not later than 60 days after

¹ This refers to Title 2, division 4, part 7, chapter 4 of the Government Code.

receiving the adopted parameters and guidelines from the Commission, to assist local agencies and school districts in claiming costs to be reimbursed. The claiming instructions shall be derived from the test claim decision and the parameters and guidelines adopted by the Commission.

Pursuant to Government Code section 17561, subdivision (d)(1), issuance of the claiming instructions shall constitute a notice of the right of the local agencies and school districts to file reimbursement claims, based upon parameters and guidelines adopted by the Commission.

IX. REMEDIES BEFORE THE COMMISSION

Upon request of a local agency or school district, the Commission shall review the claiming instructions issued by the State Controller or any other authorized state agency for reimbursement of mandated costs pursuant to Government Code section 17571. If the Commission determines that the claiming instructions do not conform to the parameters and guidelines, the Commission shall direct the Controller to modify the claiming instructions and the Controller shall modify the claiming instructions to conform to the parameters and guidelines as directed by the Commission.

In addition, requests may be made to amend parameters and guidelines pursuant to Government Code section 17557, subdivision (d), and California Code of Regulations, title 2, section 1183.2.

X. LEGAL AND FACTUAL BASIS FOR THE PARAMETERS AND GUIDELINES

The Statement of Decision is legally binding on all parties and provides the legal and factual basis for the parameters and guidelines. The support for the legal and factual findings is found in the administrative record for the test claim. The administrative record, including the Statement of Decision, is on file with the Commission.

Hearing: September 25, 2009 j:mandates/2002/02tc23/psgs/dsa

ITEM

PROPOSED PARAMETERS AND GUIDELINES AS MODIFIED BY STAFF DRAFT STAFF ANALYSIS

Government Code Sections 56425, Subdivision (i)(1) (formerly Subdivision (h)(1))

Statutes 2000, Chapter 761 (AB 2838)

Local Agency Formation Commissions 02-TC-23

Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District, Claimant

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This program requires certain independent special districts to file written statements specifying the functions or classes of service provided by those districts with local agency formation commissions (LAFCOs) during the following periods of time and circumstances:

- July 1, 2001 through December 31, 2001 when a LAFCO adopts or updates any sphere of influence or sphere of influence that includes a special district.
- On and after January 1, 2002 when a LAFCO adopts or updates a sphere of influence for a special district.

On September 27, 2007, the Commission on State Mandates (Commission) adopted the Statement of Decision for the *Local Agency Formation Commissions* program finding that the test claim statute constitutes a new program or higher level of service and imposes a statemandated program on certain independent special districts within the meaning of article XIII B, section 6, of the California Constitution and Government Code section 17514.

Staff reviewed the claimant's initial and revised proposed parameters and guidelines and the comments received from Department of Finance. Non-substantive, technical changes were made for purposes of clarification, consistency with language in recently adopted parameters and guidelines, and conformity to the Statement of Decision and statutory language. Staff accepted the revisions proposed by Department of Finance and agreed upon by the claimant to conform the parameters and guidelines to the statute and the Statement of Decision.

There are two activities in dispute. Claimant proposed the activity of

Gathering information from within the special district and from outside sources, as needed to prepare the written statements.

Staff deleted this activity. The special districts are required to provide limited information to LAFCOs that should be easily available to the districts. Therefore, this proposed activity goes beyond the scope of the mandate.

Claimant also proposed the activity of:

Preparing for, attending, and presenting documentation at LAFCO meetings.

Claimant states that is activity is reasonably necessary to carry out the mandate, and should be reimbursed.

Staff deleted this activity because it goes beyond the scope of the mandate. There is no evidence in the record to show that special districts are required to submit their written statements at public LAFCO meetings.

Staff Recommendation

Staff recommends that the Commission adopt the proposed parameters and guidelines, as modified by staff, beginning on page 7.

Staff also recommends that the Commission authorize staff to make any non-substantive, technical corrections to the parameters and guidelines following the hearing.

STAFF ANALYIS

Claimant

Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District

Chron	ology
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05/29/2003	Claimant files test claim with the Commission on State Mandates (Commission)
07/0720/03	Department of Finance requests extension of time to file comments on the test claim
07/08/2003	Commission staff approves extension of time to August 18, 2003, to file comments
07/18/2003	Department of Finance submits comments
09/25/2003	Claimant submits response to Department of Finance comments
06/28/2007	Commission staff issues draft staff analysis
07/24/2007	Department of Finance submits comments on draft staff analysis
07/25/2007	Claimant requests extension of time to file comments on the draft staff analysis
07/25/2007	Commission staff approves extension of time to August 9, 2007, to file comments on the draft staff analysis
08/09/2007	Claimant files comments on the draft staff analysis
09/17/2007	Commission staff issues final staff analysis
09/27/2007	Commission adopts Statement of Decision
03/20/2008	Commission staff notifies claimant that claimant's proposed parameters and guidelines were required to be submitted on November 2, 2007, and to date, no parameters and guidelines have been filed
06/25/2008	Commission staff notifies claimant that claimant's proposed parameters and guidelines have not been filed and requests claimant to advise if claim has been abandoned
08/14/2008	Claimant submits proposed parameters and guidelines
09/12/2008	Department of Finance files comments
07/20/2009	Claimant responds to Finance comments and submits revised proposed parameters and guidelines

Summary of the Mandate

This test claim addressed representation on the Sacramento County Local Agency Formation Commission ("LAFCO"), changes to funding mechanisms for LAFCOs with independent special district representation, and modifications to the process for LAFCOs to adopt and update the "sphere of influence" for each local government agency within a county.

On September 27, 2007, the Commission on State Mandates (Commission) adopted the Statement of Decision for the Local Agency Formation Commissions program (02-TC-23). The Commission found that the test claim statute constitutes a new program or higher level of service and imposes a state-mandated program on certain independent special districts within the

¹ "Sphere of influence" means a plan for the probable physical boundaries and service area of a local agency, as determined by the LAFCO. (Gov. Code § 56076.)

² Exhibit A.

meaning of article XIII B, section 6, of the California Constitution and Government Code section 17514 for the following activities:

Requiring independent special districts to file written statements with the LAFCO specifying the functions or classes of service provided by those districts, for the following time periods and types of spheres of influence:

- July 1, 2001 through December 31, 2001 when a LAFCO adopts or updates any sphere of influence or sphere of influence that includes a special district.
- On and after January 1, 2002 when a LAFCO adopts or updates a sphere of influence for a special district.

The Commission also found that only those independent special districts that are subject to the tax and spend limitations of article XIII A and article XIII B are eligible claimants.

The Commission concluded that Government Code section 56001 declares legislative findings and is helpful to interpret the test claim statutes, but does not mandate any activities. The Commission further concluded that Government Code sections 56326.5, 56381, 56381.6, 56425 (except subdivision (h)(1), subsequently renumbered to subdivision (i)(1)), 56426.5, and 56430, and the Municipal Service Review Guidelines and Appendices developed by OPR, as pled, along with any other test claim statutes, alleged executive orders, guidelines and allegations not specifically approved above, do not mandate a new program or higher level of service subject to article XIII B, section 6.

Discussion

Claimant submitted the proposed parameters and guidelines on July 20, 2009.³ On September 12, 2008, Department of Finance submitted comments on the claimant's proposed parameters and guidelines.⁴ On July 20, 2009, claimant responded to Finance's comments, and submitted revised proposed parameters and guidelines.⁵ Staff reviewed the claimant's initial and revised proposed parameters and guidelines and the comments received. Non-substantive, technical changes were made for purposes of clarification, consistency with language in recently adopted parameters and guidelines, and conformity to the Statement of Decision and statutory language.

Substantive changes were made to the following sections of the claimant's revised proposed parameters and guidelines.

II. Eligible Claimants Were Modified to Clarify that LAFCOs are Not Eligible Claimants

The Commission found that independent special districts participating in a LAFCO and which are subject to the tax and spend limitations of articles XIII A and XIII B of the California Constitution, and not LAFCOs, are eligible claimants. Therefore, staff clarified that LAFCOs are not eligible claimants.

III. Period of Reimbursement Was Modified to Add One Year

Government Code section 17557, subdivision (e), states that a test claim shall be submitted on or before June 30 following a given fiscal year to establish eligibility for that fiscal year. This test claim was file on May 29, 2003, establishing reimbursement for the 2001-2002 fiscal year.

³ Exhibit B.

⁴ Exhibit C.

⁵ Exhibit D.

The proposed parameters and guidelines state that reimbursement begins on July 1, 2002. Staff corrected this sentence to clarify that reimbursement begins on July 1, 2001.

Estimated Claims

Prior to 2008, claimants were authorized to file estimated reimbursement claims for the current fiscal year. In 2008, ABX3 8 (Stats. 2008, ch. 6) repealed the authority for claimants to file and be paid for estimated reimbursement claims. Therefore, staff removed any references to estimated reimbursement claims from this section of the proposed parameters and guidelines.

IV. Reimbursable Activities Were Narrowed

The claimants originally proposed the following reimbursable activities:

For written statements to the LAFCO, when required by the LAFCO, specifying the functions or classes of service provided by the district, for the following time periods and types of spheres of influence:

- July 1, 2001 through December 31, 2001 when a LAFCO adopts or updates any sphere of influence or sphere of influence that includes a special district.
- On and after January 1, 2002 when a LAFCO adopts or updates a sphere of influence for a special district:
 - 1. Gather information from within the special district and from outside sources, as needed.
 - 2. Draft statements and/or spheres of influence, including but not limited to, the initial draft, reviews and revisions as needed.
 - 3. File documentation with the LAFCO.
 - 4. Prepare for, attend, and present documentation at LAFCO meeting.

(Government Code section 56425, subdivision (h)(1) (subsequently renumbered to subdivision (i)(1).)

Department of Finance commented that the language should be narrowed to clarify that gathering information, drafting statements, and filing documentation is limited to written statements. Finance also recommended that the term "spheres of influence," and the activity of preparing for, attending, and presenting documentation at LAFCO meetings, be deleted since there is no statutory requirement to carry out these activities. ⁶

In its response to Finance's comments, the claimant agreed that the language should be narrowed to clarify that the activities are limited to the approved activity of submitting written statements to the LAFCO. Therefore, the claimant submitted revised proposed parameters and guidelines that included Finance's suggested language as follows:

- 1. Gather information from within the special district and from outside sources, as needed to prepare the written statements.
- 2. Draft <u>written</u> statements and/or spheres of influence, including but not limited to, the initial draft, reviews and revisions as needed.
- 3. File written statements documentation with the LAFCO.

⁶ Exhibit C.

4. Prepare for, attend, and present <u>written statements documentation</u> at LAFCO meeting.

However, the claimant disagrees that the activity of preparing for, attending, and presenting written statements at LAFCO meetings should be deleted. The claimant states that the Commission's regulations (2 CCR, § 1183.1, subd. (a)(4)) authorize reimbursement for activities not found in statute, but reasonably necessary to carry out the mandate. The claimant argues that presenting written statements at a LAFCO meeting is necessary to carry out the mandated program. Claimant states that LAFCOs operate in a manner similar to boards of supervisors, city councils, and the Commission itself, in that the submitted written statements are submitted and discussed at LAFCO hearings. Claimant also submits evidence in the record that there is no requirement for district representatives to submit written statements at LAFCO public meetings. However, LAFCOs encourage attendance and that such attendance because it assists LAFCOs in their decision-making process. Therefore, claimant concludes that the activity of preparing for, attending, and presenting written statements at LAFCO meetings should be reimbursed. ⁷

Activities 2 and 3

Staff amended activity 2 and 3, as proposed by Finance and supported by the claimant, to clarify that drafting and filing only pertains to the written statements approved in the Statement of Decision. Staff deleted the term "spheres of influence," as recommended by Finance and the claimant, because it goes beyond the scope of the mandate. LAFCOs conduct the sphere of influence; not special districts.

Activities 1 and 4

Staff deleted activity 1. The special districts are required to provide limited information to LAFCOs that should be easily available to the districts. Therefore, this proposed activity goes beyond the scope of the mandate.

Staff also deleted activity 4 because it goes beyond the scope of the mandate. There is no evidence in the record to show that special districts are required to submit their written statements at public LAFCO meetings.

Staff Recommendation

Staff recommends that the Commission adopt the proposed parameters and guidelines, as modified by staff, beginning on page 7.

Staff also recommends that the Commission authorize staff to make any non-substantive, technical corrections to the parameters and guidelines following the hearing.

⁷ Exhibit D.

CLAIMANT'S REVISED PROPOSED PARAMETERS AND GUIDELINES AS MODIFIED BY STAFF

Government Code Sections 56001, 56326.5, 56381, 56381.6, 56425, Subdivision (i)(1) (formerly Subdivision (h)(1)) and 56430

Chapter 439, Statutes of 1991
Chapter 761, Statutes of 2000
Chapter 493, Statutes of 2002
LAFCO Municipal Services Review Guidelines
LAFCO Municipal Services Review Guidelines Appendices

Local Agency Formation Commissions

02-TC-23

Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District, Claimant

I. SUMMARY OF THE MANDATE

On September 27, 2007, the Commission on State Mandates (Commission) adopted a Statement of Decision finding that the test claim legislation imposes a partially reimbursable statemandated program upon certain independent special districts within the meaning of article XIII B, section 6 of the California Constitution and Government Code section 17514. Specifically, the Commission found that only one statutory provision, Government Code section 56425, subdivision (h) (subsequently renumbered to subdivision (i)(1)),— constitutes a state-mandated "new program or higher level of service" in an existing program. As the claimant is an independent special district, Tthe findings of for this test claim apply to independent special districts only and not LAFCOs or other local government agencies. Furthermore, only independent special districts—that are subject to the tax and spend limitations of articles XIII A and XIII B of the California Constitution—are eligible claimants. Local agency formation commissions (LAFCOs) are not eligible claimants. All other activities claimed for sphere of influence reviews or municipal service reviews are either required of the LAFCO and not special districts, or the activities are not mandated since the Municipal Service Review Guidelines and Appendices do not constitute executive orders.

The Commission approved this test claim for the following reimbursable activities:

Filing written statements with the LAFCO specifying the functions or classes of service provided by independent special districts, for the following time periods and types of spheres of influence:

- July 1, 2001 through December 31, 2001 when a LAFCO adopts or updates any sphere of influence or sphere of influence that includes a special district.
- On and after January 1, 2002 when a LAFCO adopts or updates a sphere of influence for a special district.

II. ELIGIBLE CLAIMANTS

Any independent special district participating in the LAFCO which is subject to the tax and spend limitations of articles XIII A and XIII B of the California Constitution and that incurs increased costs as a result of this reimbursable state-mandated program is eligible to claim reimbursement of those costs. -LAFCOs are not eligible claimants.

III. PERIOD OF REIMBURSEMENT

Government Code section 17557, subdivision (e), states that a test claim shall be submitted on or before June 30 following a given fiscal year to establish eligibility for that fiscal year. The Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District filed the test claim on May 29, 2003, establishing eligibility for reimbursement for fiscal year 2001-2002. Therefore, costs incurred pursuant to Government Code section 56425, subdivision (h) are reimbursable on or after July 1, 2001 2002.

Actual costs for one fiscal year shall be included in each claim. Estimated costs of the subsequent year may be included on the same claim, if applicable. Pursuant to Government Code section 17561, subdivision (d)(1)(A), all claims for reimbursement of initial fiscal year costs shall be submitted to the State Controller within 120 days of the issuance date for the claiming instructions.

If the total costs for a given fiscal year do not exceed \$1,000, no reimbursement shall be allowed except as otherwise allowed by Government Code section 17564.

IV. REIMBURSABLE ACTIVITIES

To be eligible for mandated cost reimbursement for any fiscal year, only actual costs may be claimed. Actual costs are those costs actually incurred to implement the mandated activities. Actual costs must be traceable and supported by source documents that show the validity of such costs, when they were incurred, and their relationship to the reimbursable activities. A source document is a document created at or near the same time the actual cost was incurred for the event or activity in question. Source documents may include, but are not limited to, employee time records or time logs, sign-in sheets, invoices, and receipts.

Evidence corroborating the source documents may include, but is not limited to, worksheets, cost allocation reports (system generated), purchase orders, contracts, agendas, training packets, and declarations. Declarations must include a certification or declaration stating, "I certify (or declare) under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct," and must further comply with the requirements of Code of Civil Procedure section 2015.5. Evidence corroborating the source documents may include data relevant to the reimbursable activities otherwise in compliance with local, state, and federal government requirements. However, corroborating documents cannot be substituted for source documents.

The claimant is only allowed to claim and be reimbursed for increased costs for reimbursable activities identified below. Increased cost is limited to the cost of an activity that the claimant is required to incur as a result of the mandate.

For each eligible claimant, the following activities are reimbursable:

A. On-going Activities:

<u>Submitting For-written</u> statements to the LAFCO, when required by the LAFCO, specifying the functions or classes of service provided by the district, for the following time periods and types of spheres of influence:

- July 1, 2001 through December 31, 2001 when a LAFCO adopts or updates any sphere of influence or sphere of influence that includes a special district.
- On and after January 1, 2002 when a LAFCO adopts or updates a sphere of influence for a special district:
 - 1. Gather information from within the special district and from outside sources, as needed.
 - 12. Draft written statements, including but not limited to, the initial draft, reviews and revisions as needed.
 - 23. File written statements with the LAFCO.
 - 4. Prepare for, attend, and present documentation at LAFCO meeting.

(Government Code section 56425, subdivision (h)(1) (subsequently renumbered to subdivision (i)(1).)

V. CLAIM PREPARATION AND SUBMISSION

Each of the following cost elements must be identified for each reimbursable activity identified in Section IV, Reimbursable Activities, of this document. Each claimed reimbursable cost must be supported by source documentation as described in Section IV. Additionally, each reimbursement claim must be filed in a timely manner.

A. Direct Cost Reporting

Direct costs are those costs incurred specifically for the reimbursable activities. The following direct costs are eligible for reimbursement.

1. Salaries and Benefits

Report each employee implementing the reimbursable activities by name, job classification, and productive hourly rate (total wages and related benefits divided by productive hours). Describe the specific reimbursable activities performed and the hours devoted to each reimbursable activity performed.

2. Materials and Supplies

Report the cost of materials and supplies that have been consumed or expended for the purpose of the reimbursable activities. Purchases shall be claimed at the actual price

after deducting discounts, rebates, and allowances received by the claimant. Supplies that are withdrawn from inventory shall be charged on an appropriate and recognized method of costing, consistently applied.

3. Contracted Services

Report the name of the contractor and services performed to implement the reimbursable activities. If the contractor bills for time and materials, report the number of hours spent on the activities and all costs charged. If the contract is a fixed price, report the services that were performed during the period covered by the reimbursement claim. If the contract services are also used for purposes other than the reimbursable activities, only the pro-rata portion of the services used to implement the reimbursable activities can be claimed. Submit contract consultant and attorney invoices with the claim and a description of the contract scope of services.

4. Fixed Assets and Equipment

Report the purchase price paid for fixed assets and equipment (including computers) necessary to implement the reimbursable activities. The purchase price includes taxes, delivery costs, and installation costs. If the fixed asset or equipment is also used for purposes other than the reimbursable activities, only the pro-rata portion of the purchase price used to implement the reimbursable activities can be claimed.

5. Travel

Report the name of the employee traveling for the purpose of the reimbursable activities. Include the date of travel, destination point, the specific reimbursable activity requiring travel, and related travel expenses reimbursed to the employee in compliance with the rules of the local jurisdiction. Report employee travel time according to the rules of cost element A.1., Salaries and Benefits, for each applicable reimbursable activity.

B. Indirect Cost Rates

Indirect costs are costs that are incurred for a common or joint purpose, benefiting more than one program, and are not directly assignable to a particular department or program without efforts disproportionate to the result achieved. Indirect costs may include both (1) overhead costs of the unit performing the mandate; and (2) the costs of the central government services distributed to the other departments based on a systematic and rational basis through a cost allocation plan.

Compensation for indirect costs is eligible for reimbursement utilizing the procedure provided in the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-87. Claimants have the option of using 10% of direct labor, excluding fringe benefits, or preparing an Indirect Cost Rate Proposal (ICRP) if the indirect cost rate claimed exceeds 10%.

If the claimant chooses to prepare an ICRP, both the direct costs (as defined and described in OMB Circular A-87 Attachments A and B) and the indirect costs shall exclude capital expenditures and unallowable costs (as defined and described in OMB Circular A-87 Attachments A and B). However, unallowable costs must be included in the direct costs if they represent activities to which indirect costs are properly allocable.

The distribution base may be (1) total direct costs (excluding capital expenditures and other distorting items, such as pass-through funds, major subcontracts, etc.), (2) direct salaries and wages, or (3) another base which results in an equitable distribution.

In calculating an ICRP, the claimant shall have the choice of one of the following methodologies:

- 1. The allocation of allowable indirect costs (as defined and described in OMB Circular A-87 Attachments A and B) shall be accomplished by (1) classifying a department's total costs for the base period as either direct or indirect, and (2) dividing the total allowable indirect costs (net of applicable credits) by an equitable distribution base. The result of this process is an indirect cost rate which is used to distribute indirect costs to mandates. The rate should be expressed as a percentage which the total amount allowable indirect costs bears to the base selected; or
- 2. The allocation of allowable indirect costs (as defined and described in OMB Circular A-87 Attachments A and B) shall be accomplished by (1) separating a department into groups, such as divisions or sections, and then classifying the division's or section's total costs for the base period as either direct or indirect, and (2) dividing the total allowable indirect costs (net of applicable credits) by an equitable distribution base. The result of this process is an indirect cost rate that is used to distribute indirect costs to mandates. The rate should be expressed as a percentage which the total amount allowable indirect costs bears to the base selected.

VI. RECORD RETENTION

Pursuant to Government Code section 17558.5, subdivision (a), a reimbursement claim for actual costs filed by a local agency or school district pursuant to this chapter¹ is subject to the initiation of an audit by the Controller no later than three years after the date that the actual reimbursement claim is filed or last amended, whichever is later. However, if no funds are appropriated or no payment is made to a claimant for the program for the fiscal year for which the claim is filed, the time for the Controller to initiate an audit shall commence to run from the date of initial payment of the claim. In any case, an audit shall be completed not later than two years after the date that the audit is commenced. All documents used to support the reimbursable activities, as described in Section IV, must be retained during the period subject to audit. If an audit has been initiated by the Controller during the period subject to audit, the retention period is extended until the ultimate resolution of any audit findings.

VII. OFFSETTING REVENUES AND REIMBURSEMENTS

Any offsets the claimant experiences in the same program as a result of the same statutes or executive orders found to contain the mandate shall be deducted from the costs claimed. In addition, reimbursement for this mandate from any source, including but not limited to, service fees collected, federal funds, and other state funds, shall be identified and deducted from this claim.

VIII. STATE CONTROLLER'S CLAIMING INSTRUCTIONS

Pursuant to Government Code section 17558, subdivision (b), the Controller shall issue claiming instructions for each mandate that requires state reimbursement not later than 60 days after receiving the adopted parameters and guidelines from the Commission, to assist local agencies and school districts in claiming costs to be reimbursed. The claiming instructions shall be

¹ This refers to Title 2, division 4, part 7, chapter 4 of the Government Code.

derived from the test claim decision and the parameters and guidelines adopted by the Commission.

Pursuant to Government Code section 17561, subdivision (d)(1), issuance of the claiming instructions shall constitute a notice of the right of the local agencies and school districts to file reimbursement claims, based upon parameters and guidelines adopted by the Commission.

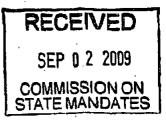
IX. REMEDIES BEFORE THE COMMISSION

Upon request of a local agency or school district, the Commission shall review the claiming instructions issued by the State Controller or any other authorized state agency for reimbursement of mandated costs pursuant to Government Code section 17571. If the Commission determines that the claiming instructions do not conform to the parameters and guidelines, the Commission shall direct the Controller to modify the claiming instructions and the Controller shall modify the claiming instructions to conform to the parameters and guidelines as directed by the Commission.

In addition, requests may be made to amend parameters and guidelines pursuant to Government Code section 17557, subdivision (d), and California Code of Regulations, title 2, section 1183.2.

X. LEGAL AND FACTUAL BASIS FOR THE PARAMETERS AND GUIDELINES

The Statement of Decision is legally binding on all parties and provides the legal and factual basis for the parameters and guidelines. The support for the legal and factual findings is found in the administrative record for the test claim. The administrative record, including the Statement of Decision, is on file with the Commission.



RESPONSE TO DRAFT STAFF ANALYSIS ON PROPOSED PARAMETERS AND GUIDELINES

Government Code Section 56425, subdivision (i)(1) (formerly subd. (h) (1)

Statutes 2000, Chapter 761 (AB 2838)

Local Agency Formation Commissions

02-TC-23

Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District, Claimant

Test claimant Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District (hereinafter "District") submits the following in response to the Draft Staff Analysis issued August 12, 2009. Commission Staff recommends adoption of only two of the four proposed reimbursable activities.

Staff deleted the activity of gather information from within the special district and from outside sources, as needed to prepare the written statements on the ground that the limited information "should be easily available" so the "activity goes beyond the scope of the mandate." Staff also deleted the activity of prepare for, attend, and present written statements at LAFCO meeting on the ground that "it goes beyond the scope of the mandate" since there is no evidence "that special districts are required to submit their written statements at public LAFCO meetings."

Both stated grounds turn on the issues of the scope and requirements of the mandate statute. The statute admittedly does not address the preparation for the drafting of the required written statement nor does it require attendance at the LAFCO hearing. These points, however, are moot as activities outside the scope or not required are no bar to their consideration at the parameters and guidelines stage of the proceedings. As stated in regulation, in pertinent part:

- (a) The parameters and guidelines shall describe the claimable reimbursable costs and contain the following information:
- (4) Reimbursable Activities. A description of the specific costs and types of costs that are reimbursable, including one-time costs and on-going costs, and a description of the most reasonable methods of complying with the mandate. "The most reasonable methods of complying with the mandate" are those methods not specified in statute or executive order that are necessary to carry out the mandated program. (2 CCR § 1183.1, subd. (a)(4).) (Emphasis added.)

Thus, inclusion of activities beyond those mandated is envisioned in and supported by the regulations and the resulting discussion should be in terms of necessity and reasonableness.

1. Gather information from within the special district and from outside sources, as needed to prepare the written statements

Staff concludes, with little discussion, that the limited information that special district's need for their written statements "should be easily available" so the "activity goes beyond the scope of the mandate." As noted above, whether something is beyond the scope of the mandate is not relevant at this stage of the proceeding.

The issue before us is whether gathering information before drafting a required written statement is the most reasonable method for complying with the statute such that it is necessary to carry out the mandated program. Test Claimant answers this question in the affirmative.

Few, if any, of us can say that we could, without gathering any information, draft a written statement concerning our respective businesses or departments. Even if one can name all the services their business or department provides without assistance, there remain questions about what was filed before, what do other districts file, who drafted the prior document, the format of the document, or the method of filing. This information is not only necessary to the drafting and filing of the written statement, it is also the most reasonable method of compliance as it allows for accurate drafting and the mere updating of any prior statement. Thus time spent gathering information can yield time saving in the process of drafting that statement.

2. Prepare for, attend, and present written statements at LAFCO meeting

Staff concludes that preparing and attending the LAFCO meeting where the LAFCO is considering the district's written statements is not reimbursable since "it goes beyond the scope of the mandate" as there is no evidence "that special districts are required to submit their written statements at public LAFCO meetings." Whether something is required as part of the mandate is the issue at the initial hearing. Since this portion of the LAFCO

test claim has already been found by this Commission to be a state mandate, as stated above, discussion of requirements is not relevant at this stage of the proceeding.

The issue before us is whether preparing for and attending the LAFCO meeting where the statements are to be considered is the most reasonable method for complying with the statute such that it is necessary to carry out the mandated program. Test Claimant answers this question in the affirmative.

As Test Claimant has already stated and supported in the record, LAFCOs operate in a manner similar to Boards of Supervisors, City Councils, and even this Commission, in that the discussion of matters on the agenda with representatives before a final decision is reached is usual and customary. In looking at whether attendance at meetings is "necessary to carry out the mandate program", the analysis takes us to the sine qua non of the mandate: communication with the LAFCO so it can carry out its responsibilities in compliance with law.

Government Code section 56425, subdivision (a) states:

In order to carry out its purposes and responsibilities for planning and shaping the logical and orderly development and coordination of local governmental agencies so as to advantageously provide for the present and future needs of the county and its communities, the commission shall develop and determine the sphere of influence of each local governmental agency within the county and enact policies designed to promote the logical and orderly development of areas within the sphere.

To further this purpose, the mandate legislation, Government Code section 56425, subdivision (h)(1) (subsequently renumbered to subdivision (i)(1)) "requires independent special districts to file written statements with the LAFCO, specifying the functions or classes of service provided by those districts ... when a LAFCO adopts or updates a sphere of influence for a special district...." This Commission found that this activity is a reimbursable state mandate. Filing statements is a method by which agencies communicate with their LAFCO. This communication requires the preparation of the statements to be filed, the drafting and filing of statements and, to bring the matter to its natural close, the appearance at the public meeting where those written statements are discussed and reviewed by the LAFCO. Since these discussions can raise questions, delineate unforeseen issues and lead the LAFCO in new directions, written statements alone are not always sufficient for the LAFCO to complete its business.

Conclusion:

Staff applied the wrong standard of proof and then concluded in error that two activities should be deleted. As based upon the argument, supra, the District requests that the Commission reinstate the two adopting the activities as set forth in the Claimant's Revised Parameters and Guidelines.

CERTIFICATION

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the statements made in this document are true and correct, except as to those matters stated upon information and belief and as to those matters, I believe them to be true.

Executed this 1st day of September, 2009, at Sacramento, California, by:

Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District

h Chavey, General Course

PROOF OF SERVICE BY MAIL

I, the undersigned, declare as follows:

I am a resident of the County of Sacramento, and I am over the age of 18 years and not a party to the within action. My place of employment is 3130 Kilgore Road, Suite 400, Rancho Cordova, CA 95670.

On September 3, 2009, I served:

RESPONSE TO DRAFT STAFF ANALYSIS ON PROPOSED PARAMETERS AND GUIDELINES

Government Code Section 56425, subdivision (i)(1) (formerly subd. (h) (1)

Statutes 2000, Chapter 761 (AB 2838)

Local Agency Formation Commissions

02-TC-23

Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District, Claimant

by placing a true copy thereof in an envelope addressed to each of the persons listed on the mailing list attached hereto, and by sealing and depositing said envelope in the United States mail at Rancho Cordova, California, with postage thereon fully prepaid.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct, and that this declaration was executed this 3rd day of September, 2009, at Rancho Cordova, California.

Declarant

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